SPRING
ercoats.
Wale, silk-lined to edge, nd $35; merchant tailors' $45 and $50. No Ready- oats like them to be found pther clothing house in this
many very attractive styles steds, Tweeds, Meltons, Ker- rench, English and Scotch eres, with and without silk Prices from $10 to $35.
EY & CO., ner Broadway and Pine.
Styles AR
SE STORE★ 608 OLIVE ST.

mark that it would be impossible to ch party, the Socialists or their op- would be victorious in the struggles ture.
Woodruff, a lawyer of Detroit, Mich., ember of the Fourth Street Presbyte- urch, persecuted Miss Jessie Walker poonery expressions of affection. e trustees had to deny him admission urch.
deal of excitement has been caused n by the suspension by the Governor erican newspaper, the Star and Her- ause it refused to publish certain cor- ence sent in by the Governor, Gen. omingo.
Justis, Trustee of Granger County, aving $3,000 of public funds in his entered his own house to rob himself, the disguise of a negro, and was an Irish peddler who was lodging r the night.
Leslie and Thomas Green, two United spectors of Customs on the Mexican , were attacked by Mexicans when on ndary looking for smugglers. They , but wounded several Mexicans who d them over the line.
y Marshal Erwin at Webbers Falls, I. tured a band of desperadoes and whisky es. "Judge" Shank escaped, was pur- and being thrown by his horse hit his ainst a tree, stunning him. Erwin re- for a conveyance, thinking Shank dead, rning failed to find the body. Shank sequently captured.
day's debate in the Reichstag, Bis- when accused of meditating a coup angrily arose, and though spurning sation, suggestively said that certain rns, seeing how their Parliaments dis- them, might seek to re-acquire their rogatives. This is supposed to fore- changes in the constitution.
nces were pronounced in the United District Court at Sioux City, Io., on e, the murderer of N. J. Johnson, y Nellie Frazier, larceny, eighteen Jule E. Boogs, alias C. Gunderson, and passing forged instruments, ten H. B. Wilson, larceny, one year; F. D. 10 years old, forgery, one year in the ial School.
roi, Belgium, the center of the strike, possession of a wild mob all day Sat- Toward evening the troops massed in ter of the city. The mob fiercely as- hem and were met by a fearful volley, tilled twenty of the strikers and d scores. Among the buildings burned mob was the Convent of Solelilment. was at last declared in a state of siege. s, the capital, was paraded all day by of roughs, who broke windows and as- itizens.
e Consumptive.—Let those who lan- nder the fatal severity of our climate any pulmonary complaint, or even ho are in decided Consumption by no despair. There is a safe and sure at hand and one easily tried. "*Wilbor's nd of Cod Liver Oil and Lime*," without ing the very nauseating flavor of the heretofore used, is endowed by the ate of Lime with a healing property renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Re- ble testimonials of its efficacy can be Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Bos- d all druggists.
BIG SCARE IN A CHURCH.
Into Marriage—Alms-House Burned —Sunday Laws—Illinois Items.
AGO, March 29.—The Protestant pastors city in interviews yesterday expressed ives in favor of the eight-hour law.
Dr. Kittridge of the Third Presby- Church was preaching yesterday he had to say that the city was in danger of sts. Just then steam began issue pipes back of the pulpit, and the ex- congregation, imagining dyna- bombs, made a rush for doors, but were finally quieted. nes announced yesterday that he had up the use of tobacco entirely, and e made the announcement the church with applause. Mrs. Theresa Dudley Barrett, aged 20, sued for divorce Sat- from her husband, Wm. Barrett, a an aged 20. She claims she was mar- at the point of a revolver, and as she allowed the marriage to be consum- he wants dissolution of the ties.
TA, March 29.—The alms-house was down yesterday. Loss, $4,000.
MALIA, March 29.—The pastors here the Sunday laws the subject for their ns yesterday.
OOK, March 29.—Judge J. M. Hall, a lead- mocratic politician of this region, died day, aged 77.
, March 29.—The Citizens' League which en fighting against municipal extrava- has at last secured the indictment of Johns and Alderman Johnson for exorbitant contracts for city lumber e.
GO, March 29.—The Democracy here is open by the fight over the Post-office, n W. A. Murphy and Andrew F. Fay.
A, March 29.—Nine buildings went up ke Saturday morning. Loss, $30,000.
GTON, March 29.—The grocery of C. win was destroyed by fire yesterday. ton, March 29.—Dogs are doing great to sheep hereabouts. The other A. H. James, near Farmer City, lost 200 of sheep in one night.
PON, March 29.—The only son of Geo. r shot and killed himself at Sparta. icide was only 17 years old.
NFIELD, March 29.—Harry Caruthers, gunsmith, got into a fight with W. , colored, and his two sons, and was ly gashed with razors. Caruthers will
OLN, March 29.—Hon. B. H. Hampton of the Bystander, died here Saturday.
STATE CHEMIST WILLIAMS of Delaware ed Star Cough Cure is a great discovery.

MORE READERS Every Day in the City Than Any Two Competitors.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

ALL THE WORLD'S NEWS ONE DAY AHEAD

VOL. XXXVI. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1886. NO. 234.

Nugents
GRAND
MILLINERY OPENING
To-Morrow and Next Day!
(Wednesday and Thursday, March 31 and April 1.)
All the New Spring Styles
WILL BE ON EXHIBITION.
Our Millinery Department has been reorganized, and is now under the management of Mr. HARRY EDGECOMBE, of London, England, and just recently from Messrs. LORD & TAYLOR, New York, assisted by a corps of Artistic Trimmers, engaged this season from the leading New York Millinery Houses.
We Promise Our Friends a Display Well Worthy Their Attention.
B. NUGENT & BRO., 815, 817, 819, 821 North Broadway, Between Franklin Avenue and Union Market.

AN "OLD RESIDENT."

John Kline, 2822 South Broadway.
Mr. Kline, an old and well-known citizen of the South End, said to a reporter: "Six months ago I was stricken with a severe case of catarrh, which I think had been slowly coming on for years. My head became a nuisance. It was eternally stopped up. Phlegm would rise in my throat and cause me to hawk and spit continually. I had an oppressed feeling on my chest and sort of a scratching sensation back in the throat and along my breastbone. I did not know what a night of rest was. I had trouble in hearing and could not breath without great difficulty. A young man who had been in the same fix but a short time before advised me to go to Dr. McCoy. He had tried several physicians without avail, but Dr. McCoy had cured him. I went to Dr. McCoy and placed myself under his charge. In a few weeks I began to improve and I am now completely restored to health."
DOCTOR
J. CRESAP McCOY,
Late of Bellevue Hospital, New York,
HAS OFFICES AT
1516 LUCAS PLACE, ST. LOUIS
Treats with equal success all curable cases, caring deformities generally considered incurable. Medical diseases treated successfully. Consumption, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, and all NERVOUS DISEASES. All diseases peculiar to the sexes a specialty. CATARRH CURED. Consultation at office or by mail, $1.00. OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 6 to 8 p. m. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cts. in stamps.
RABOTEAU & CO.
THE PIONEER of LOW PRICES
IN DRUGS AND PERFUMERIES,
714 N. Broadway,
Opposite Union Market.
Newland's College of Midwifery
—AND—
LYING-IN INSTITUTE.
This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a Lying-in Institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September each year.
Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated. DR. E. NEWLAND, 1205 Chouteau avenue.
Drugs, Patent Medicines, etc.,
10 to 20 Per Cent Less
Than at any other place in the city.
ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,
Southwest Corner
Sixth and Market Sts.
A. J. JORDAN
FINE
CUTLERY.
612 WASHINGTON AVENUE.
THE ONLY McNICHOLS!
The Only House in St. Louis where You Can Purchase on
INSTALLMENTS, for CASH PRICES
STOVES, FURNITURE, CARPETS!
OR ANYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING. 1024 MARKET STREET.
CHARTER OAK RANGES
SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST TO EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO., ST. LOUIS.
OPINION OF AN EXPERT.
Mrs. Mary B. Welch, Teacher of Domestic Economy at State University of Iowa.
"My deliberate judgment is that the oven of the Range, as compared with others is not only more equally heated in every part—front as well as rear—but as a result of its superior ventilation the food placed therein is better cooked, while retaining a sweeter flavor, and a larger proportion of its best juices. I have found, also, that the consumption of fuel in this Range for a given amount of work, is much less than any other."
MRS. MARY B. WELCH.
Alexander's Drug Store,
N. W. Corner Broadway (Fifth) and Olive Sts.
ALEXANDER'S Medical Preparations are unrivaled.
ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE and PEPSIN, a Nutritive Tonic. Valuable in cases of Dyspepsia, Nervous Depression and Loss of Appetite.
ALEXANDER'S COUGH MIXTURE, successful for 25 years.
ALEXANDER'S BALSAMIC CREAM, an elegant preparation for the face and hands, making them smooth and soft.
ALEXANDER'S CORN REMOVER does remove Corns.
PERFUMERY and FANCY TOILET ARTICLES.
Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries, under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.
Stock Complete
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.
Washington Avenue and Fifth Street.

LATEST EDITION.

IN SESSION ALL DAY.

The New York Conference Not Yet at an End.

Probability that Militia Will Be Ordered to East St. Louis.

Mayor Francis and Chief Harrigan Discuss the Strike—Transfer Teamsters Refuse to Work Under the Protection of United States Marshals—The Situation Serious Over the River—Some Trouble Reported from Kansas City—News from Points Along the Gould System.

The best news for the city to-day is the determination of the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain officials to receive freight as usual and the merchants have taken prompt advantage of this opportunity to ship for the first time since the 6th of the present month.

In East St. Louis the situation is more critical than it has been since the switchmen went out. The only road which is operating at all is the Wabash, which sent out three trains under protection of the United States Marshals. The employes of the transfer company refused to work in East St. Louis simply as a matter of precaution for their own safety. No road except the Wabash has been able to make headway against the crowds and Sheriff Ropiequet telegraphed Gov. Oglesby that he was powerless to do anything; that the men have no respect for the authorities of the State of Illinois and that there are 1,500 men who have determined not to allow a single train to leave East St. Louis.

A delegation of railroad officials headed by Mr. Parker of the Cairo Short, Line and Mr. Tansey of the Transfer Company, went to Springfield last night and laid the situation before Gov. Oglesby, telling him that they were powerless. Gov. Oglesby has taken no action as yet but the militia company at Decatur received a telegram from Adjutant-General Vance, ordering them to hold themselves in readiness to go to East St. Louis when called upon.

The negotiations between General Master Workman Powderly and the managers of the Gould system are in progress. Mr. Powderly, with the other members of the Executive Board of the K. of L. went to the office of Mr. Gould and there met Jay Gould, George Gould, Sidney Dillon, Russell Sage and Vice-President Hopkins for a conference.

Vice-President Hoxie was in communication with the gentlemen in conference, and took an active part in the discussion. Later, Sidney Dillon and Russell Sage joined the conference which adjourned at 5 o'clock with the result in such a crude and unfinished state that it was decided not to make public the proceedings. It was stated that the discussion was confined to the principle of arbitration.

The most sta ti ng information received comes from Kansas City, where intense excitement prevails, caused by the shooting of a man who retisted the officers of the law. A train which left on the Missouri Pacific this morning at this point without interruption was ditched in the suburbs and was wrecked. In an attempt of the officers to disperse the crowd and to make arrests an officer drew his revolver and shot one man, dangerously wounding him.

The situation generally may be described as practically unchanged with the strikers waiting for the result of the conference between Mr. Powderly and the Gould officials.

DISCUSSING A SETTLEMENT.

Jay Gould and the Knights of Labor Hold a Conference.

NEW YORK, March 30, 10:30 A. M.—Mr. Gould is in his office this morning ready to meet the committee of the Knights of Labor, but notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Powderly last night asked for a conference this morning at 10 o'clock, no members of the committee have as yet appeared, nor have they sent any communication. It is thought that Mr. Powderly's illness has caused the delay, and that the committee of Knights will be on hand sometime this morning. Mr. Gould expresses himself as perfectly willing to do all he consistently can to bring about a satisfactory agreement with Mr. Powderly.

IN CONFERENCE.

11 A. M.—At this hour, Mr. Powderly, accompanied by Messrs. Turner, Baily, Hays and McDowell, walked from their hotels to Mr. Gould's office, where they met Mr. Jay Gould, George Gould and Vice-President Hopkins. They are now in conference.

THE PRINCIPLE OF ARBITRATION.

1 P. M.—The question as to the general principle of arbitration is being thoroughly discussed at the conference between Mr. Gould and the committee of the Knights of Labor today. The session began at 11 o'clock and still continues.

HOXIE TAKING PART.

Mr. Hoxie in St. Louis, is connected with the committee by a direct wire, and is taking an active part in the conference.

A FAVORABLE OUTLOOK.

A gentleman who has been in the committee room all morning, states that the outlook for an agreement as to the manner and conditions of a settlement by arbitration, is very favorable.

COVERING A WIDE FIELD.

2:45 p. m.—The conference still continues and the discussion is covering a very wide field. Congressman O'Neill's bill has received considerable attention, and General Swayne has been before the body giving his views as to its merits. Owing to the great number of matters that are being discussed, it is not likely the gentlemen in conference will be able to finish their labors to-day, but up to this time considerable progress toward an agreement has been made, and it is now thought that a decision as to whether or not the differences can be settled by arbitration will be arrived at to-day, but the details will have to be arranged to-morrow.

ADJOURNED UNTIL TO-MORROW.

3:30 P. M.—The conference just now adjourned to meet again to-morrow morning. It is stated that considerable progress has been made in the negotiations for a settlement by arbitration, but the whole matter is in such a crude state at present that no details or results of the day's labor will be made public.

REFERRED TO HOXIE.

In an interview just held with a gentleman who has been present at to-day's conference, and stands very close to Mr. Gould, it was learned that the Committee of the Knights of Labor, submitted a proposition for arbitration which has been referred to Mr. H. M. Hoxie at St. Louis. As Mr. Gould declined to act without the advice of Mr. Hoxie the meeting was adjourned to await its arrival. Should Mr. Hoxie reply this evening his views will be at once sent to Mr. Powderly and his associates, and should they so desire they are at liberty to make the matter public. Mr. Gould and Mr. Hoxie both expressed themselves as willing to receive any of their employes and to hear the grievances. These employes must, however, in each case, belong to the class making complaint. For instance, should the engineers desire to arbitrate any matter, the complaint must be presented to the company and all negotiations be carried on with engineers complaining. No questions will be asked as to whether they are Knights of Labor or not, but they must be employes of the company, and no committee will be received which contains any but employes.

GOULD FIRM.

The Attitude of the Railway Magnate Fully Explained.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 30.—General Master Workman Powderly was confined to his room in the Astor House at 10:30 o'clock this morning, though at that hour there was some hope of his being sufficiently strong to meet Jay Gould at the offices of the Missouri Pacific Company in the Western Union building. Committeemen Hayes, McDowell and Bailey were with him all the morning, but when approached by reporters refused to have anything to say on the subject of a conference, or about the conference that was to have taken place this morning at 10 o'clock, and preserved a silence that some thought was very ominous. The rumor had been given out that Jay Gould had refused absolutely to have anything further to do with any committee from the Knights; that he considered no further conference necessary until the letter he had written to Powderly, containing his dispatch to General Manager Hoxie, became so thoroughly understood that the committee would come prepared to accept its terms. But these terms to the Knights, were certainly ambiguous and they were left in a false position. It was partly for the purpose of correcting the impression thus likely to be created that Mr. Powderly wrote his letter to Mr. Gould last night. To settle the matter your representative this morning went to Mr. Gould's office and asked to see the railroad magnate. Mr. Gould was not in. Geo. Gould was in, however, and he delegated Mr. W. B. Somerville, the press agent of the Western Union Telegraph Company, to speak for him. Mr. Somerville said that Mr. Gould considered that his letter stated his case exactly and that the papers this morning gave an eminently fair and accurate photograph of the matter as it now stands. He was very sorry that Mr. Powderly was so ill as to be unable to confer. Mr. Gould did not think that his opinion of Mr. Powderly's letter last night should be made known until he had had a chance to speak to Mr. Powderly. He had almost despaired of being able to bring about any satisfactory or tangible results by writing letters. So the rumor that he had refused to further have anything to do with the Knights' committee was untrue. Mr. Gould said that he was happy and willing at any time to meet a committee of the Knights and talk over the subject of the strike in all its phases, but he could not recede from his original position.

THE CONFERENCE.

Messrs. Powderly, Bailey, Hayes, McDowell and Secretary Turner of the Knights of Labor, and Messrs. Gould, George Gould, Vice-President Hopkins, Russell Sage and Sidney Dillon were still in session at 1:20 p. m., in the Western Union building. Sage and Dillon have joined the conference since it began, and have not been present during all of the session. It is a very long session and almost every phase of the strike has been gone over again in one way or another. E. C. Clark, on the Wabash and Pacific Railroad advisory committee, has just said (at 1:45 p. m.) that there will, in his mind, be no settlement of the difficulty to-day. Not until after one or more additional conferences have been held will any conclusion be arrived at, and even then, he says, the

TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT

are problematical. But this is only the Gould side of the case coming second-hand, as should not be taken as authoritative or in any way indicating the real condition of affairs, other than can be taken from so much as Mr. Clark is supposed to know. Sidney Dillon, later on, left the meeting, and Russell Sage sent out word that "everything is going along with the same secrecy as usual." No one of the Knights, except Mr. McDowell, has come out of the meeting, and he has returned. He would not say anything. No information has been sent out at all.

A DEAD LOCK.

Hitch in the Resolutions Between Mr. Gould and Mr. Powderly.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The hope of arbitration between Jay Gould and his striking employes was much lessened by a letter received from Jay Gould by General Master Workman Powderly yesterday afternoon. Mr. Powderly was too sick to meet Mr. Gould yesterday morning as arranged, but sent word that he would endeavor to see him at 3 p. m. Shortly before that hour Mr. Powderly received the following letter, marked "personal:"

GOULD TO POWDERLY.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, NEW YORK, March 29.—T. V. Powderly, Esq.: DEAR SIR—The papers this morning published the following: "Jay Gould has consented to our proposition for arbitration, and so telegraphed Vice-President Hoxie, Order the men to resume work at once."

(Signed) "T. V. POWDERLY, G. M. W."

They published an interview with you which leads one to think that the officers of your order in St. Louis may misconstrue your message into a consent on the part of this company to conform to the requirements contained in the letter from the Secretary of your order, dated Philadelphia, March 27, which, in my letter to you of the same date, I declined to consider.

You will remember that at our conference on Sunday, I said to you that the position of this company was unchanged in this respect, and that the whole matter was left in the hands of the First Vice-President and General Manager, with the instructions contained in my telegram to him, which was written before my interview with you and read to you at the time.

This telegram stated: "We see no objection to arbitrate any differences between the employes and the company, past or future."

While I feel confident that your understanding of this matter is the same as my own, I write you this in order that there may be no grounds for misunderstanding hereafter. Very respectfully yours,

JAY GOULD,
President Missouri Pacific Railroad Company.

The Executive Board of the Knights of Labor was in session when the letter arrived, and Mr. Powderly was still sick in bed. He was unable to answer the letter at once, but he dictated the following question to his clerk, addressing it to Mr. Gould:

POWDERLY'S QUESTION.

Mr. Powderly asks: "Do I understand you, from your personal letter of this date, that your company refuses arbitration, and must I so telegraph Martin Irons?"

Secretary Turner and Mr. McDowell of the Executive Board took the question at once to Mr. Gould's office, arriving there at 3:15 p. m. They were told that Mr. Gould had gone home. They then held a conference with Second Vice-President Hopkins of the Missouri Pacific, and at 4 p. m. they returned with Mr. Hopkins' answer to Mr. Powderly's question as follows:

THE ANSWER.

"You may say distinctly to him, 'No, we do not. He is not so to understand that letter. He is simply referred to Mr. Gould's written communication to him, which Mr. Gould is prepared to carry out in every particular.'"

POWDERLY TO GOULD.

At 7:45 p. m. yesterday Mr. Powderly sent the following letter by special messenger to Jay Gould:

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK, March 29.—Mr. Jay Gould, President Missouri Pacific Railroad Company: DEAR SIR—I regret exceedingly that my sickness today has prevented me from keeping the engagement made by my associates with you for 3 o'clock this afternoon. Our proposition that the men should return at once to work on the agreement that any complaints that they might have should be submitted to arbitration, was made in perfect good faith, and when, after the receipt by you of our letter of Saturday night, and our conference on Sunday, you made the telegraphic order to General Manager Hoxie, contained in your letter to me of the same date in which was used the following language: "We see no objection to arbitrating any differences between the employes and the company, past or future," we accepted your approval to the general principles of arbitration in equal good faith, and at once issued our order for the men to return to work. We are not particular in the adjustment of the present difficulties whether the arbitrators appointed by your company shall be named by General Manager Hoxie or yourself, or whether their number shall consist of three, five or seven. In case they consist of three, my associates have named me (if sickness prevents, one of the other members of the board will take my place). In case they consist of five, Mr. W. O. McDowell would be associated with me. In case of seven we would add a third name.

We can imagine no greater misfortune for your company than that the impression should go forth, not only to the members of our organization, but the community at large, whose interests are suffering as the result of the present condition of affairs, that a break has occurred between the interests which you represent, and which I represent, by reason of a technicality.

The gentleman who waited upon you informs me that in case I was unable to meet with you this afternoon at 3 o'clock that I was to meet you to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. I hope to be able to keep the engagement at that time. After the receipt of your personal letter to me and reading the interview with you published in the papers this evening, the following telegram was sent to each of the following gentlemen: Messrs. Daly, Irons and Hoxie, at Sedalia, St. Louis and Fort Worth:

NEW YORK, March 29.—Complications have arisen since morning as to the method of arbitration. Another conference will be held to-morrow.

T. V. POWDERLY, G. M. W.

THE FIRST FIGHT.

A Battle Between strikers and the Police at Kansas City.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 30.—Great excitement was created in the east bottoms this morning by efforts on the part of strikers to prevent the moving of a freight train on the Missouri Pacific. The train had passed east as far as the Union Depot and beyond the Grand Avenue Depot, guarded by the police, under a volley of threats by strikers, but no attempt to stop the train was made until it passed below the eastern suburbs. At that point a switch was thrown open. A crowd of strikers congregated and the train was thrown from the track and eleven cars piled up in a wreck. The police escaped from their positions in time to arrest two of the men seen at the opening of the switch. A third man, named James Noonan, resisted arrest and was fired upon by one of the police and dangerously wounded in the side. It is said that the man cannot live. The engineer and firemen escaped injury. The excitement spread to the depot, where excited crowds are discussing the affair. No effort to move cars have been made up to noon.

A CRITICAL PERIOD.

A Prominent Knight Declares that the Strike Must End at Once.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The members of the Knights of Labor in this city are guarded about talking of the trouble upon the Gould Southwest system of railroads until some definite conclusion is arrived at.

William Brown, one of the oldest and most esteemed men in the order in this vicinity, expressed himself as follows: "It is an absolute necessity that this strike should end. If it is not settled quickly there is no telling what the result will be. The laboring people are excited all over the country and uneasiness and high feeling which have existed in St. Louis and all along the striking roads must sooner or later result in a collision between the strikers and the authorities. If the train is once fired there is no telling where the trouble will end, and the riots of 1877 would be but play to the riots of 1886. Consequently, I say that neither we nor the Railroad people can afford to stand on technical points, but must come together, and by wise counsels and mutual concessions bring this thing to an end."

"Do you think there is any danger of Mr. Irons refusing to obey the orders of the Grand Master Workman and the Executive Board?"

"Not the least in the world. He would not dare to do it, even if he had the desire. He would be deposed in a moment, and if the district upheld him its charter would be taken away. We can stand kicks on small things, but in a matter like this, which affects not only the welfare of the entire order, but the whole country, we could afford no insubordination."

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Meet in Close Session To-Day—Arrival of Chairman Irons.

The Executive Committees of District Assemblies 101, 93 and 17 were in joint session at Lightstone's Hall this morning. Chairman Irons arrived from Sedalia and was with them in their deliberations. Nothing of a radical nature was done in the morning meeting which was devoted to the discussion of the new phase, the hoped-for adjustment had taken. Mr. Irons was seen but had nothing to say for the public. He thought it not improbable that the committee would determine upon some course of action during the afternoon.

Mr. Caspar Heep, who is in communication with Mr. Powderly, and who has received the telegrams from that gentleman during the absence of Chairman Irons, said that in his opinion there was an amicable settlement near at hand. Of course when the trouble seemed so nearly over yesterday, it was but natural for both the men and public to feel some impatience at the delay. Mr. Heep then read the telegram received from Mr. Powderly last night saying that complications had arisen as to the method of arbitration and that another conference was to be held to-day. In Mr. Heep's opinion—he was careful to say he was not speaking officially—to-day's meeting would lead to the desired result.

"How long do you think," the reporter asked, "it will be before this strike is solved and the men go back to work, if they win?"

"Well, perhaps a week," was the answer; "and as to winning, there is no doubt about that. The roads can run a train or two, but they haven't the force and can't get it, to run for their full traffic. The men can stand back, with their hands down, and win. I think Mr. Hoxie appreciates that fact, and, though Mr. Gould shows a disposition to quibble, Mr. Hoxie will be obliged to treat with the Knights. Now I say that, as my private opinion. It is, of course, influenced by my desire, but I don't see any other solution for the trouble."

The order issued by the Executive Committee yesterday afternoon for the men to return to work was revoked last night after the receipt of the telegram from Powderly alluding to the hitch in the negotiations between Mr. Powderly and Mr. Gould.

STILL WAITING.

At 1 o'clock the Executive Committee were still in their rooms, though not in executive session. A message of considerable length had been sent to Mr. Powderly by Mr. Irons in the forenoon. This message was in cipher and its contents could not be given, but the committee were awaiting an answer to it before taking any action. Mr. Irons said that nothing would be determined here until the result of the New York conference was known. That knowledge might come at any moment, and then, of course, the committee could act advisedly. When asked his private opinion as to the result of the trouble, Mr. Irons said that an amicable end would probably be reached in two or three days, certainly by the last of the week.

ALL QUIET AT THE SHOPS.

The Missouri Pacific Sends Out Three Freight Trains To-Day.

Affairs at the Summit avenue crossing were very quiet to-day. The usual guard of police

were on hand, but judging from the deserted appearance of the platform there was hardly any necessity for their presence. The order that no one shall be allowed on the tracks beyond the crossing approaching the shops is still rigidly enforced. In the early part of the day two freights passed up the tracks and out toward their destinations, and at noon another engine was awaiting orders at the shops. The engines that used to take out the trains were Nos. 626 and 830, with Carey and Pourcillie engineers. They were guarded each by about ten police.

The room of the District Executive Committee was filled with strikers who passed the time away chatting and amusing themselves as best they could. When asked for news, Chairman P. J. Nolan said: "We haven't got a line. We are now looking to the papers for news, instead of giving it to them."

THE IRON MOUNTAIN.

Freight Traffic Resumed in the Local Yards To-day—The Trains Handled.

The Iron Mountain yards to-day were more full of life than they have been for weeks. Four freight trains were sent out during the forenoon, two last night and two between daylight and noon. The yard force was small and made up largely of Division Superintendent Kennon and Yardmaster Lockman. There were five switching engines at work in various portions of the yard, but owing to the lack of switchmen it was impossible for them to handle all the cars in the rapid manner the same number of engines could with full crews. The rusted rails of the yard were polished a little, however. Two freight trains came in during the morning, through from Texarkana, without trouble, though they had been run very slowly. There were no strikers in the yard all morning, and but few in the neighborhood. One solitary policeman guarded the office at the foot of Leaperance street, and no other blue coats were to be seen in the yard. The few switchmen employed in the yards in addition to the two officials were said to be seceders from the striking force, as were the brakemen on the outgoing train. No trouble was experienced at any time in the yard.

The Iron Mountain is receiving freight but its agent notifies all shippers that the road does not guarantee the freight will go through to its destination.

THE WABASH.

The Situation in the Yards in North St. Louis To-Day.

The situation at the North St. Louis yards of the Wabash presented no new features today. The men "out" have nothing to say, but decline to resume work. The yard engines are kept busy moving trains about in various parts of the yards. The regular passenger and freight trains are arriving and departing on regular time without any trouble. The yard work is still handled by Assistant Yard Masters O'Brien and Brown, with the assistance of the new men as mentioned yesterday.

COAL SHORTAGE.

The supply of coal is rapidly being exhausted in North St. Louis. One or two large manufacturing establishments have already closed down owing to the lack of fuel and others will have to follow shortly unless the movement of coal is resumed. The waterworks at Bissell's Point has only enough coal to run for the next twenty-five days. Some little is coming in from Venice by way of wagon on the Venice ferry.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Several Futile Attempts to Make Up Trains To-day—The Scene.

The inclement weather this morning, which made traveling through the various yards very unpleasant, did not seem to have the slightest depressing effect on the strikers. The usual large crowd had assembled around the Relay before 9 o'clock, and whenever word came that an attempt to make up a train or do any switching was being made in any of the yards, a delegation at once set out to frustrate any such effort. About 10 o'clock the Indianapolis & St. Louis sent an engine down into the yards to do some switching, but it was boarded by the crowd and killed. Agent Creveling of the Vandalia, seeing that all was quiet about the Relay at 9:30 o'clock, determined to make an effort to get out a train, and Engineer Johnson was ordered to take his engine from the round-house into the yards for that purpose. The crowd soon became cognizant of the contemplated attempt to get out a train, however, and a delegation was sent down to the yards to prevent its accomplishment. Engineer Johnson was handed a request to take his engine back to the roundhouse immediately, and as he complied without loss of time, the strikers refrained from killing the engine.

In the Wabash yards, this morning, the work of loading freights was progressing quietly, and one was sent out before noon. It is expected that several more will be taken out before evening. The transfer company made an attempt to haul over some coal this morning, but it was futile, as a crowd was on hand to prevent any such attempt being successful.

It was rumored last night that the Elliott shops would shut down this morning, but it proved to be without foundation, as work was going on as usual to-day.

The various departments of the Little Rolling Mills have been shut down for want of coal, with the exception of the spike department which is still running.

ON WATCH.

All night long, notwithstanding the driving rain, delegations of strikers stood guard in the various yards to frustrate any attempt to to get trains out if any were made. They had their watch for nothing, however, as no attempt was made. When daylight dawned the night watchers were relieved by those who had rested. The men are determined to let no trains out but the Wabash if they can prevent it.

COULD NOT HELP HIM.

Mr. Crandall, Superintendent of the Abbey Mines, made a formal request of Sheriff Ropiequet this morning to render him assistance, in shipping coal from his mines which are located near Collinsville to St. Louis. The Sheriff could not promise him any assistance, as he finds himself unable to protect the railroad property here.

RAN THE BLOCKADE.

About noon the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy started a freight train of seventeen cars out of the yards. At the junction the train was boarded by a number of men who succeeded in detaching the last seven cars. The engine, with the ten forward cars, escaped, and, unless it was stopped at Venice, succeeded in running the blockade.

A STRONG APPEAL TO THE GOVERNOR.

Last night about 11 o'clock a telegram was received at the Relay Depot for Sheriff Ropiequet from Gov. Oglesby, but, as the Sheriff had departed for Belleville, he did not receive the message until this morning. When asked by a POST-DISPATCH reporter for the telegram which he had received from the Governor, the Sheriff stated that he had misplaced it, but gave its contents, which were about as follows: The Governor requested him to come up to Springfield on the first train this morning, so that he might fully inform him of the situation, and to telegraph him immediately on the receipt of this message whether he had called in outside aid to assist him in protecting the railroads property. When he read the Governor's telegram this morning the Sheriff went to the telegraph office immediately and wired the following message:

To Gov. Oglesby, Springfield, Ill.:

Your dispatch was received too late for me to come to Springfield, and my state of health is impaired so much by late vigils that it is out of the question for me to go far from home. I called the posse at East St. Louis when the emergency occurred. Few persons responded and few will. There are nine yards here. There are fully 1,500 men determined that no freight trains shall move. They respect no authority and seem to hold the State of Illinois in contempt. It is folly to think of moving freight trains here unless the State sends a strong force. All attempts to do so would result in failure and bring the authorities into further contempt. Engines have been killed this morning, and the freight blockade is complete, except as to the road in the hands of United States Marshals. The strikers seem to have a strong respect for the United States but none for the State.

FRED ROPIEQUET,
Sheriff of St. Clair County, Ill.

East St. Louis, Ill., March 30, 1886.

CHASING A FLYING FREIGHT.

When the engineer who took out the C. B. & Q. train this morning found that the strikers were determined to obstruct his progress he cut loose with the ten cars that remained attached to the engine after the incident at the Wabash crossing, and giving his machine steam, ran away from the crowd. Some tried to follow on foot, but couldn't begin to keep up, so the whole crowd turned back to the Relay Depot. In a short time the C. & A. passenger train came over the bridge. The crowd must have had their minds made up for immediately about 250 of them boarded the train, crowding all the cars and platforms, and went in the direction of Venice. They unloaded to overhaul the freight at Venice, but the engineer was a little too cute for them and was gone with his ten cars when the passenger arrived. The crowd then returned to East St. Louis.

THREE TRAINS ON THE WABASH.

Three freights in all were sent out by the Wabash from East St. Louis to-day, no opposition of any kind having been offered. The Wabash yards are thick with U. S. Marshals about a dozen of whom stood guard at the coal cars, where a half dozen wagons were being loaded by the teamsters during the noon hour. Some St. Louis houses had their own teamsters, teams and wagons taking out freight and nobody tried to oppose them. There were no strikers in the neighborhood of the Wabash yards this morning.

Went to the Scene.

J. W. Vance, Adjutant-General of the State of Illinois, T. W. Bates, General Superintendent, and S. D. Reeve, Division Superintendent of the Chicago & Alton Road, arrived at the Lindell this morning from Springfield, Ill. C. F. Stratton, one of the Illinois Railroad Commissioners, registered from Springfield, Ill., at Hurst's, late last night. This morning Messrs. Vance, Stratton, Bates and Reeve repaired to the scene of the strike at East St. Louis.

NO TRAINS WITHOUT MILITIA.

The Result of a Conference Between Gov. Oglesby and the Railroad Officials.

At about 11 o'clock this morning General Manager G. W. Parker of the Cairo Short Line, General Manager J. T. Harahan of the Louisville & Nashville, General Superintendent C. C. F. Bent of the Ohio & Mississippi, President R. P. Tansey of the St. Louis Transfer Company, and Supt. T. Bates of the Chicago & Alton roads arrived here from Springfield, Ill., where they went to confer with Gov. Oglesby upon the subject of the trouble in East St. Louis. General Manager Parker, in discussing the trip and its object with a POST-DISPATCH reporter shortly after his arrival, said: "The representatives of all of the East St. Louis roads met on last Sunday morning to consider the strike on the East side. After comparing opinions it was the judgment of every one present that East St. Louis was in the hands of a mob; that the railroads were practically dreprived of protection, and that it was impossible for them to discharge their duties as common carriers to the public. This lawless state of affairs is due not so much to the Knights of Labor as to a bad element composed principally of loafers and idlers who always take advantage of such an opportunity to measure themselves with people far their superiors. Such being the case, and recognizing fully the gravity our position, and having previously applied to the police and to the Sheriff of St. Clair county without receiving adequate assistance, we deemed it our duty to apply to the higher authorities of the State, lay before them the facts of the situation and call attention to our utter inability by reason of the surroundings and lack of protection to discharge our duties to the people of the State of Illinois. After that we considered that the matter rested between the Governor of the State and the people for settlement. Myself, Messrs. Tansey, Bent, Harahan and Bates were appointed a committee to see Gov. Oglesby. In pursuance of that appointment, we went to Springfield yesterday, having waited until one more effort had been made to move the trains, which, resulting as it did, in the beating of a Marshal, the killing of an engine and the choking of an engineer, we deemed it our duty to discharge the trust imposed upon us."

"In a pleasant conversation with Gov. Oglesby the members of the committee discussed the subject, presented the facts of the case without prejudice or ill-feeling and in a perfectly fair and proper spirit. The Governor listened attentively, thanked us for our pains and indicated that he had some previous information bearing upon the situation. He said that he would give the matter immediate and serious consideration and act as he thought the circumstances justified and demanded. We finally left the Governor with the statement that we had endeavored to do our duty without fear or favor, that we were resigned to our fate and would either allow the roads to remain idle until the fury of the mob had spent itself, or we would do all in our power to assist him in setting the wheels of commerce in motion. We left it to him to take either horn of the dilemma, leaving the responsibility of the failure to move the trains with him and the people of Illinois. When we left we didn't know whether or not he would order out the militia to assist the Sheriff, nor did we insist upon any information upon the subject."

A TALK WITH THE MAYOR.

The Missouri Pacific Can Run a Train Every Hour If It Wants.

Mayor Francis came on 'Change this afternoon at 2 o'clock and he was immediately surrounded by merchants, who were eager for news about the strike. To a POST-DISPATCH reporter who asked him for his opinion upon the general aspect of the strike so far as the Missouri Pacific Railroad was concerned, his Honor said that while he did not want to appear too conservative, he would like not to express any opinion favoring either side. Not that he did not entertain such an opinion but that its expression might prejudice any action of his in the premises which he might find necessary to take in the future.

"I am free and willing to say, though" added he "that the acts of violence or akin to violence that we have seen during this strike are fewer and of a less forcible character than anybody could have expected. My course in this matter has been to assure the railroad that it could run as many trains as it desired—one every hour, if it so chose—and that it would be free from interruption. That much I considered but proper for the protection of the city and the city's interest, and that much I think we accomplished."

"In view of that fact, your Honor, what do you think of the failure of the road to run its usual complement of freight trains out of the city?"

"Well, that question I can't answer. I am not here to hold the railroad to account, but to see that they are protected."

"But you will not deny that this failure has been disastrous in some degree, at least, to the commercial interests of the city?"

At this question the Mayor uttered a broad laugh which contained some tincture of a hollow mockery.

"Well, I should say I cannot and I don't think that any man with common sense will have the nerve to do so, either."

"Now, putting all these things together and viewing it in the light it will then appear, what is your opinion of the failure of the road to run its freight trains?"

"As I said before, it is not my place to criticise the action of the railroads one way or the other, or to criticise the action of the striking men. My duty was clear, and I performed it. That is all."

Taking Freight.

At the General Freight and Contracting Office of the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain roads it was ascertained that both roads notified all inquirers that they would receive freight for all points at 7 o'clock this morning and that freight was received all day.

THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

What He Says About the Characteristics of the Strike.

Chief Harrigan was seen this afternoon and asked what he thought of the present strike with regard to its peacefulness. He said: "It is the most peaceable strike I have ever known. There is no trouble of any kind, the men all behaving themselves splendidly."

"You say the men are giving no trouble?"

"None whatever. As I have said it is the most peaceable strike I have ever known as any time for a strike of such proportions."

"The men have made no attempt to interfere with the moving of trains, have they?"

"Not lately. There was a little interference at first, but there is none now."

"Then there is nothing to prevent the Missouri Pacific Road from running their trains in there?"

"That is something I cannot answer. There is nothing to interfere with them here."

MORE WARRANTS.

Secured Against Missouri Pacific Employes To-Day—Strikers Give Bail.

Two more warrants were issued against Missouri Pacific strikers this morning. Special Detective Furlong of the Missouri Pacific road was at the Four Courts bright and early, and after hunting up Assistant Circuit Attorney Marshal F. MacDonald, visited the office of Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes and swore out a couple of warrants against strikers. One was against John Conroy, charging him with obstructing a railroad track by removing a switch on March 23, and the other against Wm. McConnell, charged with assault and battery on Conductor Ed Rutherford, of the Missouri Pacific road. Mr. Furlong stated that the warrants that had been taken out yesterday and to-day were only the forerunners of a series to be issued against the strikers. He expected to take out in all over 100 warrants. Every man who had committed any act of violence during the strike, or in any way interfered with railroad property or the running of trains would be prosecuted. They knew most of the parties now, and he thought they could find out the rest. The warrants issued were immediately turned over to the Sheriff for service.

While the warrants against Conroy and McConnell were being prepared, Judge Advocate J. J. McGarry and Wm. Cline, two of the strikers against whom warrants had already been issued, arrived at the Four Courts for the purpose of giving bond in the cases against them. Cline had previously given bond to answer one charge of this kind placed against him, but it was deemed that the first warrant drawn up was not strong enough and yesterday another drawn up in different form charging him with the same offense, was taken out, ex-Judge Laughlin and R. S. MacDonald, the attorneys of the railroad, drawing up the new warrant. Cline furnished bond in this case today and McGarry gave bond in the case against him. Phil Rohan being their surety. The latter also signed a bond for Conroy, so that when the latter is arrested all he will have to do is to sign his name to the bond. Cline complains that he has gone to work for the St. Louis and San Francisco, and that being arrested on these new charges for the same offense is keeping him away from his duties.

Continued.

The case of disturbing the peace against Frank Thompson in the First District Police Court was continued until Thursday. He is accused of having shaken a knife in the face of E. M. Stonebrecker, one of the "scab" brakemen, as the strikers call them. The railroad company will prosecute the case.

The Governor Gone.

Gov. John S. Marmaduke left for Jefferson City this morning. Maj. J. F. Clark and Thos. Parks, who came down with the Governor yesterday and are armed with authority to act as State Sheriffs, will remain here on orders from Gov. Marmaduke. Should the news from De Soto, Mo., during the day warrant it, they will be ordered there to protect the property of the Iron Mountain Road, and prevent interference on the part of the strikers.

Shortly after the Governor's departure this morning Labor Commissioner Kochtitzky arrived at Hurst's. He will return to Jefferson City this evening.

Powerless.

Labor Commissioner Kochtitzky, in a conversation with Major Clark of the State Auditor's office, Thomas Parks, Kochtitzky's private secretary, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter, stated that in the course of the conference at Kansas City between Govs. Martin and Marmaduke and Grand Master Workman Powderly, Mr. Powderly, in reply to a direct question from Gov. Martin, said that he was powerless to order off the strike.

An Engineer Assaulted.

Yesterday afternoon, between 4 and 5 o'clock, Engineer Hazel of Missouri Pacific engine 833, who brought in freight train 36 from Chamois yesterday, was attacked and beaten while on his way home. Mr. Hazel was followed from the railroad yards by a crowd of over one hundred persons. When he reached Atlantic and Argyle avenues he was approached by a fireman named Chase who questioned him as to his reasons for taking out the train. Chase was followed by Fred Howard, who fired Hazel's locomotive previous to the strike and went out when the order was given. Howard delivered himself of some very uncomplimentary remarks about Hazel, and finally rushed at the latter, and struck him in the face. The crowd rejoiced, and Chase was, with difficulty, prevented from repeating Howard's act. Hazel, recognizing his danger, drew a revolver but did not use it.

Hoxie to Gould.

NEW YORK, 3:15 P. M.—The following telegram was received to-day by Jay Gould from General Manager Hoxie of the Missouri Pacific Railway:

"ST. LOUIS, March 30, JAY GOULD, N. Y.: The movement of freight trains yesterday was largely increased on all lines, 112 trains were made in the system. The International and Great Northern, and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, in Texas, were thoroughly opened except at Alvarado, also the entire Iron Mountain and the Missouri Pacific to and including Kansas City and Atchison, and The Central Branch and the M. K. & T. is now open except at Parsons, Alvarado and Hannibal, where the authorities have not yet controlled the mob. At Texarkana and Palestine, two of the worst points, the authorities have now obtained control and protect our trains, and the situation at Kansas City and Atchison is greatly improved, and so far as reported our trains to-day are unmolested.

H. M. HOXIE,
General Manager Missouri Pacific Railway.

THE TRANSFER MEN.

Protection Offered Them by the U. S. Marshals, But They Refuse to Work.

There were forty teamsters at the transfer stables at the north end of the island at 9 o'clock this morning, all of whom, it is said, declared their willingness to go to work and take out their teams if they were guaranteed safety of life and limb, not only while in the discharge of their duties but on the way to and from the stables. Nearly every man employed in the north end stables has his home in St. Louis and they made an important feature of the point that they were in danger, not only while working but also after their work was done. Deputy United States Marshal Herman G. Weber and Capt. Flanigan, the agent of the Wabash, were present with the Superintendents of the stables, and Mr. Weber responded to the men's statement.

"We will give you all the protection you want," said he. "We will see that you are not molested between the Wabash yards and the ferryboat while going or coming, and if necessary we will protect you beyond this. Any man who dares to interfere with you we will put him in irons and send at once to Springfield."

"Yes, and if necessary," added Capt. Flanagan, "we'll kill him."

The teamsters did not want that kind of protection, they said, and would not take out their teams. They walked away and twenty-five of them moved over to Ben Humphrey's in the hollow and held a meeting, the result of which they themselves embody in the following communication to the POST-DISPATCH:

THE TEAMSTERS' EXPLANATION.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The employes of the St. Louis Transfer Company refused to go to work this morning at 9 o'clock, and in order that their case may be set right before the public, we wish to give a plain statement of the facts. First, we would correct the impression that prevails, that the drivers were already out on a strike. The men have not been on duty, of course, but that was no fault of the men. They reported for duty regularly, but very few have been retained up to this morning. They were notified to be on hand this morning—and at the hour mentioned, they were called to a conference by the foreman. There were present Mr. F. Flanigan, agent for the Wabash road, United States Marshal Weber and about forty of the drivers. The men were told by the foreman that we now had all necessary protection and that every man was expected to hitch up, and haul freight from the Wabash. The Marshal then said that he would inaugurate the movement, by driving the first team himself, and that should anyone interfere with us or attempt to catch hold of a horse, he would put him in irons and send him to Springfield. Capt. Flanigan said "Yes, and kill him if necessary." We want the public to know that the speeches of these in authority intimidated the men more than all the strikers have said from first to last. The drivers from the stable are nearly all men who have been here for years, and who are well known to all people; we live right here in the midst of all this turbulence; the strikers know every man; we nearly all have large families, and are compelled to remain here and make a living among the very men whom they were going to protect us against. Our action this morning was merely that we were compelled by circumstances to do. We did not strike for we had no grievance. We did not quit work for we were not at work; we simply did not go to work when called upon.

East St. Louis, March 30.

THE LOWER STABLES.

All was quiet at the stables under the bridge approach. The wagons were lying idle in the yard and the horses rested in their stalls. Only a half dozen men could be found on the premises and these were taking care of the stock. They and the teamsters had not been at work yesterday or to-day, and had quit because they had been warned to quit if they placed any value on their lives.

"What good are United States Marshals," said one of the stablemen. "They cannot do anything; they are no more than so many United States matches on the track. Those fellows can't protect anybody and we're not fools enough to trust ourselves to them."

"Is there any truth," one of the men asked, "in the statement that Furlong and his specials are coming over. If they are they had better take my advice and stay away for if the men on this side get hold of him they won't play with him."

"They'll kill him, that's what they'll do," said another.

The situation at the stables here was the same as at the stables at the other end of the Island. All the men had been absent from work for two days, and some of them hadn't worked any on Saturday. Those who did work Saturday was allowed to do so, in order that they might get rid of the loads they are hauling. The hostlers at the south end stable said the teamsters had not only been intimidated, but were unwilling themselves to take the freight out of the cars, as that was not their business. There is no doubt but that the teamsters sympathize with the strikers; still they assert that they are not on strike and that their inaction must not be construed as an expression of sympathy

ON THIS SIDE.

According to Supt. Stanton, at the transfers office at Second and Carr streets, the teamsters on this side of the river have no grievance. Mr. Stanton at 11 o'clock this morning said: "At Second and Carr streets we have about thirty teamsters, and they are all prepared to go to work at once. By that I mean that the railroad companies in East St. Louis cannot handle any freight, and that our men are thus not kept busy. But just as soon as soon as the railroads over there say they will freight we will send it over with our present force. The trouble with our men in East St. Louis is simply a matter of intimidation, that's all. We cannot do any better by our men than we are doing. Let anybody go out and interrogate our men and I will guarantee that all will tell him they are getting fair treatment. We don't ask our men to go where they will be shot at or stoned, but, as I have said, if freight be put into our hands, and the East St. Louis Roads say they will handle it, we will send it over."

The Transfer Company employs ninety men at the upper island yards and eighty at the lower yards in East St. Louis, and about thirty-five at the stables on Second and Carr streets, on this side.

THE TEXAS PACIFIC'S TERMS.

No Knights of Labor Rules to Control the Management of the Shops.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—General Manager Wheelock of the New Orleans division of the Texas Pacific Railway has telegraphed from Marshall, Tex., to the master mechanic in charge of the shops at Gouldsboro, La., as follows: "There will be a number of mechanics here, more than we can give employment to. If you need any let me know what kind and I will send them. Please inform all persons that all our shops are to be conducted in the interests of the receivers, as officers of the United States Court, and that the rules and regulations of the Knights of Labor or any other organization will not be permitted to cut any figure in conducting the business of this company. Any man not willing to accept this proviso must quit the service at once."

The engine in the machine shops at Gouldsboro is again running. Some of the strikers seem disposed to resume work while others are determined to fight it out. Twelve Deputy United States Marshals are there with instructions to protect the property of the company and prevent interference with the employes.

WON'T GO BACK.

Knights at Marshall, Tex., Refuse to Work with the Scabs.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MARSHALL, TEX., March 30.—Contrary to expectations, the strike here is in full force, as far as the large number of the skilled machinists is concerned. None of the old workmen are back at work. At least three fourths of the machinery is idle, evidently for the want of skilled workmen. It is reported that the old machinists refuse to go to work with the "scabs." At yesterday's meeting of the Knights some action was taken which is not known to the public, only this much, that the Knights have not gone to work, nor have they applied for work. The reason can only be inferred. The Knights are firm and buoyant, and confident in their position. A dispatch has just been received that the workmen on the Missouri Pacific have refused to accept the Gould-Powderly arrangement, and obey the order of Powderly and resume work. The shop officials express themselves confident in securing all the skilled workmen they need. The strikers state that the "scabs" they have now at the machinery are unskilled and cannot do the kind of work required, especially in the iron and machinery department. The case of the men arrested and ordered to appear in Jefferson for trial last Saturday, was postponed and they are held in $100 bail on their own recognizance.

COAL FAMINE.

The Enthusiasm at Dallas, Tex., Chilled—Freight Trains Moving.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DALLAS, TEX., March 30.—Telegrams received here to the effect that General Master Workman Powderly stated that complications had arisen as to the method of arbitration, have considerably changed the phase of matters here, though it is the general belief here that the strike is virtually at an end. A chill has fallen over all, and the enthusiasm manifested yesterday is lacking to-day. Trains on the Texas and Pacific continue to run in charge of Deputy United States Marshals, but only a few cars of freight have been received over the Missouri Pacific. The city is experiencing a coal famine. It is feared that the strike will extend in the East, and the result of the negotiations between Powderly and Gould is anxiously awaited.

Strikers Punished.

PALESTINE, TEX., March 30.—Strike matters are very quiet here. It is said that the men will resume work under the Powderly order, whenever they receive the order through their District Assembly. Judge Williams decision and sentence in the cases of the parties charged with the violation of the injunction was rendered this morning, as follows: K. F. Marshall, sixty days in the County Jail; Hamp Deery, thirty days in jail; William Brazill, fined $20 and cost; Jack Bridges, condemned to pay costs in the case. Freight and passenger trains are moving regularly.

Still Holding off.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DENNISON, TEX., March 30.—Up to this hour, 12 o'clock, noon, no official notice from Mr. Powderly or Irons, to resume work has been received by the strikers, and they are still holding off. The railroad companies continue to do their work in the yards without any interference, though the Sheriff's posse is still on guard day and night. The railroad companies have put their freight men at this place back to work.

A Hitch.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

AUSTIN, TEX., March 30.—Several freight trains have passed this point going both ways within the last two days, but it is believed another hitch will be made owing to Irons' order in opposition to the order issued by Powderly. All is quiet here and there is no excitement or demonstrations of any kind.

Very Blue.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., March 30.—Matters are looking gloomy again to-day. The Missouri Pacific is receiving no freight and making no attempt to run trains. The agent says: "Blue is the word," and he has no idea when business will be resumed.

A Great Disappointment.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HANNIBAL, MO., March 30.—There has been no resumption of work here on the part of the striking Knights of Labor. Two engines were killed yesterday. A freight train came through from Sedalia yesterday. Efforts will be made to run out trains this afternoon, if the necessary parts taken from the engine last night can be found. The news of the misunderstanding between Gould and Powderly is a great disappoint to our business men.

Despondent at Atchinson.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ATCHINSON, KAN., March 30.—Contrary to expectation the strike here did not end yesterday, and the events of the afternoon and evening were more sensational than any heretofore. Orders for the arrest of many strikers are in the hands of the Sheriff, but no arrests have as yet been made. There has been no attempt to run trains yet to-day, and the intention of the strikers or the railroad officials are not known. The Knights appear to be greatly embittered in consequence of Gould's refusal of Powderly's plan of arbitration. The feeling of joy and gladness that prevaded the community yesterday has been superceded by one of gloom and apprehension.

Waiting.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CAIRO, ILL., March 30.—There is no material change in the situation. The Knights of Labor do not appear to consider the matter settled yet, and are anxiously waiting further developments. They seem to think that arbitration should precede work. Jim Clavin was arrested here last night, charged with being one of the men who killed the switch engine at Bird's Point a few nights since. Others are yet to be arrested on the same charge.

Becoming Critical.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., March 30.—The announcement of the failure to arbitrate the strike caused much feeling here. The strikers and citizens had been jubilant over the prospect of the end being at hand, but the sentiment now is that Jay Gould must assume the responsibility should the negotiations prove fruitless. Freight trains are moving to-day, north and south, uninterrupted. No violence is threatened. The situation at Texarkana is reported as grave. Gov. Hughes is communicating with the officials there, and is urging coolness and caution.

The Militia Ready.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DECATUR, ILL., March 30.—This morning at 9 o'clock, the Decatur Guards, Company H, Fifth Regiment, got orders from Adjutant-General Vance to hold themselves in readiness for duty, fully armed and equipped with twenty rounds of amunition. The militia are now in their Armory waiting orders. They expect to go to East St. Louis. There is no trouble here.

CONGRESSIONAL ACTION.

Members Opposed to the Enactment of Compulsory Legislation.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—"These arbitration bills are, in my opinion, all clap trap" said Congressman Weaver of Iowa, this morning. "I do not mean the word in any offensive sense, but we have State laws in plenty to govern all cases. Compulsory arbitration is no arbitration. You cannot force men to work when they do not want to do so. If those men interfere with trade they can be punished. If the railroad company refuses to employ men to operate its trains, the State Legislature should be called together and its charter forfeited."

Mr. Weaver said no vote on the subject had been taken, but there was little doubt that a majority of the committee was opposed to Congressional action on the subject. The next meeting of the Labor Committee is on Friday, but the chairman will be urged to call a special meeting this afternoon to obtain some expression of opinion on the numerous resolutions, etc., pertaining to the labor troubles in the West, introduced on yesterday.

LIVELY AT DE SOTO.

Intense Excitement Among the Strikers—Bitter Personal Feeling.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DESOTO, MO., March 30.—Railroad traffic is resumed here. All dispatchers are on duty again and a small gang of men are busy at the at the round house repairing engines. The yard is nearly clear of accumulated freights and the trackmen are at work, but the strikers are off yet. It was reported here yesterday that seven men had stoned a passenger train going south, about noon, near the tunnel four miles south. The Sheriff and a posse of men were taken on the switch engine to the depot, but could find no suspicious looking persons, and returned. The news brought by the morning papers causes intense but suppressed excitement among the strikers, and unsettled feeling in all, for the end is not so near as yesterday's news seemed to indicate. The Knights of Labor have called a meeting for this afternoon, and all feel that there is a complication of affairs at this crisis, which is not composing to the public mind. Several personal altercations have taken place, of a very unpleasant nature, between men of influence on this question, which is occupying the attention at present. One of the worst features in the case, as it developes here, is the personal nature it assumes and the personal antagonism that is coming to the surface. It is man against man instead of the broader view with which the strife began, of labor asking recognition of capital. Trains are going to and fro uninterrupted and the long Sunday quiet is broken to the great joy of all peace loving people and a speedy settlement of all wrongs is earnestly hoped for.

STILL IN THE RING.

President Cleveland Did not Interfere in the Strike—O'Neill Whispers.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The favorite salutation of one Missouri Congressman on meeting another these days is: "Hello! Have you heard how John O'Neill and Cleveland settled the strike?" and then the two Missourians chuckle and dig each other in the ribs. John O'Neill's intention in the labor troubles, particularly as described by himself, has afforded more entertainment to Congress than anything that has occurred since Senator Riddleberger fell on Sallson Hutchins. When Mr. O'Neill returned from New York yesterday, he had grown three inches. He took every one he met aside and confided to him in the strictest confidence how Cleveland had intervened to settle the question at his suggestion, how Cleveland was the power and the brains in bringing about the settlement between Gould and Powderly. "If this thing had not been settled," he said to each in a mysterious whisper, "the President would have issued a proclamation to-day." All this with an ominous shake of the head. When he was asked to corroborate the story that the President has telegraphed Gould at his request he assumed an air of impenetrable mystery and refused to discuss the question. Later in the day the President condescended to discuss the question at some length, and to say that there was absolutely nothing in it. Now that the President has not intervened, at the request of John O'Neill, and that the strike has not been settled the chairman of the Labor Committee is a little rattled, but he is still in the ring and further startling developments may be expected from him and Cleveland before long.

A grain inspector is authority for the statement that a number of the strikers called upon the men engaged in unloading cars of grain at Central Elevator and prevailed upon them to discontinue their work.

SPECIAL!

PENNY & GENTLES

HAVE BOUGHT OUT THE

Gents' Furnishing Stock

OF

PRICE BROS.,

BROADWAY,

At 60 Cents on the Dollar!

And will throw them on their counters, for sale at about half their value. Price Bros.' stock was purchased for the best trade. All goods are FIRST-CLASS. It will be money in pocket to buy now what you are likely to need for a year to come. A splendid stock is offered in

Unlaundered Shirts.....59c
Price Bros.' price, 85c.

Gents' Fine Night Shirts.....45c
Price Bros.' price, $1.00.

Gents' Fancy Night Shirts, with Collars.....85c
Price Bros.' price, $1.50.

E. & W. Collars, Turn-Down or Standing.....15c
Price Bros.' price, 25c.

E. & W. Linen Cuffs.....30c
Price Bros.' price, 50c.

Coon & Co. Linen Collars.....12 1-2c
Price Bros.' price, 25c.

Best qualities other Linen Collars, Turn-Down or Stand'g.8 1-3c
Price Bros.' price, 15c.

Gents' Fine Linen Cuffs.....15c
Price Bros.' price, 30c.

Gents' Fine Neckties, Novelties for Spring and Summer.....15c and 30c
Price Bros.'s price, 35c and 65c.

Gents' Fine Silk Bows, Fancy.....10c and 20c
Price Bros.' price, 25c and 50c.

Gents' Fine Percale Shirts.....75c and $1.00
Price Bros.' price, $1.25 and $1.50.

Gents' All-Wool Striped Shirts and Drawers.....$1.00
Price Bros.' price, $1.75.

Gents' English Balbriggan Shirts, Plain and Striped.....$1.00
Price Bros.' price, $2.00.

Gents' English Merino Half Hose.....29c
Price Bros.' price, 75c.

Gents' Striped British Half Hose.....25c
Price Bros.' price, 45c.

Gents' Fine Suspenders.....25c
Price Bros.' price, 50c.

Gents' Fine Silk Suspenders.....$1.75
Price Bros.' price, $4.00.

Gents' Dress Kid Gloves.....$1.00
Price Bros.' price, $1.75.

PRICE BROS.' STOCK ON SALE
ALL THIS WEEK AT

PENNY & GENTLES'

Southwest Corner Broadway and Franklin Avenue.

(Trade-Mark Reg

THE KUEHNER WIFE-M

The Case to be Given to the Jur noon.

The Kuehner wife-murder cas been running in the Crimin a few days, will probably to the jury this afternoon. tel was the only witness day. He testified that the defen him some time before the m his wife had some loan, and that he wou get a borrower. The witness party he knew who wanted to bo but the loan was not made beca said his wife only had $900 a wanted to borrow $1,200.

After waiting some time for D who was expected to testify in the expert on mental disorders, the a recess until 1 o'clock. T intended to place Baudry on th after placing a hypothetical cas what the defendant had certified ing his condition, got his opi condition of mind the defendan been in when he committed the cr doctor does not put in an app afternoon the case will probably the jury just as it stands.

HE TOOK TWO YEAR

When He Found That His Ren Been Discovered.

Mike Sullivan, Ec Murphy and J charged with burglarr and larce pleas of guilty in the Cri to-day, the first two to gr and the last named to pe minority was suggested in the c van and Murphy so as to house sentences, but shown by the Court re Sullivan gave his age as 17 years t and when Sullivan discovered said to his attorney, "Get me tw let me get out of here." He the desired two years. Murph laid over until next Ja Smith, who was up for time, was allowed to to petit larceny and was fined $ serve it out in the Work-house. tied the grocery of Ira Boutell, u dell hotel.

A FREEZING FINIS

The Mad Month of March Close—Weather Informa

As indicated in the POST-DISPA ing the temperature got dow ing last night and when Service observers looked minimum thermometer this m o'clock, they found that the low the night was just 32 deg. cold that was west of h day has passed over this re forenoon was sending shivers u the backs of the inhabitants of N This insures warmer weat city to-morrow and a clearer sk warming up will be only gradual to-day the temperature was only deg.

A ST. LOUISAN'S SUIC

Christ Bickel Commits Suicide in the Far North.

The following telegram was rec Four Courts this afternoon:

LITTLE FALLS, MINN

Chief of Police, St. Louis:

A man who says his name is Christ B crazy and took his life by jumping fro said he kept a saloon and that his wife s St. Louis. HENRY RAS

The name given in the teleg ponds with that of a person who l at 2730 Rappahannock street, th January.

Funeral of John H. Ran

This afternoon at half-past two remains of John H. Rankin from his late residence, place, and interred in a vault for their reception in Bellefontain The funeral services were con house by Dr. Porteous, in in Europe of Dr. Ni honorary pall-bearers were J Henry Hitchcock, Rufus S. Lac T. Sands' Carlos S. Greeley, Cha den, A. M. Gardiner, and M. L. G

Carondelet Jottings

Daniel Paule, Sr., is erecting brick warehouse in the place of th down several weeks ago in East C

A two-story frame house occ drew Koosch, near Cherry Station, by fire to the amount of $10 last n by a defective flue.

The regular monthly meeting of T. U., will be held this evening at Hall.

The Missouri Furnace Company ened up work a little to make repairs.

The Bridal Bulletin

Name and age.

Gaylord W. Strong, 21.....
Susan Anderson, 20.....

John G. Seehausen, 28.....
Louisa Storm, 26.....

Wm. Heidorn, 24.....1315
Christina Schmalnack, 23.....

Wm. E. Birch, 28.....2718
Laura E. Koons, 24.....2718

Peter Schaffnit.....
Bertha Wieland.....

BEST IN THE W

(Trade-Mark Recorded.)

OAKES'

PURE AND UNADULTERATED

CANDIES

Of World-Wide Reputation,

40c Per Pound, 3 Pounds $1

OAKES'

MAMMOTH CANDY PALACE,

307 NORTH BROADWAY.

THE KUEHNER WIFE-MURDER.

The Case to be Given to the Jury this Afternoon.

The Kuehner wife-murder case, which has been running in the Criminal Court for a few days, will probably be given to the jury this afternoon. Ferd Knittel was the only witness heard today. He testified that the defendant had told him some time before the murder that his wife had some money to loan, and that he would like to get a borrower. The witness told him of a party he knew who wanted to borrow money, but the loan was not made because Kuehner said his wife only had $900 and the man wanted to borrow $1,200.

After waiting some time for Dr. Banduy, who was expected to testify in the case as an expert on mental disorders, the court took a recess until 1 o'clock. The defense intended to place Banduy on the stand, and after placing a hypothetical case similar to what the defendant had certified to regarding his condition, get his opinion of the condition of mind the defendant must have been in when he committed the crime. If the doctor does not put in an appearance this afternoon the case will probably be given to the jury just as it stands.

HE TOOK TWO YEARS,

When He Found That His Real Age Had Been Discovered.

Mike Sullivan, Ed Murphy and James Smith, charged with burglary and larceny, entered pleas of guilty in the Criminal Court to-day, the first two to grand larceny and the last named to petit larceny. The minority was suggested in the cases of Sullivan and Murphy so as to get Workhouse sentences, but it was shown by the Court records that Sullivan gave bail ago as 17 years two years ago, and when Sullivan discovered this fact, he said to his attorney, "Get me two years and let me get out of here." He was secured the desired two years. Murphy's case was laid over until next law-day and Smith, who was up for the first time, was allowed to plead guilty to petit larceny and was fined $1.00. He will serve it out in the Work-house. They burglarized the grocery of Ira Boutell, under the Lindell hotel.

A FREEZING FINISH.

The Mad Month of March Has a Cold Close—Weather Information.

As indicated in the POST-DISPATCH last evening the temperature got down to freezing last night and when the Signal Service observers looked at the minimum theamometer this morning at 6 o'clock, they found that the lowest record of the night was just 32 deg. The area of cold that was west of here yesterday has passed over this region and this forenoon was sending shivers up and down the backs of the inhabitants of Nashville, Tenn. This insures warmer weather for this city to-morrow and clearer skies, but the warming up will be only gradual. At 2 p. m., to-day the temberature was only as high as 37 deg.

A ST. LOUISAN'S SUICIDE.

Christ Bickel Commits Suicide While Insane in the Far North.

The following telegram was received at the Four Courts this afternoon:

LITTLE FALLS, MINN., March 30.

Chief of Police, St. Louis:

A man who says his name is Christ Bickel, became crazy and took his life by jumping from a train. He said he kept a saloon and has a wife and children in St. Louis.

HENRY RASUAY, Sheriff.

The name given in the telegram corresponds with that of a person who kept a saloon at 2730 Rappahannock street, this city, last January.

Funeral of John H. Rankin.

This afternoon at half-past two o'clock the remains of John H. Rankin were taken from his late residence, 1522 Lucas place, and interred in a vault constructed for their reception in Bellefontaine Cemetery. The funeral services were conducted at the house by Dr. Porteous, in the absence in Europe of Dr. Nicolls. The honorary pall-bearers were Judge Gantt, Henry Hitchcock, Rufus N. Leach, Rud. Jamison, T. Sands Carlos S. Greeley, Charles S. Hayden, A. M. Gardiner, and M. L. Gray.

Carondelet Jottings.

Daniel Paule, Sr., is erecting a two-story brick warehouse in the place of the one burned down several weeks ago in East Carondelet.

A two-story frame house occupied by Andrew Koosch, near Ivory Station, was damaged by fire to the amount of $10 last night, caused by a defective flue.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U., will be held this evening at Temperance Hall.

The Missouri Furnace Company have slacked up work a little to make extensive repairs.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name and age.	Residence.
Gaylord W. Strong, 21	1721 Biddle st
Susan Anderson, 20	1721 Biddle st
John G. Seehausen, 28	1422 State st
Louisa Storm, 26	723 Marion st
Wm. Heidorn, 24	1315 S. Eighth st
Christina Schmalmack, 23	709 Gratiot st
Wm. E. Birch, 28	2716 Missouri av
Laura E. Koons, 24	2716 Missouri av
Peter Schaffnit	905 Chestnut st
Bertha Wieland	1500 Biddle st

BEST IN THE WORLD

MONEY.

NEW YORK, March 30, 11 A. M.—The stock market was weak at the opening this morning. First prices showed declines ranging from ¼ to ⅜ per cent. St. Paul was an exception to the general list, showing a gain of ¼. In the early dealings prices were firm, but soon yielded small fractions and then became steady until nearly 11 o'clock, when decided weakness was developed. At this hour the market is moderately actively and weak.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Noon.—Money easy at 1½@3 per cent. Bar silver, 102⅝. The stock market became quiet and firm after 11 o'clock, and has remained so throughout most of the hour, but the changes in prices have been very slight. The principal dealings have been by Lackawanna. Towards 12 o'clock the market became decidedly dull and at noon is dull and firm; 3s, 101; 4½s, 113½; 4s, 120⅝; Pacific 6s of '95, 127.

The total exports of produce from this port during the past week were valued at $4,200,444.

BOSTON, March 30.—Mexican Central, 7s; 7s, 40; scrip, 71.

LONDON, March 30, 12:30 P. M.—Consols opened at 100 5-16 for both money and the account.

4:00 P. M.—Consols closed at 100 5-16 for money, and at 100¼ for the account.

PARIS, March 30, 3:30 P. M.—Three per cent rentes have fallen to 80f. 25c. The market is flat, owing to the strike of the miners at Decazeville having become general.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whittaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Canada Southern	50¾	50¾	50	50¾
Canadian Pacific	66	66⅛	66	66⅛
Cen. New Jersey	45¾	45¾	45	45⅞
Central Pacific	41	41	40¾	40¾
C., R. I. & P.	97½	98	97⅜	98
do pfd	99½			99½
C., R. I. & Pac				
C., St. L. & O	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
C., M. & St. P.	87⅛	87⅜	86¾	87⅜
Chic. & N. W. Com	106¾	106¾	105¾	105¾
Del., Lack. & W	128¼	128⅝	127⅜	128⅛
Del. & Hudson	101⅜	101⅜	100¾	101⅛
Den. & Rio Grande				
East Tennessee Com	2⅜			2⅜
Erie Com	25¾	25⅞	25½	25⅝
Erie pfd	59			59
Erie 2d Mtge. 8ds	87⅜			87⅜
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central				
Ind., B. & West	24⅛	24⅛	23½	23⅝
Lake Shore	92	92	91¾	92
Louisville & Nash	39½	39⅝	39¼	39⅜
Michigan Central	70⅜	70⅜	70	70
Missouri Pacific	105	106	104⅜	106
N. K. & T.	27¾	28	27¾	28
Manhattan Elevated	126	126⅜	125⅝	126
N. Y. & New Eng	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜
New York Cen	101¾	102¼	101⅜	102⅛
N. Pacific Com	24⅜			24⅜
do pfd	54⅜	54⅜	54⅛	54⅛
Oregon & Trans	26½	26⅝	26½	26⅝
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co	96⅜			96⅜
Ohio & M. Com				
Pacific Mail	50¼	50¼	50⅛	50⅛
Phil. & Reading	24¼	24⅜	23⅝	23⅝
Pullman Palace Car	134			134
St. L. & S. F. Com				
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd				
St. P. & Man				
Texas & Pacific	11⅜			11⅜
Texas & Pac. Income	38¼			38¼
Union Pacific	46	46⅞	45½	46⅝
Wabash, St. L. & P.				
Wab., St. L. & P. pfd				
Western U. T. Co	66¼	66½	65⅜	66½
West Shore Bonds	102½	102⅜	102¼	102⅜

English Consols—Cash, opening, 100 3-16; closing, 100 5-16. Account, opening, 100¼; closing, 100¼.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE.	BID.	ASK.
3 ⅌ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	101	101⅛
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. D.	112	112½
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	125½	126

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	105	105⅛
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	101⅛	111
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	114	120
Mo. Pac. 3d	1906	May and Nov.	114	120
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	114	115
K. C. 1st m 6s	1893	Feb. and Aug.	105	106
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	106	106½
K. P. D. Div. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104⅛	104⅜
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	94¾	95¼
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	113	114

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1902	May & Nov.	100	102½
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. & July	100	102½
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1900	June & Dec.	103½	104½
City 5's	1900	Jan. & July	107½	109½
City 6's currency	1886-97	Various	103	104
City 6's gold	1892-93	Various	110½	111½
City 6's sterling	1898	June & Dec.	117	118
City 6's water	1894	June & Dec.	102½	103½
City 6's water	1890	June & Dec.	107½	109
City 6's water	1892	April & Oct.	110½	111½
City 6's bridge approach	1892	June & Dec.	111½	112½
County 6's gold	1896-98	Jan. & July		115½
County park	1905	April & Oct.	122	123

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,143,354
Balances	521,602

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

CHICAGO—

	Closing, Yesterday.	Highest To-day	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	80⅞	81½@81⅝	80⅜	81⅜ a
June	82⅜	83¼	82	83⅛
Aug	84@⅞	85⅜	84	84⅝
CORN.				
April	35⅛	35⅛	34⅜	35 b
May	38⅝	38½	38⅛	38½ b
June	38⅜	38⅝	38⅛	38⅜ b
OATS.				
May	30⅜	31	30¼	31
June	31	31⅛	31	31⅛
PORK.				
May	9 37	9 45	9 25	9 40
June	9 45	9 50	9 30	9 47
LARD.				
May	5.95@97	5.95	5.92	5.95
June	6.00	6.02	5.97	6.00
SHORT RIBS.				
May	5.20	5.25	5.17	5.22
June	5.25	5.30	5.23	5.27

NEW YORK—Wheat—March, 83¾c; April, 83⅜c; May, 84⅜c b; June, 85c; July, 85⅛c; August, 85½c. Corn—March, 46¼c; April, 46⅝c; May, 47¼c b; June, 47¾c b. Oats—March, 30¼c b; April, 30⅝c b; May, 30¾c; June, 30⅝c.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—May, 93¾c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—April, 89½c; May, 89½c; June, 90¼c b; July, 89½c b; August, 89¼c b. Corn—May, 39½c.

DETROIT—Wheat—May, 89⅜c a; June, 90c b.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	2,942	80,979		
Chicago	20,862	88,587	22,832	23,976
Milwaukee	26,788	960		
Baltimore	6,000	1,000		
Toledo	7,601	2,500	3,600	2,000
New York	28,050	32,400		25,886
Detroit	2,000		856	
Minneapolis	22,960		11,200	
Duluth	79,667			
Kansas City	1,000	10,000	13,000	15,000

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	1,505,529	2,018,430	180,842	15,700	84,222
Ye'd'y	1,501,970	2,011,488	191,416	16,000	87,028
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
To-day	1,298,390	1,003,233	152,016	15,042	.....
Ye'd'y	1,298,390	993,856	154,714	13,992	.....

Visible Supply of Grain.

	March 27, '86.	March 20, '86.	March 28, '85.
Wheat	49,715,000	50,333,466	48,300,740
Corn	16,797,079	16,735,518	8,699,114
Oats	2,663,921	2,491,403	2,786,205
Rye	545,606	577,626	344,128
Barley	1,039,704	1,053,609	1,192,704

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car No. 4 winter, 13 cars No. 3 spring, 3 cars No. 3 do; total, 17 cars. Corn—24 cars No. 2, 8 cars No. 3; 7 cars No. 2 white; total, 39 cars. Oats—3 cars No. 2, 2 cars No. 3, 1 car no grade; total, 11 cars. Total in, 67 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Rye—1 car No. 3.

Commercial Notes.

The decrease in the visible supply of wheat was 761,000 bu, while corn increased 61,500 bu and oats 89,500 bu. The mail advices are that there has been recently some demand from the Continent, particularly Italy, for both American and Russian wheat. The stocks of Odessa decreased 7,200,000 bu in January and February, and good authorities state that the spring movements will be small in South Russia, as very little wheat is to be had. The London Miller estimates that the supplies of Russian wheat this summer will be only 14,000,000 bu, against 23,000,000 bu last summer for shipment and a decrease of 9,000,000 bu in the Australian supply. It was not very likely that India could increase her shipments 14,000,000 bu to make good the deficiency in Russian and Australian supplies. Shipments last year to the United Kingdom from India were about 22,384,000 bu.——In its last week's review of the British grain trade the Mark Lane Express says fall-sown wheat has a healthy appearance, as mild spring weather has prevailed. Wheat is somewhat weaker. The price paid for English wheat was equal to 92¾c per bu, against 97¼c for same time last year. Flour dragging. Hand-to-mouth business in foreign wheat at unchanged prices. American mixed corn cheaper at about 41½c per bu ex. ship.

Dunn & Co., Chicago, wired S. W. Cobb & Co.: "Our second Liverpool cable sends buying orders a little below market for May, and says would respond quickly to any improvement on this side. Think there will be a surprise to the trade on report of stocks on the other side on the first of April."——It is estimated that the stocks of wheat and flour in the United Kingdom will have decreased 11,000,000 to 12,000,000 bu since January 1, which would bring the amount on April 1 to 15,000,000 or 16,000,000, and this would be smaller than for same time in 1885.——New Orleans exports of corn to-day were 71,500 bu to Liverpool, 100,000 bu to Cork, 118,000 bu to Rouen.——Norton & Worthington, Chicago, wire, E. M. Samuel & Son: "495,000 No. 2 spring wheat was bought here yesterday for shipment to-day and on opening of navigation, of which we bought 180,000 bu Baker, 150,000 bu; Harvey, 55,000; Dunn, 50,000 bu, and Field-Lindley, 50,000 bu."——Fath, Ewald & Co.'s private wire: "Cables say Russian loans weak, owing to Greek complications."——Estimated car lots to-morrow in Chicago: wheat, 125; corn, 60; oats, ——. Think pork and lard a sale. Stocks are large, demand light, and can see nothing in the outlook to justify higher prices."——Thos. Aikin to-day said: "5,000 bu lot of No. 2 red wheat which will be shipped to a country mill in Illinois."——Of the spring wheat sold for export by Norton & Worthington, Chicago, 80,000 bu goes to Fowers Son & Co., New York, who say it will be shipped direct to the Continent.——Oswald Graves and Will Gardner are both bulls in wheat, but Wall's feelings are younger, fresher and more easily worked than the older and more callous Oswald. So when when wheat was low and weak this morning, Will, in addressing his friend called him simply "Graves," but after the market reacted he softly cooed in his ear "Ah, Oasie!" This, at any rate, is what Moses Fraley says, and he carries a hatchet.——A circular of Narcisse Meyer of Paris, France, translated by J. F. Imbs, states: "Temperature continues very unfavorable for the young crops during the nights there exists rigorous cold, which seldom exists at this period of the year, but now with strong Northwest winds and clear skies during the day temperature rises, this causing thawing, which alternating weather proving fatal to the young plants. The whole indications point to a retarded spring." He places the stock of flour and wheat in Paris at 1,000,550 hectolitres, against 989,980 at same time 1885, and 1,068,380 in 1884.——Bradstreet's says wheat at New York up to now were 12 loads and 100,000 bu hard spring.——L. H. Pingry, an old-time hide dealer of this market, died suddenly yesterday in Boston. Appropriate action will be taken by the St. Louis hide men.

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Wheat was weak early in the day, and gradually worked down in value, but there was no overpowering desire shown to sell, and it was the lack of buyers as much as the influences at work that caused the gradual sagging downward. Although the sudden ending of the railway strike settlement was a complete surprise to everybody, yet second sober thought told all whose interests did not lie entirely with the railroads that nothing else but such duplicity could be expected from such a schemer as is Jay Gould, and consequently the trade came on the floor feeling about the same as before Gould's flattering overtures of settlement were first made public. In other words the complete change in the railroad situation did not make the markets as much as had been expected. Not but what it had a weakening effect, and what with cash offerings, and clean up sales, with small Mark Lane report, the decrease of 761,000 bu in the visible supply and lower markets in Chicago and the East, the feeling produced was bearish and a shade more for sections weaker, held the sellers in check, for it was cold and wet here, with the promise of a freeze to come, as the ground was frozen in the West and temperature below zero in the Northwest. The export purchases lately reported at Chicago and the seaboard were reiterated, and quite a number of telegrams stated foreigners were still buying in New York. It seems to be conceded that a large line of options has been bought for foreign account and this ultimately will have a strengthening effect upon our markets, if the wheat is taken and sent away from this country, which seems probable enough when ocean freights become more settled and freight room more plentiful. Stocks in Europe are undoubtedly being steadily depleted, the large part of the amount on passage will take months ere it arrives at its destination and a certain amount of American wheat must be purchased to fill in the crevices, even if no more. After a decline of ½@¾c in the home market there was a rally and advance. Other speculative centers, especially Chicago, advanced, fresh export purchasers were reported at the East and a generally better feeling prevailed. The close was firm here, and ⅛ above yesterday. May sold at 89¾c on opening, down to 89⅛c and up 90c, off to 89¾c and back to 90c; July at 85⅝@⅞c to 85⅞c, and later 86¼c bid; August at 84½c early to 84⅝c, up to 85c, at which it closed; September at 86¼c; for year 84½c was bid at close. There was some pressure to sell some Red Wide No. 2 red spot and local millers took 5,000 at 88c, while another lot of same amount sold to go to a country mill at 1c below May, but more was offered at 88c and unsold.

Corn declined early in the day, influenced by the generally depressed tone of all other markets, but subsequently rallied and at close was the same as latest figures of yesterday. The only trading was in May, which first sold ⅛ higher at 35c, but soon sunk to 34½c, later rallying to 34¾c, which was bid at close. March and April were both offered at 34c with bids of 33½c and 33¾c respectively. Cash grades were weak and lower, with East side receipts neglected by regular buyers only salable to speculators there; there was little demand anyway. No. 2, 33⅜@33½c regular, 33¾c, St. L. and M; No. 3, 29¼c bid for St. L. and M., 29½c for E.; No. 4, 28c bid side, 25¾ asked E. side; No. 2 white 24¾c regular, 25c bid St. L.; No. 3 do, 23½c bid St. L.; No grade 26c bid this side.

Oats—Sellers of May came down in their ideas to-day and sold that option at 30¼c, but afterwards it brought 30⅜c and was wanted at that. Cash was dull and lower as there was little demand and though offerings were small: No. 2, 30¼c asked regular, 30c bid this side, 30½c for St. L.; No. 3, 29½c in M. and bid for St. L.

Rye—A bid of 60c for No. 2 this side failed to purchase, and nothing was offered except rejected in St. L. at 59c, and no demand for that.

Barley could hardly be sold, as there was little inquiry. Quotations were as follows: Rejected, 40@45c; No. 3, 50@60c; prime, 65c; choice, 70@75c; fancy, 80@85c; Canada, 85c for No. 3; $1.00@1.05 for No. 2; $1.10@1.15 for No. 1.

Flour was weak and tending downward, while the market itself was dull. Some parties reported an improved trade in jobbing delayed orders, but this was the exception instead of the rule. We quote: Patents, $4.35@5.25; straights, $4.10@4.85; clears, $3.60@4.35; mediums, $3.25@3.75; low grades, $2.25@3.00. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XXX, $2.75@2.85; XXX, $2.85@3.15; family, $3.25@3.35; choice, $3.65@3.80; fancy, $4.20@4.35; extra do, $4.45@4.60; patents, $4.95@5.25. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot or levee; orders lots higher.

Cornmeal—Steady at $1.95@2 on city orders delivered; pearl meal and grits nominal at $2.40@2.60.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3.60@3.70 del.

Hay—Only a local demand for choice timothy for feeding on this side. Impossible to move stock on East side tracks as teamsters were not allowed to unload the cars. Market limits were: Timothy—Prairie, $7.50@8.50 for prime choice; mixed timothy, $9@11; for prime to fancy timothy, $11@14. East track stock sells about 50c@$1 per ton below the average rates.

Provisions were dull and the feeling was weak, though sellers were not disposed to accept any lower rates. There was very little trade and nothing was done, except in a small way on orders. Loose dry salt c'ribs were offered to arrive in May at 5.37½c c. and f. here, but the bait was not taken by any buyer. Standard mess pork could be bought at $10.15. Prime steam lard nominal at 5.80c. Boxed dry salt longs sold at 5¼c and shorts at 5.45c; loose f. o. b. on cash orders—shoulders, 3.70c; longs, 5.30c; c'ribs, 5.35c, and shorts, 5½c. Packed bacon—longs sold at 5.65c, c'ribs at 5.85c and shorts at 6c. Country lard 5@5¼c in regular packages. Country bacon—Shoulders, 2¾@3¼c; hams, 6½@7c, sides 5¼@5½c. City hams 8½@11c. Breakfast bacon, 7@8½c. Beef—Family, $10@13 ⅌ bbl, according to brand; on orders higher, $5@7 ⅌ ½-bbl; dried, 10c@11c; selected, 12½c ⅌ ℔; smoked tongues, $2@3.50 ⅌ doz. Tallow—Prime and choice in oil barrels, 4½c; No. 2 3½@4c; in regular packages ¼c less; choice cake, 4½@5c; tallow grease, 3c@3½c. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2½@3c; white, 3½@4c. Salt—Domestic, $1.05@1.10 ⅌ bbl, as in size of lot. Ground alum, $1.10 per sack—small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.16 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria, $1.14 in Chicago.

Lead weaker, even for spot, a couple cars soft Missouri selling at $4.75, delivered. Both refined and chemical hard were offered at $4.77½ for April, but had no buyers.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat advanced ⅜c and closed firm. Corn steady. Wheat—May, 90 to 90¼c, closing 90⅛c; June, 90½c; July, 88⅜c bid, 88¾c a; August, 85⅝c to 85¾c; September, 86@⅞c b; year, 84½c b, 85c a. Corn—March, 33½c b; April, 34c b, 34¼c a; May, 34¾@⅞c to 34¾c; June, 35c; No. 3 white May, 36¼c. Oats—March, 29c b, 30c a; May, 30¼c b, 30½c a.

Cotton.

It was an uninteresting market to-day. Dullness was prevalent and weakness, too, most of the time. Manchester reported cloths steady, with a fair demand, but yarns dull and dragging. Liverpool spots were dull and favored buyers, though quotably unchanged, but futures went off 1@3 points. New York was easier for spots at 9⅛c, while futures were dull and showed little change all day, closing about the same as yesterday. New Orleans dull at 8⅝c. The local market was steady and sales of 660 bales were reported.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 67-16c; ordinary, 7 3-16c; good ordinary, 7 13-16c; low middling, 8¼c; middling, 8 11-16c; good middling, 9 5-16c; middling fair, 10 1-16c; stained and tinged, ¼c to ⅜c under quotations for white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day 277 bales, against 11,30 last year, since September, 1885, 433,145 bales against 267,883 same time last year; shipments to-day 7 bales, against 1,133 bales last year; since September 1, 1885, 349,840 bales, against 249,788 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouse to-day 85,078 bales, against 29,507 bales.

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS.—Net receipts at United States ports for 4 days, 88,852 bales, against 36,229 bales last week and 11,929 bales the same time last year; exports 46,880 bales, against 35,882 bales same time last year; stock 865,427 bales, against 685,141 bales last year; net receipts since September 1st, 4,920,410 bales.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 4 15-16d; Orleans, 5 d; sales, 7,000 bales. Futures closed dull; April and May, 4.55d; May and June, 4.58d; June and July, 4·60; July and August 4.63d.; August and September, 5.1b; September and October, 5s.

NEW YORK—Futures closed dull, but steady; April, 9.05c; May, 9.13c; June, 9.21c; July, 9.32c; August, 9.41c; September, 8.26c; October, 9.10c; November, 9.08c; December, 9.11c; January, 9.19c. Sales: 43,200 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.—Futures dull at 12:10 p. m.: April, 8.50c; May, 8.70c; June, 8.84c; July, 8.97c; August, 8.90c; September, 8.73c; October, 8.70c; November, 8.65c; December, 8.67c. Sales, 13,300 bales.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Only a small retail trade. Eastern quoted at $1.40@1.50 for choice, to $1.10@1.25 for seconds; Western at $1.25@1.40, winesap, $1.40@1.60, and Ben Davis at @1.75 for good to fancy varieties. Frosted, damaged or poorly packed fruit less.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull. We quote: Apples—Sun-dried, common, 1¼@1½c; good to prime, 1¾@2c; choice bright quarters, 2½@2¼c; peelings and cores, ½@1¼c; evaporated, common, 3½@5c; prime to fancy, 6@7c. Peaches, etc.—Sun-dried, quarters and mixed, 2¼@2½c; fair to good halves, 2½@2¾c; choice halves, 3c; evaporated, peeled, 6@9c; unpeeled, 4½@7c. Blackberries, 8@8½c.

POTATOES—Business at a standstill. Northern rose 53@55c, and burbank 57@60c; nearby growth 30@40c per bu.

ONIONS—Nominal at $2.25@2.50 per bbl for red and 65@75c per bu for yellow.

BUTTER—Receipts, 8,745 lbs. Fair local demand for choice and fancy, and prices firm with most offerings; all else in large supply and dull. We quote: Creamery—Fair to good, 27@29c; choice to fancy, 30@32c, and occasionally more for favorite brands. Dairy—Choice and fancy, 23@25c, and a shade more for fancy sections in a small way; fair to good, 18@23c; common, 8@10c; greese, 4@5. Roll—Near-by ranges at 5@7c for low to 10@12c for choice. Northern—Fair, 10@12c; choice and fancy, 14@17c.

EGGS—Receipts, 1,037 pkgs.; dull and weak, as there was no shipping outlet and little local demand. Sales at 10c per doz. Goose eggs, 30c.

FURS—Bear lower, but all else unchanged, (full-sized "springy" being graded No. 2, or below, according to quality):

	No. 1 large.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	55	$ 40	$ 25	$ 15	$ 5
Mink	45	35	20	10	5
Otter	.....	6 00	4 00	2 00	75
Beaver	.....	6 00	4 00	2 00	75
Skunk	.....	75	50	25	10
Fox, gray	.....	90	55	25	10
Fox, red	.....	75	50	20	10
Bear	.....	7 00	4 00	2 00	75
Wolf, pra	.....	.....	.....	.....	10@75

Muskrat, spring, good		Muskrat, fall	.....
Muskrat, winter	15	Wild Cat	10@30
	12	House Cat	5@10

LIVE POULTRY—Demand good for chickens at higher rates; ducks and turkeys in moderate demand, but geese neglected. We quote: Chickens, cocks, $2.25@2.50; mixed, $1.75 hens, $3 ⅌ dozen., or cocks at 5a6c; mixed, 6½@7c, and hens, 7½@8c ⅌ ℔, live weight; turkeys, 9@10c ⅌ ℔ for small; 7c for gobblers; ducks, $2@2.50, and geese $2.50@3.50 ⅌ doz. Spring chickens—Large sell readily at $3.50@4, small and scrubby dull at $2@2.50.

GAME—Ducks in good demand and firm. Mallard at $1.50 ⅌ doz.; mixed 75c; red-head, $2.00; teal, $1.50. Snipe at $1.25; plover, $1; sand pipers, 25c; live tame pigeons at $1.50; wild do at $1.25.

HIDES—Quiet and weak. We quote: Green salted—No. 1, 8c; No. 2, 6½c; bulls or stags, 5c; green (uncured), 7¼c; do (do) damaged, 5¾c; glue stocks, 3c. Dry flint—No. 1, 16½c; No. 2, 15½c; bulls or stags, 11c; dry salted, 12c; damaged, 10c; glue, 6c.

SHEEP PELTS—Steady. We quote: Green, 60@90c; dry, 40@75c, lamb skins, 30@50c; shearing, 10@40c.

DEER SKINS—Quiet at 17½c for prime dry.

FEATHERS—Dull and weak. We quote: Prime live geese, 45c in large sks, and 46c in small sks; unripe, quilly, etc., 30@40c; mixed, 10@30c; pure 3 and 10 per cent.

GRASS SEEDS—Supplies light, but demand just now small. We quote: Clover, $6.50@6.75; Timothy, $1.85@1.90; red-top, 50@57½c; German millet, 60@90c; common do, 35@50c; Hungarian, 50@70c. Trashy, mixed and otherwise inferior seeds less.

HEMP SEED—Demand limited. Quotable at $1.15@1.25.

FLAX SEED—Salable at $1.10 for native and $1.20 for Russian.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime salable at $1.70.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Wheat depressed and ¼@½c lower, with less doing. No. 1 white, nominal; receipts, 63,000 bu; sales, 3,000 bu No. 2 red, May, 86¼@86⅜ 18-16c; 376,000 bu do June, 86⅛@86¾; 56,000 bu do August, 84⅜@84⅝c; 56,000 bu do December, 90¼@90⅝c. Corn ¼@½c lower and moderately active; receipts, 82,000 bu; sales, 424,000; mixed Western spot, 43@45½c; future, 45@45¾c. Oats dull and declining; receipts, 43,000 bu; sales, 20,000 bu; Western, 28@34c. Beef dull; new extra mess, $8@8.50. Pork quiet; nominal; new mess, $11; old do, $9.75@10.25. Lard dull and rather weak; steam rendered, 5.37½c. Butter quiet, but firm; Western, 12@23c. Sugar steady; crushed 6 9-16@6½c; powdered, 6 5-16@6 7-16c; granulated, 6¼c. Molasses steady. Eggs, Western fresh, 12¾c.

CHICAGO, March 30, 11 A. M.—The markets have ruled weak all the morning. May wheat sold at 80¾c for May at the opening, but has since ruled easy. The following are the current quotations for May delivery: Wheat, 80¾c; corn, 33½c; oats, 30¼c; pork, $9.35; lard, 5.32½c.

1 P. M.—Wheat stronger and higher; 76¾c for cash; 81 3-16c, May. Corn steady; 35c cash; 33½c May. Oats steady; 29¼c, cash; 30½c May. Rye, 59¾c. Flaxseed, $1.08. Prime timothy, $1.77@1.78. Whiskey, $1.14. Pork steadier; $9.25 cash, $9.35 May. Lard steady; $5.90 cash; $5.95 May.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Flour quiet and unchanged, extra fancy, $4.90@5.00; fancy, $4.80, choice, $4.35. Cornmeal dull at decline, $1.95 @2.00. Corn steady; mixed and white, 46c; yellow, 46@47c. Oats quiet and firm, No. 2, sacked, 39@40c. Bran dull and unchanged, 77½c. Hay steady and unchanged, prime, $17.50@18.00; choice, $16.50@16. fancy grades, $18.50. Provisions dull. Pork, $10.25@10.50. Cut meats—Shoulders, 5.00c; sides l. c., 5¾c, sher ribs, 5¾c. Bacon nominal, 6¼@6½c; l. c. s., 6.00c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured, 10@10½c. Lard—Refined tierces, 5 1-16c; packers tierces, 6¼c. Whisky nominal. Exchange on New York, 25c discount; sight, $1.25 premium. Cotton—Spot dull at 8⅝c; net receipts, 3,156 bales; gross receipts, 3,906 bales.

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 30.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts, 1,582 bu; shipments, 23,107 bu; in store, 614,186 bu; weaker; No. 2 red cash, 66c bid, 67¼c asked; April, 66½c bid, 68c asked; May, 70c bid, 70¼c asked; June, 72½c bid, 72⅝c asked; No. 3 soft cash, 80¼c asked. Corn—Receipts—13,668 bu; ship

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms.....501
Business Office.....555

TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1886.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC (Broadway, near Walnut)—Grau's German Grand Opera Company.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE (Market, between Broadway and Sixth)—"Bunch of Keys."

POPE'S (Ninth and Olive)—"Rat-Catcher."

PEOPLE'S (Sixth and Walnut)—Katie Putnam in "Erma, the Elf."

STANDARD (Seventh and Walnut)—Dick Gorman's Comedy Company in "Conrad."

CASINO (Fourth, near Walnut)—Vandeville Company.

PALACE MUSEUM (Sixth, near Franklin avenue)—1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Bunch of Keys."

POPE'S—"Rat-Catcher."

PEOPLE'S—Katie Putnam in "Erma, the Elf."

STANDARD—Dick Gorman's Comedy Company in "Conrad."

THERE was every reason yesterday for the confident belief that the strike had been settled, and the universal satisfaction with which the news was received proved how ardently a settlement was desired. It is unfortunate that the failure of the negotiations in New York means a further delay. This delay, however, should not be a long one, and in the meanwhile every good citizen should do his utmost to hasten the peaceful termination of all troubles. This can best be done by insisting upon the maintenance of order and the suppression of any form of lawlessness or violence. There is nothing at issue in the present controversy that cannot be gained by peaceful and legal methods, and the interests of all concerned imperatively demand that at the present time this community should furnish to the world a conspicuous example of obedience to the law.

THE Chinese should start a factory for the making of antique "peachblow" jugs. If they can make one at a cost of $9 and sell it in America for $18,000 one can readily form some idea of the profits of such a business.

THE spirit monopoly bill was defeated in the German Reichstag by a vote of 182 to 8, and the offended Chancellor retorts with vague threats of imperial coercion. BISMARCK is now a very old man, but still unacquainted with the rights of majorities.

IT should be remembered that every Senator, as an individual, has free access to all the papers in the department bearing on the subject of appointments and removals. A due consideration of this fact lessens the importance of the contest between the President and the Senate.

GEN. BUTLER maintains that oleomargarine is more healthful as food than butter. This is an unexpected opinion. The General often shows a preference for the bogus article in politics, but it has been understood that in selecting silver-ware or butter he prefers what is genuine.

MR. BEACH, a Congressman from New York, has introduced a resolution to limit to ten minutes the discussion on any measure called up by a committee in the morning hour. This would expedite the dispatch of business, but it might make a serious inroad on the daily allowance of Congressional rhetoric and sadly curtail the copy for the Congressional Record.

A GREAT many of the good friends of the POST-DISPATCH who have taken the trouble to write us letters on the subject of the strike are doubtless disappointed that these letters are not published. We are very sorry to disappoint them but it is simply impossible to comply with their wishes, and we must request them to save themselves the unnecessary trouble of writing.

THE sentiment in favor of open executive sessions of the Senate continues to grow, and there is an excellent prospect that it will finally prevail. When the Senate frees itself from the incumbrance of the secret session, it will possess a "coigne of vantage" from which to operate effectively against the President's position in reference to papers on file in the departments.

TEN railroad presidents representing $658,000,000 of incorporated capital, met in New York City last week and by the stroke of a pen levied an additional tax of $8,375,000 per annum on the consumers of the anthracite coal supply which those railroads control. By arbitrarily fixing the price and the quantity of the supply, this railroad combination can as arbitrarily control the quantity and price of the labor to be employed in mining coal. This is not in common parlance called a strike, but it is a strike, and one to that is precipitated upon the country by a combination of quasi public agents, formed and operated in restraint of trade and in violation of the common law restrictions upon common carriers.

THE POST-DISPATCH is the literary organ of St. Louis and as such it has the pleasant duty of calling attention to the fact that two of the most notable of recent publications are the work of St. Louis people. Col. THOS. L. SNEAD has published, through SCRIBNER'S, a book called "The Fight for Missouri," giving an account of events in this State from the election of LINCOLN to the death of LYON, which is one of the most valuable contributions to the history of the war, and a most readable book besides, and we have received from the publishers, Putnam's Sons, a copy of Miss BLOW'S "Study of Dante," a product of deep learning and high thinking. St. Louis is proud of her list of authors, which is not a brief one and pre-eminently brilliant.

A GREAT many book lists sent in have been omitted from publication because they contained books of the last century, trivial books and other features which excluded them from any chance of winning under the system of the committee. The committee have further ruled out from the great mass of lists a great many which would otherwise be published, but which it is not necessary to publish. Nothing final will be determined on, however, until the committee are ready to make the award. This, of course, cannot be done until the publication is completed, and in the meanwhile a great deal of work is being done in the way of comparison and elimination. Due announcement will be made of the decision and of the progress toward it.

SENATOR VAN WYCK'S picture of Washington, under Congressional government, is a wonderfully striking likeness of the situation in some cities that are supposed to govern themselves. After showing that a gas company was permitted to pocket dividends ranging from 30 to 60 per cent on stock watered to $2,000,000 from an original investment of $300,000, he went on to show that the National banks of the District were not taxed on their stock, nor were the stockholders, and that the District was governed by Congress just as the banks, railway and gas corporations dictated, all the taxes being levied on small property-holders and on the shop-keepers. Not a Senator pretended to deny his statements, though some of them were evidently nettled when he asserted that Congress was owned and controlled by corporations so far as legislation for Washington was concerned. They took their revenge by referring VAN WYCK'S resolution to Senator INGALLS' District Committee, which generally manages to suppress everything offensive to monopolies in Washington.

THE New Orleans Times-Democrat shows that the demand of the strikers for an arbitration of the dispute between them and the receivers of the Texas & Pacific was in accord with the Civil Code of Louisiana, which applies to the Louisiana part of the road, and makes special provision for the settlement of lawsuits by arbitration, and also for the reference of disputes to "amicable compromisers" who are authorized to abate some of the strictness of law in favor of natural equity. Receiver SHELDON, therefore, according to the Times-Democrat, "takes a very different view from his colleague, of his right and duty in the management of that portion of the road within the jurisdiction of Louisiana, and declares his readiness to hold conferences with any authorized laborers formerly in the employ of the company, and to give courteous attention to their complaints and submit the same to equitable arbitration." Of course the decision of the arbitrators would be subject to review by the United States Court as in the case of the report of a master in chancery, and it is not probable that the Court would disapprove of that method of satisfying the employes.

HAIR BISMARCK is now very bald.

IT is not true that Senator JONES has joined the Detroit Lime Kiln Club.

GOV. HILL of New York is growing a first-class "peachblow" back-bone.

SAM JONES' abandonment of tobacco will take the twist out of his preaching.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN thinks that this should be known in history as the great fist-oal year.

SENATOR INGALLS' arraignment of the Mugwumps was couched in decollete language.

WHEN the switchmen in the public schools get on a strike it is too late for arbitration.

IT is admitted that Dr. ROGERS gave some ringing testimony on the Pan-Electric business.

THE wise people who are explaining the wreck of the Oregon are getting into deep water.

THE case of Presidential back-bone versus Senatorial back-down is ceasing to interest the public.

SENATOR INGALLS may now rank as the EMILE ZOLA of the Senate. The intensity of his realism is startling.

BELVA LOCKWOOD wants to have a hand in the administration of national affairs, even if she was counted out.

JEFF DAVIS will soon deliver a lecture in Montgomery, and timid Congressmen should go home and hide without delay.

BOSTON boasts of two hundred people of royal ancestry, but kings and queens don't count for much in this country unless you get them in groups.

IT remains to be seen how Mr. G. W. CURTIS will meet the very grave charges against the Mugwumps preferred by Senator INGALLS in his low-necked oration.

WHEN they hold an election in Panama it takes the people of the little country twelve days to ascertain the result. It is easy to imagine the possibilities for stuffing afforded by such a state of affairs.

MR. HARRISON, in a recent speech in the Senate, referred to a man who had been discharged for using a letter-head bearing a picture of Gen. LOGAN. It is not known whether Senator HARRISON cited this fact as an enemy or as an apologist of the Administration.

A Healthy Public Sentiment.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

It is gratifying and encouraging to note that the Southern press, and particularly that of Mississippi, has spoken out at once and vigorously on the Carrollton outrage. There was no attempt at explanation or apology. The outrage was denounced in unmeasured terms as "an unmitigated murder," a wholesale butchery. There has been no more healthy expression of public opinion than this, none more promising for the future throughout the entire South. But three or four papers have made any attempt to palliate the crime, and only one of them in Mississippi. And the denunciations of it are based, not on its effect politically or industrially, not because it will give rise to adverse criticism in the Northern press or drive capital or immigration away, but because the South protests against mob law and barbarities, because it insists upon the vindication of the law, because it demands that the negro shall be granted the same protection and privileges as all other citizens.

Bill Arp's Humor.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Of course the average reader enjoys William Arp's letters, but does the average reader perceive their real signification? Does he look beneath the surface to find the secret of that pure humor which is the basis of everything that our William ever wrote? Most likely not. How many average readers enjoy the essays of Charles Lamb? Not many, you may be sure. They hear that the Essays of Elia are overflowing with the finest humor, and they turn to them expecting to find something in the vein of the great American paragrapher, and they are sadly disappointed when they discover their mistake. They search in vain for the boisterous fun they expected to find and they turn away with something like disgust. Our William Arp is the Charles Lamb of the Southern farm-house; his humor is gracious, gentle and original, the quaint and peculiar outgrowth of his surroundings—and everything he writes is touched with that rare tenderness that is never very far away from true humor.

MEN OF MARK.

RED CLOUD, the Indian chief, spoke at Vassar College yesterday.

YANK ADAMS has a scheme of taking a troupe of 250 American cowboys to London.

MEN who claim to know, say that Senator Payne's check is good for $5,000,000 at sight.

M. PASTEUR'S son, a rising young diplomat, holds the position of Second Secretary of France at the Italian court.

MAZZANTINI, one of the principal bull-fighters in Spain, is a candidate for the new Parliament and is likely to be elected.

EDITOR CHILDS, of the Philadelphia Ledger, has given $100 to the fund being raised in Georgia for a monument to the late Alexander H. Stephens.

NEARLY one hundred members of the House of Commons have signed a memorial to Speaker Peel praying that the rule requiring court dress at official levees be abolished.

THE new Philadelphia Directory contains sixty-three Ashs, four Elms, five Walnuts, eleven Pines, fifteen Cherry, thirteen Oaks, a single Poplar, four Chestnuts, and a single Spruce.

CONGRESSMAN HUDD of Wisconsin, who succeeds the late Joseph Rankin, says he is a bimetallist without any specially refined ideas on the financial question. Mr. Hudd will not be lonely in the present House.

SENATOR RANSOM is called the dandy of the Senate, being remarkably neat in his dress. He is a "cuff-shooter"—always pulling down his cuffs so that at least three inches of them may be seen below his coat sleeves.

PRESIDENT ROBERT GARRETT, of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, is at Old Point Comfort, where "progressive auction" is the fashionable dissipation. Railroad managers seem to find this game popular also with State Legislatures.

THE Abbe Liszt presided at the performance of his Mass on Thursday in the Church of St. Eustache, Paris, M. Colonne conducting. The Archbishop refused to allow ladies to sing. The church was crowded. Many Orleanists were present.

MORGAN WHITE was sewing up sacks of guano in the third-story of the Pendleton Guano Works at Atlanta, on Saturday, and had a skein of coarse thread around his neck. The thread caught on a belt that was running just over his head, and Morgan was lifted up, carried over the pulley, and dropped through an opening to the first floor. He was killed outright.

WHEN the Rev. Phillips Brooks of Boston was traveling in Norway he lost a pair of field glasses which he had bought when he lived in Philadelphia, and which were marked with his name and address, "2004 Chestnut street," no city being named. The Norwegian who found the glasses sent them to "Mr. Brooks, 2004 Chestnut street, U. S. A.," and the occupant of 2004 sent them to Mr. Brooks in Boston. All of which proves that the honest men are not all dead.

A WASHINGTON correspondent writes that the false teeth that are responsible for the peculiar expression seen in portraits of George Washington are in the Baltimore College of Dentistry. The lower plate is carved out of one piece of ivory, teeth and all. The upper plate was carved from ivory, as near like a plaster cast of the mouth as possible, and the teeth, also of ivory, were riveted on. The upper plate split after it had been worn awhile, and the pieces were fastened together by two thin strips of iron riveted to the plate.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

CAMILLA URSO is playing in a successful Southern tour. She will be in Wheeling on Monday.

W. D. HOWELLS says that his wife "would never be equal to the demands of the paste-board world" at Washington.

MRS. CONGRESSMAN BARBOUR, the deceased wife of John S. Barbour, directed in her will that $3,000 be distributed in Catholic charities.

MISS ANNE WHITNEY'S statue of "Leif, the Horseman," to be exhibited soon at the Boston Art Club, has received high praise from many leading critics, and is said to strongly suggest the Apollo Belvidere.

MRS. ANNA LEA MERRITT, whose "Eve" caused much comment at the London Academy exhibition last year, will this year exhibit "Saint Cecilia" and some children's portraits. Mrs. Merritt is a Philadelphia lady.

MRS. SECRETARY MANNING is a lady of good tact, excellent social presence, and her uniform politeness to people of all grades makes her very popular. Her success has shown how much a clever woman can do to help her husband on at Washington.

PRINCESS ANNA MURAT, now Duchess of Mouchy, granddaughter of a stable boy who became a soldier, Marshal of France and King of Naples, is by birth an American, born in Bordentown, N. J., in 1841. She still remains one of the handsomest women in France.

SARA BERNHARDT, at a rehearsal of Sardou's "Fedora," for the performance of which she is drilling a new cast, fell and sprained her foot, the injury being of such a painful nature that she was obliged to be taken home at once and has been obliged to remain there and in bed for two days.

REVENUE OFFICER MCDONALD of Atlanta says that the best detective on his force is a woman, "and a lady, too." She lives near Atlanta and is particularly skillful in working up cases and locating stills. He says she has no end of nerve and does not work for the cause of temperance, but for money.

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA is not partial to journalists as a class. But her determination to exclude anything in the shape of a newspaper representative from the recent circus performance at Windsor Castle was frustrated by one enterprising journalist, who dressed himself up as a groom and held up paper hoops for the equestriennes to jump through.

THE SENTIMENT.

WHAT MERCHANTS SAY ABOUT THE HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS.

Talks on Change—Operators Think Jay Gould Ought to Make a Slight Concession to Mr. Powderly—Chats with Merchants.

The news that the strike had not been settled and that there was a hitch in the negotiations between Gould and Powderly, created a decided sensation on 'Change and among the business men generally this morning. While many of the merchants would not speak for publication, yet the feeling was decidedly adverse to Mr. Jay Gould, and the opinion was openly expressed that Mr. Gould should open negotiations with his employes as soon as he could. The change of feeling was decided, and there was talk of calling a citizens' meeting to take action in the premises. The following interviews were secured this morning.

MICHAEL M'ENNIS.

I have a great admiration for Mr. Powderly. He has gone to New York at the risk of great physical suffering, and has sacrificed his personal feelings to go to Mr. Gould's, asking for a chance to settle the strike. If Mr. Gonld had called upon Mr. Powderly and told him he was willing to take the men back to work and adjust all grievances he would have done no more than he ought. And the people of the country would have had a greater respect for him than they now have. He has injured this country enough, and he could not if he tried ever so hard repair the injury he has done. But the opportunity was given him to make some small reparation. He did not accept the opportunity, but insists on that sick man coming to him to beg for concessions. I think, too, he has acted in very bad faith.

WILL BOYD.

I don't like Gould's position to-day; I think he has gone back on himself. While he did not say, in his dispatch to Mr. Hoxie, that the terms of arbitration had been agreed upon, any one reading the dispatch would infer as much, and I am sure he did mean just that. There has been a decided change, and whatever the cause of that change is we do not know, though it looks as if some influence had been brought to bear from this end of the line to save sombody's dignity.

GEORGE R. SMALL.

We have suffered long enough from this strike; it should have been settled long ago. I cannot tell to whom the fault belongs for the failure to settle it, but I think Gould ought to be willing to make proper concessions, and not halt on a little technicality. The quibbling over the meaning of his dispatch to Hoxie looks bad for Gould.

WEB M. SAMUEL.

The time is approaching when merchants must take a stand on one side or the other of this strike, and while I am not prepared to state my position, I do think this change of base on Mr. Gould's part looks bad. These labor organizations are entitled to some recognition and respect from business men of all classes. Their object is to do away with strikes, and they will attain that eventually. Before these organizations existed a strike meant mobs and wholesale destruction of property. In the cases of property destroyed are isolated. These organizations keep their men under better control than could strike managers formerly.

MAYOR FRANCIS.

could not be induced to state his opinion of Gould's position, though he paid a warm compliment to Powderly.

HANSON RASIN.

Gould had it in his power to settle the strike. If he shifts his position too often he may lose entirely all opportunity of effecting a settlement.

FRED VON PHUL.

There is talk of a meeting of merchants to discuss the new phase of the strike. It should be done. There was one meeting of merchants on the trouble, but it was only for one side. There should be another, where the strikers could have some show.

BEN S. BARNES.

I am in favor of an indignation meeting to denounce this change of base on Gould's part. He is going square back on his position of Sunday night.

CHARLES A. COX.

The strike is settled. The roads are receiving freight. Gould wanted to affect the stock market; that's what his change means. That is all it means, too.

MOSES FRALEY.

No one who will read that telegram to Hoxie can say that Gould intended it to be taken in any other way than that he was willing the difficulties between his roads and employes should be submitted to an arbitration committee. He has gone back on that position, and did so to influence the market. He is short on stock and wants to buy low. That's the way these things are managed. A man like Gould can make as much money out of a public calamity as he can out of something of benefit to the people at large.

MAJOR C. C. RAINWATER.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Major Rainwater of St. Louis is greatly disappointed in the change in the attitude of the great railroad king. "The general managers of the East St. Louis roads," said he, this morning, "held a meeting Saturday and concluded to stick it out and make no concessions. One or two of them came East with us, and I think they must have brought some influence to bear on Gould to make him change his attitude toward the strikers. The men would be glad to go back. They only need an excuse to go back. Meanwhile, Gould can't run his road without these 8,000 men and he cannot get men to take their places in six months."

SCARED BY WATER.

The Lake Shore Drive at Chicago Under Water.

CHICAGO, March 30.—During the recent storms the waters of the lake made still further encroachments on the Lake Shore drive in Lincoln Park. From North Avenue pier, for a distance of about half a mile north, the drive is impassable, being washed out in some places and covered with debris in others. All along the shore of Lincoln Park and Evanston great quantities of earth have been washed away. One very remarkable and startling fact is disclosed in connection with the encroachment of the lake on Lincoln Park, and that is that the whole surface of the lake is gradually rising at the rate of about four inches per year. The record shows that the surface of the water is now two and one-half feet higher than it was seven years ago. Portions of the Lake Shore driveway, where are located some of the costliest private residences in the city, have been washed almost completely away. A severe windstorm is prevailing to-day and the lake is again tempestuous, the waves breaking on the beach and causing further destruction.

North St. Louis.

A new local council of the Legion of Honor will shortly be instituted in the vicinity of North Park place.

George Roach, colored, was arrested in the Third District last night while trying to dispose of a buggy robe.

The Tinners and Cornice-workers' Union will have an important meeting to-morrow night at Bolte's Hall, 1314 North Broadway.

Mrs. Annie Davis, a widow with two small children, residing at 1211 North Tenth street, is in destitute circumstances, and has been ordered to vacate her rooms to-day, not having money to pay the rent.

It is said that Wm. F. Neidringhaus contemplates the early erection of a Memorial Sunday-school building on the northwest corner of Seventh street and Cass avenue. It will be of brick with brown stone trimmings.

Peter Hawthorne, aged 19, who has a very black record in police circles, was arrested this morning by Specials Warren and Moberly of Capt. McDonald's staff. Burglary is the charge against Hawthorne. On the 12th of March he burglarized a store on the northwest corner of Thirteenth and Pine streets, and took about $20 worth of cigars.

Obituary.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., 30.—A special from Harrison, announces the death of James A. Wilson, a leading lawyer of Northwestern Arkansas, and well known all over the State.

A Fatal Fall.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MARSHALL, MO., March 30.—August Richter, mechanic, while throwing ashes from his door up-stairs, slipped and fell head foremost twenty feet to the pavement below, fracturing his skull. Late last night Mrs. Mary A. Turner, aged 60, dropped dead of heart disease at home, north of this city.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Winding up the Term Business Under the Dome.

Judge Dillon to-day rendered the following decisions in matters taken under advisement:

Green's Bank vs. Wickham & Pendleton garnishees; judgment against the garnishees for $83.34.

Mary L. Klug vs. Julius C. Klug; decree of divorce granted plaintiff and household furniture vested in plaintiff in lieu of alimony.

Snow vs. McCaffery, motion to amend record sustained.

Wonderly vs. Thompson et al; attorney for plaintiffs allowed $200 to be taxed as costs, motion of attorneys for defendant overruled.

The Odd-Fellows Enjoined.

The order to show cause in the proceeding of Aaron W. Fagin against the Odd-Fellows' Hall Company, relative to excavating encroachments upon an alleyway in the block southeast corner of Ninth and Olive streets, was returnable to-day in Court No. 5 before Judge Thayer. Counsel were heard in the matter, after which the court ordered a temporary injunction upon bond being filed in the sum of $15,000.

Signing for a Creditor.

In the case of McDonald against Archambeault et al., the question was as to the authority of a person who signed the name of the plaintiff to a composition agreement. At the trial neither the plaintiff nor the defendant undertook to show what authority the person had who signed the name of the plaintiff to the paper. The defendant showed that at the time of the composition the plaintiff was in Europe and that the person who signed the paper was in charge of his business. The Court does not think that the case should be decided on such unsatisfactory showing, and grants a new trial.

Balm for Minnie.

Judge Dillon last evening disposed of the breach-of-promise case instituted by Miss Minnie Basch against Gustavus Meyer, a traveling salesman. The engagement took place in the spring of 1884, and Miss Basch alleged that she had often appealed to Mr. Meyer to keep his promise, but he had failed and refused. The court gave her judgment for $1,000.

Stole His Wife's Affections.

A somewhat remarkable suit was filed last evening in the Circuit Court by Leander J. Smith in behalf of Edgar H. Mays against Richard L. Miller. Mr. Mays complains that Mr. Miller, "contriving and wrongfully, wickedly and unjustly intending to injure plaintiff, and to deprive him of the comfort, fellowship, society, aid and assistance of his wife, Lillie Mays, and to alienate and destroy her affections for him, on or about the 1st of August, 1885, and upon diver other days was improperly intimate with said Lillie Mays, and thereby the affection of said Lillie Mays was destroyed, alienated, and the plaintiff has wholly lost and has been deprived of the comfort, fellowship, society, aid and assistance of Lillie Mays in his domestic affairs, which plaintiff would have had but for said unlawful acts of the defendant. By reason of the premises he has been damaged in the sum of $10,000, for which he asks judgment."

Barnes & Wiederholt.

Receiver Leslie Moffett, in the matter of Barnes & Wiederholt, filed his final report today in court. The receipts were $15,180.20, and the disbursements $15,100.99, leaving a balance of $79.21, which is paid into court. The receiver's order of discharge was entered.

Court Notes.

Letters of Administration were granted today to Stephen D. Storm on the estate of Louise Westerfeldt. The estate is valued at $2,400.

Judge Lubke will dispose of the remaining divorce cases on the docket of Court No. 3 Judge Barclay's division, on Thursday afternoon.

An attachment suit was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Receiver Bandy of the Hot Springs National Bank against Henry M. Rector, Jr., to recover $900.

The back tax docket will be called in Court No. 3 on Thursday morning by Judge Horner, acting for Judge Barclay, who is absent in New York. The assignment docket will likewise be called.

Judge Dillon, in the matter of the Glaessner injunction proceeding against the city, the Mayor and the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, relative to the south end switch across Broadway, has ordered a temporary injunction upon bond being filed in the sum of $20,000.

THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

Employes of the Catlin Tobacco Company Indorse It Very Heartily.

As a result of the adoption of the eight-hour law by the Catlin Tobacco Company, which was fully explained in the POST-DISPATCH last Thursday, the employes of the company met Saturday with Charles Mott as chairman and Wm. S. Doyle as secretary, and appointed a committee consisting of J. T. Hardy, Jacob Borner, Chas. Mott and Wm. S. Doyle to prepare resolutions on the action of their employers in regard to the eight-hour law. The resolutions drafted by the committee were as follows:

Whereas, A great number of the employes of the Catlin Tobacco Company have spent the greater portion of their lives in the employment of the said company, thereby becoming familiar with their mode of dealing with their employes, and having found them at all times willing to treat us as free people, always sympathizing with us in our misfortunes and assisting us in time of necessity, and, further, believing that they have always paid us as fair salaries at circumstances would admit, always willing to meet us for the adjustment of any grievance or complaint, never asking any sacrifice of our manhood as a free people, whereby under the method there has never been a strike during the existence of the said company, and, further, believing that if all other employers of labor would do likewise there would be no need of labor troubles that now disturb the country, doing great damage to both employers and employes; and,

Whereas, The said Catlin Tobacco Company have this day further contributed to our welfare by voluntarily establishing eight hours as a day's work without any reduction in the scale of wages as paid for ten hours, thus contributing to our comfort without taking from our pay; therefore, be it

Resolved, 1. That the thanks of the employes be tendered the company for their interest in our behalf.

2. That we pledge ourselves to exert our best efforts to make this favor work to our mutual benefit.

3. That honesty of purpose and kindly interest on the part of employers to their employes bind capital and labor together in a union for the good of all; enable them to meet on the same level and discuss matters in which all are interested, to the end that if any differences should ever arise they may be satisfactorily adjusted at once.

4. We believe that the stand which the Catlin Tobacco Company has taken will exert, by its example, a powerful influence all over the United States, and that hundreds of thousands will reap with us the benefit of the shorter labor day.

The employes met yesterday and these resolutions were presented for their consideration. A motion that they be adopted as read was carried, and it was also resolved to present a copy to the company and to the press.

A LONG DISTANCE WHISPER.

Successful Test of a New Telephone Transmitter at Youngstown, O.

CHICAGO, March 30.—A special from Youngstown, O., says: A test was made yesterday of a new long-distance telephone transmitter, the invention of Dr. Rose of Palmyra, O. A telegraph wire was used, running to Freeport, Ill., with a return loop on other poles, making the distance 878 miles. One transmitter was placed in the office of the Rose Electric Company and the other in the laboratory, two blocks away. The faintest whisper was heard distinctly over the long line. It is entirely unlike the Blake transmitter in action and principle, and Dr. Rose claims that with his device conversation can be clearly carried on by persons 2,000 miles apart. The test was made in the presence of prominent capitalists, who have organized a company here to manufacture transmitters. Next Sunday it will be given a severe test over a wire running to New York, then to Chicago and back here.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on Merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST DISPATCH.—Telephone 555.

"QUEEN OF SH

THE GERMAN GRAND OPER... AUGURATED WITH SU...

A Performance Which Was ... and Artistic—Striking Spect... and Rich Costumes—Herr Sy... hauser" To-Night—Changes ... toire—Adonis in London ... Notes.

The performance of "Queen ... the Olympic last night was in ... with the performances of the ... company. Mapleson's compan... companies and the Gran compa... company. The people of ... have been accustomed, as ... opera sung by one, or at ... two or three singers, assisted by ... chorus and a wheezy orchestra. ... ance last night presented no gr... but on the other hand it presen... strong company. Instead of ...

THE QUEEN OF SHEBA—

... good qualities into one they a... among the different members ... perb individual singing and the ... did ensemble. The distinctive ... the performance last night ... semble. The cast presenting ... of Sheba" was evenly strong, ... was no singer who towered over ... Impressed one as being for ... age, yet on the other hand th... who was distinctly weak, so t... was evenly and admirably sustai... pany is particularly strong. ... They acted with spirit and da... the opera more than a mere mu... There was a fine robus... nerve about the work, musical ... of the company which carried ... them. Herr Alvary, while he ... greatness, has a fine and unus... tenor voice. The quality of it is ... It possesses sufficient strength t... roles with marked effect. Herr ... tained the role of ... mon with admirable ... Herr Fischer and Herr Sanger ... roles of High Priest and Baal Ha... factory. Frau Staudigl's voice w... equate to the role of the Queen, ... did no great singing, she filled ... ments of the part in a way whic... and thoroughly satisfactory. ... be said of Frau Krauss in the pa... and Fraulein Janischowsky w... pleasing in a role which gave h... funities.

* * *

It was in the combined work ... the ensemble, the superb orc... splendid chorus that the great ... performance rested. In these ... performances surpassed anyth... been in St. Louis before. The ... marked contrasts. Goldmar... the spirit of his theme ... terly manner. The theme ru... the impressive services of the h... of the temple to tender sent... glonate love making on a mo... The music varies from the gra... curses of the priests and people ... and fanciful passages of lovers. ... and the grand are blended in the ... the action and in the scener... splendid opportunities for sc... the opera, in the magnificence ... Temple, of Solomon's court an... and beautiful Queen of Sheba ... of the stage prevented the pr... massive pillars and gorgeous pr... the scenery was fine and the effe... the halls, garden, temple and fi... storm in the desert being strikin... tumes were rich and handsome ... part of the last act and ... here and there of the op... out, but this was explained o... that the lateness of the hour an... of the work compelled elision. ... tween the acts were of unusua... night "Tannhauser," with Hi... eminent dramatic tenor, in the ... a strong cast, will be presented ... toire for the week has been ch... Queen of Sheba" was received ... enthusiasm by the audience la... will be substituted for "Lohen... neaday night, and "Lohengrin" ... on Friday. The calls have be... for "Rienzi" that it will be giv... "The Prophet" Thursday nigh... Saturday night.

Wagner's "Tannhau...

"Tannhauser," the opera to ... night at the Olympic, may be s... bolical of the contest in the hu... tween purity and sensuality, of ... tween good and bad. Tannhaus... has been enslaved by the ... Venus and the pleasures of ... mount of Venus (the Horselberg ... bach). After reveling in sensu... he feels remorse for his mode of ... himself away from the goddess ... to his native place and ... by the Landgrave and ... minstrels, who, however, whe... in a minstrel contest where h... hear from his lips the praises o... they are horror-stricken and atte... him, but Elizabeth, the young ... Landgrave, saves him and pl... Through the influence of ... and gentle Elizabeth ... repents and starts for ... a pilgrim to atone for his sins ... goes to Rome, but returns unfor... despair. He determines to ... mount of Venus, when he is met ... a fellow minstrel, who attempts ... him from his purpose. Venus ... self to him, and uses all her ... him again, but Tannhauser resis... Walfram. The finale of the last ... the triumph of Virtue and Tann... in the arms of his friend who h...

The First to the Fro...

Frank Ellis of 406 Locust s... Western Union ticker for rece... scores in his place of busin... Mr. Ellis will explain the new ... the instrument to all who may c...

Notes.

Dick Gorman is pleasing the ... Standard.

"Bunch of Keys" raises the ... Grand in its old way this week.

Katie Putnam, who is undoubt... giving the patrons of the Peop... entertaining even in a queer p... the comedy amuses the audien...

Fanny Mills, the big-footed ... father will give $3,000 to any ... will marry her, is creating a fur... ore Museum. She is a wonderfu...

The "Ratcatcher" drew a ... Pope's last night. The performa... smoothly and effectively tha... night. It is a brilliant spectacl...

The sale of seats for the conce... Woman's Exchange, at Music ... evening, is in progress. Tic... obtained at the Women's Exc... mer & Weber's.

The first lecture of the course ... of the Grant Monument fund, ... Henry Ward Beecher's greatest ... science," which will be delive... Music Hall, April 6.

Bradbury's benefit did not

...et to the pavement below, fracturing ... Late last night Mrs. Mary A. ...ged 60, dropped dead of heart dis... ome, north of this city.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

...up the Term Business Under the Dome.

... Dillon to-day rendered the follow... ...ions in matters taken under advise...

... Bank vs. Wickham & Pendleton ...es; judgment against the garnishees ...

... King vs. Julius C. King; decree of ...ranted plaintiff and household fur... ...ted in plaintiff in lieu of alimony.

...s. McCaffery, motion to amend record ...

...rty vs. Thompson et al; attorney for ...allowed $200 to be taxed as costs; mo... ...Korneys for defendant overruled.

The Odd-Fellows Enjoined.

...der to show cause in the proceeding ...W. Fagin against the Odd-Fellows' ...mpany, relative to excavating en... ...ents upon an alleyway in the block ...st corner of Ninth and Olive streets, ...urnable to-day in Court No. 5 before ...Thayer. Counsel were heard in the ... after which the court ordered a tem... ...njunction upon bond being filed in the ...$5,000.

Signing for a Creditor.

...e case of McDonald against Archam... ...t al., the question was as to the an... ...of a person who signed the name of the ... to a composition agree... At the trial neither the ... nor the defendant undertook ... what authority the person had who ...he name of the plaintiff to the paper. ...endant showed that at the time of the ...ution upon the plaintiff was in Europe and ... person who signed the paper was in ...of his business. The Court does not ...at the case should be decided on such ...factory showing, and grants a new ...

Balm for Minnie.

... Dillon last evening disposed of the ...of-promise case instituted by Miss ...Besch against Gustavus Meyer, a trav... ...esman. The engagement took place ...pring of 1884, and Miss Besch alleged ... had often appealed to Mr. Meyer to ...e promise, but he had failed and re... The court gave her judgment for ...

Stole His Wife's Affections.

...ewhat remarkable suit was filed last ...in the Circuit Court by Leander J. ... in behalf of Edgar H. Mays ... Richard L. Miller. Mr. ... complains that Mr. Miller, ...ving and wrongfully, wickedly and ...y intending to injure plaintiff, and to ...e him of the comfort, fellowship, society, ... assistance of his wife, Lillie Mays, and ...ate and destroy her affections for him, ...bout the 1st of August, 1885, and upon ...ther days was improperly intimate with ...llie Mays, and thereby the affection of ... Lillie Mays was destroyed, and ...ed, and the plaintiff has wholly lost and ...en deprived of the comfort, fellowship, ... aid and assistance of Lillie Mays in his ...ic affairs, which plaintiff would have ...t for said unlawful acts of the defend... By reason of the premises he has been ...ed in the sum of $10,000, for which he ...dgment.

Barnes & Wiederholt.

...ver Leslie Moffett, in the matter of ... & Wiederholt, filed his final report to ...court. The receipts were $15,180.20, and ...bursements $15,160.99, leaving a balance ...t, which is paid into court. The re... ...'s order of discharge was entered.

Court Notes.

...ers of Administration were granted to... Stephen D. Storm on the estate of ...e Westerfeldt. The estate is valued at ...

...ge Lubke will dispose of the remaining ...e cases on the docket of Court No. 3 ... Barclay's division, on Thursday after...

...ttachment suit was filed to-day in the ...t Court by Receiver Bundy of the Hot ...s National Bank against Henry M. Rec..., to recover $500.

...back tax docket will be called in Court ...on Thursday morning by Judge Horner, ... for Judge Barclay, who is absent in New ... The assignment docket will likewise ...lled.

...re Dillon, in the matter of the Glaessner ...tion proceeding against the city, the ... and the Anheuser-Busch Brewing As...ion, relative to the south end switch ... Broadway, has ordered a temporary in...tion upon bond being filed in the sum of ...

THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

...oyes of the Catlin Tobacco Company Indorse It Very Heartily.

...result of the adoption of the eight-hour ...y the Catlin Tobacco Company, which ...fully explained in the POST-DISPATCH last ...day, the employes of the company met ...day with Charles Mott as chairman and ...S. Doyle as secretary, and appointed a ...ittee consisting of J. T. Hardy, ... Borner, Chas. Mott and Wm. S. Doyle ...pare resolutions on the action of their ...oyers in regard to the eight-hour law. ...solutions drafted by the committee were ...lows:

...reas, A great number of the employes of the ...Tobacco Company have spent the greater por... ...f their lives in the employment of the said ...ny, thereby becoming familiar with their mode ...ling with their employes, and having found ...at all times willing to treat us as free people, ...sympathizing with us in our misfortunes and ...ng us in time of necessity, and, further, believ... ...at they have always paid us as fair salaries as ...circumstances would admit, always willing to ...the adjustment of any grievance or complaint, ...asking any sacrifice of our manhood as a free ...e whereby under the method there has never ...a strike during the existence of the said com... ...and, further, believing that if all other ...oyers of labor would do likewise there would be ...ed of labor troubles that now disturb the coun...ding great damage to both employers and em...oyed.

...reas, The said Catlin Tobacco Company have ...by further contributed to our welfare by volun... ...establishing eight hours as a day's work with... ...y reduction in the scale of wages as paid for ten ..., thus contributing to our comfort without tak...om our pay; therefore, be it

...olved, That the thanks of the employes be ...ed the company for their interest in our behalf, ...at we pledge ourselves to exert our best ef... ...o make this favor work to our mutual benefit. ...hat honesty of purpose and kindly interest on ... part of employers to their employes ... capital and labor together in ... for the good of all; enable them ...et on the same level and discuss matters in ... all are interested, to the end that if any differ... ...should ever arise they may be satisfactorily ...ted at once.

...We believe that the stand which the Catlin ...co Company has taken will exert a far ...pie, a powerful influence all over the United ..., and that hundreds of thousands will reap with ... benefit of the shorter labor day.

...e employes met yesterday and these reso... ...ns were presented for their consideration. ...tion that they be adopted as read was ...ed, and it was also resolved to present a ... to the company and to the press.

A LONG DISTANCE WHISPER.

...essful Test of a New Telephone Trans... ...mitter at Youngstown, O.

...HICAGO, March 30.—A special from Youngs..., O., says: A test was made yesterday of ...long-distance telephone transmitter, the ...ention of Dr. Rose of Palmyra, O. A telе... ...h wire was used, running to Freeport, Ill., ... a return loop on other poles, making the ...ance 378 miles. One transmitter was ...ed in the office of the Rose Electric Com... ...y and the other in the laboratory, two ...ks away. The faintest whisper was heard ...kably over the long line. It is asserted ...e the Blake transmitter in action an ...ciple, and Dr. Rose claims that with ... ...ee conversation can be clearly carried o... ...ersons 500 miles apart. The test was ...e in the presence of prominent capitalists, ...have organized a company here to manu... ...ure transmitters. Next Sunday it will be ...n a severe test over a wire running to Mo... ...k, then to Chicago and back here.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

...ll call on Merchants wishing to contract for ...vertising in the POST DISPATCH.—Telephone

"QUEEN OF SHEBA."

THE GERMAN GRAND OPERA SEASON INAUGURATED WITH SUCCESS.

A Performance Which Was Strong, Even and Artistic—Striking Spectacular Effects and Rich Costumes—Herr Sylva in "Tannhauser" To-Night—Changes in the Repertoire—Adonis in London—Amusement Notes.

The performance of "Queen of Sheba" at the Olympic last night was in strong contrast with the performances of the Mapleson Opera company. Mapleson's companies are all-star companies and the Grau company is a no-star company. The people of St. Louis have been accustomed, as a rule, to hear opera sung by one, or at the outside two or three singers, assisted by an attenuated chorus and a wheezy orchestra. The performance last night presented no great star singer, but on the other hand it presented and even, strong company. Instead of massing all the

THE QUEEN OF SHEBA—ACT IV.

good qualities into one they are distributed among the different members. One gives superb individual singing and the other a splendid ensemble. The distinctive excellence of the performance last night lay in the ensemble. The cast presenting the "Queen of Sheba" was evenly strong, and while there was no singer who towered over the others or impressed one as being far beyond the average, yet on the other hand there was none who was distinctly weak, so that every part was evenly and admirably sustained. The company is particularly strong dramatically. They acted with spirit and dash and gave to the opera more than a mere musical rendition. There was a fine robustness, vigor, nerve about the work, musical and dramatic, of the company which carried one along with them. Herr Alvary, while he falls short of greatness, has a fine and unusually pleasing tenor voice. The quality of it is excellent and it possesses sufficient strength to sing in heavy roles with marked effect. Herr Robinson sustained the role of King Solomon with admirable effect, while Herr Fischer and Herr Sanger in the minor roles of High Priest and Baal Hanan were satisfactory. Frau Scaudiglia's voice was entirely adequate to the role of the Queen, and while she did no great singing, she filled the requirements of the part in a way which was pleasing and thoroughly satisfactory. The same may be said of Frau Krauss in the part of Salamith, and Fraulein Janischowsky was particularly pleasing in a role which gave her few opportunities.

* * *

It was in the combined work of the company, the ensemble, the superb orchestra and the splendid chorus that the great merit of the performance rested. In these respects the performance surpassed anything which has been in St. Louis before. The opera presents marked contrasts. Goldmark has grasped the spirit of his theme in a masterly manner. The theme runs from the terribly impressive services of the inner sanctuary of the temple to tender sentiment and passionate love-making on a moonlight night. The music varies from the grand sacred choruses of the priests and people to the tender and fanciful passages of lovers. The sensuous and the grand are blended in the music and in the action and in the scenery. There are splendid opportunities for scenic effects in the opera, in the magnificence of the Jewish temple, of Solomon's court and of the lavish and beautiful Queen of Sheba. The limits of the stage prevented the proper effect of massive pillars and gorgeous processions, but the scenery was fine and the effect impressive, the halls, garden, temple and finally the sandstorm in the desert being striking. The costumes were rich and handsome. The larger part of the last act and a few bits here and there of the opera were cut out, but this was explained on the ground that the lateness of the hour and the length of the work compelled elision. The waits between the acts were of unusual length. To-night "Tannhauser," with Herr Sylva, the eminent dramatic tenor, in the title role, with a strong cast, will be presented. The repertoire for the week has been changed. "The Queen of Sheba" was received with so much enthusiasm by the audience last night that it will be substituted for "Lohengrin" on Wednesday night, and "Lohengrin" will be given on Friday. The calls have been so frequent for "Rienzi" that it will be given in place of "The Prophet" Thursday night and also on Saturday night.

Wagner's "Tannhauser."

"Tannhauser," the opera to be given to-night at the Olympic, may be taken as symbolical of the contest in the human heart between purity and sensuality, of the fight between good and bad. Tannhauser, a minstrel, has been enslaved by the charms of Venus and the pleasures of love in the mount of Venus (the Hoerselberg near Eisenbach). After reveling in sensual enjoyment he feels remorse for his mode of life and tears himself away from the goddess. He returns to his native place and is welcomed by the Landgrave and his fellow minstrels, who, however, when they learn in a minstrel contest where he has been, and hear from his lips the praises of sensuality, they are horror-stricken and attemps to slay him, but Elizabeth, the young niece of the Landgrave, saves him and pleads for him. Through the influence of the pure and gentle Elizabeth Tannhauser repents and starts for Rome on a pilgrim to atone for his sins. Tannhauser goes to Rome, but returns unforgiven and in despair. He determines to return to the mount of Venus, when he is met by Walfram, a fellow minstrel, who attempts to dissuade him from his purpose. Venus discloses herself to him, and uses all her arts to ensnare him again, but Tannhauser resists and follows Walfram. The finale of the last act represents the triumph of Virtue and Tannhauser dying in the arms of his friend who has saved him.

The First to the Front.

Frank Ellis of 406 Locust street, placed a Western Union ticker for receiving base ball scores in his place of business yesterday. Mr. Ellis will explain the novel workings of the instrument to all who may call on him.

Notes.

Dick Gorman is pleasing the people at the Standard.

"Bunch of Keys" raises the ripples at the Grand in its old way this week.

Katie Putnam, who is undoubtedly clever, is giving the patrons of the People's something entertaining even in a queer play. Some of the comedy amuses the audience.

Fanny Mills, the big-footed girl, whose father will give $5,000 to any young man who will marry her, is creating a furor at the Palace Museum. She is a wonderful curiosity.

The "Ratcatcher" drew a fine house to Pope's last night. The performance went more smoothly and effectively than on Sunday night. It is a brilliant spectacular attraction.

The sale of seats for the concert in aid of the Woman's Exchange, at Music Hall, Saturday evening, is in progress. Tickets may be obtained at the Women's Exchange and Balmer & Weber's.

The first lecture of the course for the benefit of the Grant Monument fund, will be the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's greatest effort, "Conscience," which will be delivered at Exposition Music Hall, April 6.

Bradburn's benefit did not come off last night as stated this morning in the Globe-Democrat, but will take place this evening, the 30th. All the local sports will be in attendance. The performance will wind up with a set-to between Dan Daly and Bradburn.

SPENDING LENT AT OTHER POINTS.

St. Louisans Who Are Wearing Sackcloth at Some of the Resorts.

The number of St. Louisans leaving the city to spend the Lenten season elsewhere has been greater this year than ever before. The points selected in which to spend the enforced season of retirement are as diverse as the points of the compass. A small number of them are resting at Old Point Comfort. Of that number Mrs. Waters of Locust street, who was ordered to Old Point Comfort for her health, has been passing several weeks there, and is greatly improved. Her son left last week to join her, and will accompany her to New York later in the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Liggett and their daughter, Miss Ella Liggett, are sojourning at Old Point Comfort for a few weeks.

Miss Clemmie Garnean leaves this week to join a party of Cincinnati friends who go to Old Point Comfort for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Simmons have just returned after a few weeks spent at Old Point Comfort.

IN MEXICO.

Among those traveling in Mexico, are Dr. and Mrs. Steadman, who have been absent about six weeks, and are expected home shortly.

Mrs. J. K. Lentz is traveling in Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brookings are visiting the cities of Old Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McClure are in New Mexico.

Miss Emma Boucher is with a party of friends in New Mexico.

IN CALIFORNIA.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Barnard and her sister, Miss Tyndall, left this week for a tour of Lower California.

Mr. Crawford Kendrick is making a tour of California.

Mrs. Harding and Miss Olive Harding have spent the winter in California.

Misses Valle and her daughters are spending the spring in California.

Miss Stevenson is spending a month or six weeks on the Pacific Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Busch and family, Mrs. Harry Webber and Miss Edith Busch, Mr. and Mrs. Tony Faust and others, are making the tour of California in Mr. Busch's private car.

Mr. John Delaney left with his niece, Miss Catherine Lyndsay, last week for a visit to the Pacific Coast.

Mr. Dave Rankin is visiting San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Hal Elliott, Jr., are making a two months' tour of the Pacific Slope.

Miss Fannie Hart is with friends making a tour of Southern California.

AT THE GULF.

Quite a number of society people are visiting New Orleans and the lower portion of the Mississippi Valley. Among them a party chaperoned by Mrs. Henry C. Soulard, Miss Lizzie La Motte, Miss Mamie Hunt, Miss Gussie Ziebig, Miss Etta Powell and Messrs. Soulard, La Motte, Mullanphy, Cates and Howard Benoist.

Miss Ruby Turnbull is visiting the family of Gen. Wade Hampton in Mississippi.

Miss Luna Garrison will spend the greater part of April in New Orleans.

Mrs. Johnson and daughter, Miss Hennie Johnson, have gone to Florida.

Mrs. McNair and daughter are at Pass Christian.

Gen. and Mrs. Harney are at Pass Christian.

Miss Etta Davidson is visiting relatives at Woodville, Miss.

Miss Jennie Martin has returned with her cousin, Miss Natalie Hughes, who has been her guest this winter, to her home, at Camp Parapet, near New Orleans.

Miss Laura Evan is in New Orleans with friends.

Miss Nannie Chouteau is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henshaw, at New Iberia, La.

Mme. de Smirnoff is with her little daughter, Etelka, in the South.

IN TEXAS.

Texas seems to be coming to the front as a popular spring resort.

Mrs. Auguste Chouteau and her sisters, Misses Agnes and Therese Taylor, are at San Antonio.

Mrs. Gus Ewing and her sister, Miss Maude Valle, are trying ranch life in Texas.

Mr. Charles Cabanne and Mr. Gasten Soulard are in Texas; Mr. Cabanne for the benefit of his health.

Miss Delphine Turner is with friends in Texas, where she will be joined this week by her sister, Mrs. George Paschal.

Miss Eliza Edwards is visiting her uncle at Denison, Texas.

IN FLORIDA.

Among the tourists in Florida are Mrs. John Dillon and daughter, who are visiting her sister, Mrs. Randolph.

Col. and Mrs. G. G. Williams, who have been in Florida for the past two months, will return about the 1st of May.

Mrs. Azby Chouteau has been greatly benefited by her sojourn of a couple of months in Florida. she will remain a month longer before returning.

Col. Prather and Capt. Scudder are spending a few weeks visiting various points in the orange district.

Miss Lallie Newman is with a party of friends in Florida.

AT HOT SPRINGS.

A large party of St. Louisans are at Hot Springs for the spring season—Mrs. Maffitt with her daughters, Mrs. Ed Walsh and Misses Nancy and Emily Maffit, Miss May Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Walsh and Mrs. John Walsh, her son-in-law and daughter, Mrs. Judge Laughlin, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Humphrey, Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Walsh, Mr. Syd Francis, Mr. and Mrs. Harriet Bland Smith expect to join the party soon, also Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Cook as soon as his health permits him to travel.

AT OTHER POINTS.

There are also a number of absentees at various points. Mrs. R. J. Lockwood is visiting her daughter in Virginia; Mrs. Driggs leaves this week for Boston; Miss McFall is in Jerseyville; Miss Anna Hoxie is in Kansas City; Mr. and Mrs. Leverett Bell go to New York with their daughter.

Miss Annie Livingstone goes to Kansas City this week to attend a wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Walsh are at Eureka Springs for the benefit of his health.

Mr. and Mrs. Minor Meriwether and Mr. Lee Meriwether are in Washington City.

Mrs. Gen. Davidson is in Washington City.

Miss Mary Cabell goes to Virginia.

Mrs. Beevis and Miss Lida Beevis go to Cincinnati to visit her sister, Mrs. Price.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sampson left yesterday to attend the National Silk Manufacturers' Convention at Chicago.

Miss Bertie West is so charmed with her visit to Kentucky that her stay is indefinite.

Miss Helen Fiedld is in Kansas City.

Miss Strickland is visiting Mrs. Crenshaw at Springfield, while Mrs. Morrison and Miss Mimi Morrison are in retreat at the Sacred Heart. She will return this week.

Mrs. Watson B. Farr goes to St. Joseph this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clark are in New York and Washington.

Miss Maude James is visiting friends in Cincinnati.

Miss Lucy Brownlee is at Fort Leavenworth.

RETURNS.

Mrs. Nat Claiborne has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Buchanan of Louisville.

Miss Annie Williams and niece return this week to New York.

Miss Mae Scullen has returned to her home on the "Bluff," after a winter spent delightfully with the family of the Mexican Consul, old friends during her long residence in Mexico.

Miss Tallie Brant after a winter spent delightfully in New York and Washington is at home again.

Mr. and Mrs. Dent Tutt have returned from a long visit to the South.

Mrs. Cornelia Douglas has returned from a visit to her son, Mr. Ed Douglas, in Florida.

Miss Attie Elliott returns this week from a visit to relatives in the interior.

Mr. and Mrs. George Toms have returned this week from Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. George Doan have returned from a visit to their daughter Mrs. Lieut. Irwin.

Miss Dixie Thaw returns in a few weeks from New York.

Mrs. John Bryan has returned from Texas in greatly improved health.

Miss Edmonds, daughter of Dr. Edmonds of Washington avenue, returns this week from New Orleans.

Mrs. Charles Gonter and son have returned from California.

Mrs. Harding and Miss Olive Harding return this week from California.

Mr. J. D. Filley has returned from Quincy.

Caught on the Fly.

Curtis Welch, the great center-fielder of the Browns, was up before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of loitering. He was down on Clark avenue last night very drunk, and when Officer Kickham requested him to move on, showed a disposition to fight. Officer McDonald came along and took Welch into custody. The Athletic ball-tosser was still suffering from the effects of his night's debauch when arraigned in the First District Police Court this morning. He was fined costs which a friend paid for him.

IT IS OFF.

THE $5,000 SCULLING MATCH BETWEEN HANLAN AND ROSS.

But Hanlan Will Row Hosmer for $1,500 at Lake Joseph—Base Ball Gossip—Sporting News, Notes and Gossip.

BOSTON, March 30.—The $5,000 sculling match between Hanlan and Ross, scheduled for June 24 at Lachine, is understood to be off. It is officially announced that Hanlan and Hosmer will row for $1,500 at Lake Joseph, near Quebec, on June 24. Hosmer confirms this.

Bicycle Budget.

Some eight or ten Missourians and Ramblers made a run to Ferguson Sunday. When they left Normandy there was no mud, but before they reached Ferguson they were in muddy clay so sticky that both wheels blocked. Lieut. Lewis of the Missourians got so mad at his machine that he pitched it over a fence. The obstinate thing thereupon came to life and ran off down the hill, leaving the rider standing on the fence yelling: "Head 'er off! head 'er off!" When the party reached Ferguson they were nearly covered with clay, and the big wheels looked like solid yellow disks. After drying off they got on a freight caboose and reached the city in good spirits, except Capt. Brewster, who, finding no room within, had to hold his "bike" on the rear platform, chattering with cold all the way in. He says the distance to St. Louis is 300 miles.

In this issue of the Bulletin, E. E. Stettinius declines the nomination unqualifiedly of Chief Consul. At the meeting of the L. A. W. Saturday evening Mr. E. M. Senseny, in the most emphatic terms, refused to run or consent to be voted for against Mr. Rogers. This unqualified refusal was called out by a direct inquiry from a member as to whether he (Mr. Senseney) would allow himself to be put in the field for Chief Consul. The refusal of Messrs. Stettinius and Senseney to have any part in contesting Mr. Rogers' election leaves everything pointing to the latter's unanimous election.

The touring committee of the Missouri Division was appointed Saturday night to confer with the similar commitee of the Illinois Division about publishing a road book of the two States, with maps.

At the close of the renewal season, the total League membership in several States stood as follows: Connecticut, 412; Illinois, 996; Maryland, 108; Massachusetts, 964; Michigan, 123; Missouri, 142; New Jersey, 625; New York, 1,088; Ohio, 594; Pennsylvania, 975. The total membership of all the States is 6,340, an increase of 28½ per cent. The greatest per cent of increase in States with over 100 members was in Massachusetts, where it was 61. Michigan was next with 60 per cent, and Missouri ran with 51. Missouri's quota has grown from 94 members in 1885 to 143 in 1886.

Steinitz, the World's Champion.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—The great international chess match between Zukertort and Steinitz came to a close last night. The players, it will be remembered, left New York with Zukertort in the lead and the drift of opinion being that he would win. Steinitz, however, played well when he began and won the match. Zukertort lost his queen on the seventeenth move last night and resigned. His bad physical condition, he says, was the cause of his being beaten. The match was for $2,000 and the championship of the world. Steinitz gets the money and the champion-ship. The players will remain here a few days longer. The total score of the match is: Steinitz, 10; Zukertort, 5; Drawn, 5.

To-Day's Game Postponed.

The game between the Maroons and the Browns which was to have taken place at the Union Park to-day has been postponed until next week. The third regular game of the series will be played at the same park on Thursday of this week.

Gossip of the Game.

The price of the Boston Club's season tickets is $8.

Erastus Wiman takes a trip to Europe this week.

At Savannah, Ga.—Pittsburgs, 1; Savannahs, 0.

Atlanta claims to have the finest ground in the Southern League.

The capital of the Toronto Association has been increased to $10,000.

Kirby, Lucas' young pitcher, wants the public to know that he is not married.

The Pearls and the Prickly Ash clubs will please send their address to this paper.

Miss Rose Coghlan and her company witnessed a game of ball at Nashville last week.

It is said that Earle of the Nashvilles is quite a sprinter, and that he can make the 100 yards in 10 seconds.

It is said that Jack Gleason will play with the Athletics, and that he has accepted an offer from that club.

The Barkley case has been set for a hearing in the Pittsburg Court of Common Pleas No. 1, next Friday at 8:30 a. m.

The Kansas City team is to have two uniforms. First, a white suit, with blue trimmings, and the other a chocolate color with red trimmings.

The Headlights will have the following team in the field: Glynn, pitcher; Sanks, catcher; Savage, first base; Hudson, second base; Jostarud, third base, Clark, short stop; Brewster, right field; Cramer, center field; Ackerson, left field. They will play clubs under 19 years of age. No. 2292 Cass avenue.

The D. Crawford club has reorganized with the following team: A. Hoenaman, pitcher; H. Springrose, catcher; C. Millien, first base; B. Buchanan, second base; J. Powers, third base; E. Silverburg, short stop; T. O'Hanion, left field; E. Kramer, center field; H. Heper, right field. The club wants to hear from Nugent, Penny & Gentles or Wm. Barr clubs.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. John A. Scudder is at Tampa Bay, Fla., on a trip for his health.

Father Hughes delivered a lecture on "Man's Animal Affinities" last night at the University Library Hall.

The wife of Rev. Dr. Lewis is lying dangerously ill from rheumatism of the heart at the family residence, 3121 Washington avenue.

The Harness and Saddle Makers' L. A., No. 777, give a raffle of a set of fine buggy harness for the benefit of the striking railroad employes, next Saturday evening, at No. 904 South Fourth street.

J. J. McKellup, who is wanted in Indianapolis for alleged embezzlement of $200 from the firm for which he was a traveling salesman, was arrested this afternoon by Detectives Tracey and Tucker.

The Lands and Leasing and the High School Committees of the School Board met last evening, for the purpose of selecting a site for the new High School. The Committee had nine lots under consideration but no selection was made.

The Teachers' Committee of the Public Schools met yesterday afternoon. The resignations of Beulah E. Staats, Third Assistant of the Garfield, and Sarah S. Martin, Directress of the Humboldt Kindergarten, were received and accepted.

The body of a man, about 30 years of age, about five feet nine inches in height and rather commonly clad, was found in the river yesterday afternoon at the foot of Loughborough avenue. The body had evidently been in the river some time.

A meeting of the St. Louis Pouiterers' Association was held last night at Central Turner Hall with P. M. Laughlin in the chair and a large number of local poultry dealers were present. The object of the meeting, as voiced in the resolutions, was to protest against the new move of selling poultry by weight instead of by the dozen.

Deputy Coroner Hennessy yesterday held an inquest upon the body of Jennie Lemen, at 1007 Howard street. The deceased was 18 years of age. The Coroner rendered a verdict of death by puerperal peritonitis, the result of a criminal abortion produced on her of her own will, whether with the assistance of another or not could not be ascertained. The girl had been in America but six months.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip from the Adjacent Towns.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., March 29.—Two elections were held here yesterday at which great interest was shown, although the vote polled at each was light. One was to compromise our railroad indebtedness at 25 per cent for bonds, and 65 per cent for judgments. The compromise was defeated by 55 votes. The other was to elect a City Marshal and Collector to fill the unexpired term of H. A. Asbolls, who was deposed on March 1 by the City Council on charges brought by the Mayor.——Mrs. O. F. Bretlin entertained the Crystal Glee Club at the St. Charles Hotel on Tuesday evening.——Rev. Wells, a noted Presbyterian revivalist of Kentucky, will commence services in the Presbyterian Church here to-morrow, to continue for three weeks.——Miss Bertha Kertermann, who has been attending the Conservatory of Music in St. Louis, returned home on Friday.——Mrs. O. B. Mack returned to her home in St. Louis last week.——Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Brooks of St. Louis are stopping with Mrs. J. M. McLean.

Joplin, Mo., March 29.—Mrs. N. L. Long is receiving a visit from her sister, Miss Clara Dittoe of Carthage.——Mrs. Sol Manlove has returned from a prolonged visit with relatives in Indiana.——Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pool of Carthage are visiting Mr. C. W. Judd, their son, here.——Mrs. W. N. Barron visited Galena friends the last of the week.——Mr. William Walker, an old Scotch gentleman farmer, living east of the city, was a visitor here on Saturday.——The two sons of Mrs. Coyne, of the Transit Hotel, Webb City, who with their families are residents here, were made happy by a visit from their mother very recently.——Mrs. Hugh Jennings received a visit from her father, Mr. S. Hall of Quaker Vale, Kan., on Saturday.——Messrs. Wm. B. Shaffer of Allentown, Pa., and W. N. Hobart of Pottstown, Pa., left on Friday for their homes.

"ADONIS" IN LONDON.

Henry E. Dixey Preparing to Capture the Britishers.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, March 30.—Mr. Geo. Edward, the manager of the Gaiety Theater here, has just concluded a contract with Mr. Henry E. Dixey by which the latter is to present "Adonis" at his theater on May 31, for a limited engagement of twelve weeks. This announcement has caused somewhat of a sensation here, as several managers have tried without avail to secure Mr. Dixey, and have been in communication with his manager, Mr. E. E. Rice, for months.

A Chat About the Trip.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The POST-DISPATCH correspondent found the genial "Adonis" at his house, on Forty-fourth street, last night. Mr. Dixey was looking happy. He said, in answer to the interrogation, "Is it true that you are going to London?"

"Yes, I am; because 'it's English, quite English, you know.'"

"When were the negotiations with Mr. Edwards concluded?"

"Last Saturday night, by cable. Mr. Rice has been in constant communication with Mr. Edwards for four months, and I can tell you that the cable was severely used. Last Saturday the contract was signed."

"When will you leave?"

"I will sail on May 12. On Friday night, April 16, I will play my 600th night of 'Adonis,' and the following night will be my last appearance in this country prior to my departure."

"Will Mr. Rice accompany you?"

"Yes, and I shall take the entire company, scenery and property. I am very much pleased with the prospect, and as I am to receive £300 per week as my share, you may be sure I have no cause to complain. Of course, I am somewhat sorry to leave this country and especially this city, where everybody, both peers and public, have been so very kind to me. But, of course, I must go where duty calls. And I know that my numerous friends on this side of the ocean will only be too pleased should I succeed with our English cousins."

"Will you play the part as you have in this city?"

"Yes; I shall make no change in it whatever."

"You will also do your imitation of Irving?"

"Most decidedly; in fact the trip will be just a jump and I shall present the play in London on the first night just as I give it on the 600th night here."

"Where do you go after leaving London?"

"I shall make a visit to Paris, where I shall probably play a week for the entertainment of the American colony. Then I shall go to Vienna and visit my friend Herr Adolph Sonnenthal, who, when in this city, visited the Bijou Theater at my invitation, when I gave a special performance in his honor. He then extended to me an invitation to visit him should I ever go to Europe, and I shall probably play there also."

"When do you return?"

"I shall leave Vienna about September 12, and will arrive here in time to open in Boston, at the Hollis Street Theater in the first week in October. This proposed trip is my only reason for closing at the Bijou Theater so early."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Barney McCauley, the actor, died in New York yesterday.

Australia will not permit France to annex the New Hebrides.

A general court-martial has been ordered at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Taylor Phillipi of Lexington, Ind., was trampled to death by a favorite stallion.

The Pope has declared the right of the laity to join the Primrose League in England.

Several French newspapers accuse Bismarck of inciting the present riots in Belgium.

Preston Valentine confessed the murder of Wm. Van Valzes, a watchman in Augusta, Ga.

Geronimo, Chihuahua, Nana and Natchez, Apache chiefs, have surrendered to Gen. Crook.

Terrific rainstorms in Tennessee compelled the abandonment of trains on the principal railroads.

A tornado in Helena, Ark., destroyed the Opera-house, Court-house and a number of business houses.

Antonious Seman, an immigrant Swiss watchmaker was arrested at Louisville, Ky., for smuggling watches.

John B. Mannix, assignee of Archbishop Purcell's estate, has been found to be indebted to the trustees $307,807.70.

R. R. Whittier killed himself at Wallaston, Mass., to escape being murdered by a man who followed him persistently.

Judge Francis of Bismarck, Dak., has ordered all vagabonds out of the city. Numbers have been taken there to vote.

The workingmen's representatives in the English Parliament are said to condemn Chamberlain's attitude toward Gladstone.

Weakley Ridely and Tobe Williams, negroes, were lynched at Alamo, Tenn., for the murder of Daniel Guthrie of Crockett County.

David Crane has been arrested at Shoals, Ind., for the murder of Samuel Freeman on accusation of Sam Archer, the desperado.

In the Canadian Senate yesterday the government was attacked for not negotiating a new fisheries treaty with the United States.

At Aliltke Station, sixty miles east of North Platte, Col., a freight train jumped the track. The fireman and four brakemen were killed.

Edward Meyers, a Lexington, Ky., business man, married the mother of his child rather than go to jail, and left another woman in the lurch.

Henry Taylor, an epileptic patient in the Coffee County, Tennessee, Insane Asylum, killed his room-mate, Neill, and was shot by a guard.

James Edwards, 50 years old, killed Miss Elsie Williams, aged 40 years, because she would not marry him. He then committed suicide.

Miss Lillian Child, daughter of the newly appointed Minister to Bangkok, eloped with a painter, Thos. K. Grow. They were married in Kansas City.

Rev. Downey Blair, preaching near Smyrna Post-office, Ky., received a message of the lynching of his son in Kansas. The preacher swooned in the pulpit.

The entire reserve force of the Belgian army has been called out. In attacks on factories in Megs and Charleroi a number of strikers were killed and wounded last night.

Mr. O'Hara of North Carolina attempted to introduce a bill yesterday to appoint a committee of five members to investigate the recent murders at Carrollton, Miss., but Mr. Reagan of Texas objected and the bill died.

The increase of the army was discussed in the Senate yesterday. A letter from Gen. Sheridan was read advocating the proposed increase. Senators Plumb and Teller opposed and Senators Dawes and Logan favored it. The latter made quite a humorous speech in support of his bill, which went over.

Cady's Court.

The business of the First District Police Court is still seriously impaired by the absence of the police every morning, they being sent down to protect railroad property. Al Deffert, an idler, was fined $50, but given a stay during good behavior. James E. Ring was fined $5 for being drunk on the street. Louisa Godfrey, who keeps a house on Chestnut street, and several of her women were fined. They had all been on a drunk and were arrested.

NEW

SPRING GOODS

—AT—

STRIKING FIGURES!

16 pcs Colored Gros-Grain Silks, all new shades, at 73c; other houses ask $1 for the same goods.
Black Silks at 49c, 59c, 69c, 99c, $1.13 and $1.23; former prices were 65c, 75c, 90c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.60.
27 pcs 38-inch New Spring Novelties, 20c; cost to import, 27 1-2c.
New French and English Novelty Suitings, in combinations and plain, from $4.90 to $12.50 per pattern; fully 25 per cent less than manufacturers' cost.
New and Fancy Dress Ginghams, worth 15c; now 10c.
New Satines, worth 10c, now 6 1-4c.
60-inch Cream Damask Table Linen, 37c; regular price, 52 1-2c.
A full line of Check Nainsooks from 5c, 7 1-2c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c; regular prices, 7 1-2c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 20c.
36-inch Egyptian Flouncing, 89c; worth $1.75.
45-inch French Nainsook Skirting, $1.25; worth $2.50.
A complete line of New Embroideries, from 3c to $1 per yard.
Ladies are respectfully invited to visit our Millinery Department. Our stock is choice and prices the very lowest. We offer our English Milans, in black and all leading shades, at prices that cannot be competed with. Ostrich Plumes, Tips, Pompons and handsome Mountures. We trim free of charge while you wait.
We are now bringing out New Spring Suits at greatly reduced prices. Stylish Gray and Ecru Suits, $6.75, $7.95, $12.50; Cloth Suits, in all shades, tailor-made, $12.50, $19.79; Silk Suits, $12.50, $18.50, $25.75, $32.90.
Choice line of New Fichus, Embroideries, Scarfs and Shawls.
Ladies' Jerseys, complete assortment in qualities and sizes, from 73c to $3.23.
Our Dressmaking Department has no equal in the city.
50 gross Elegant Metal Buttons, in all shades, to be sold at a sacrifice—10c, 12 1-2c, 15c; worth double the money.

The above can only give a faint idea of the many Bargains we are now showing in every department. Careful buyers who compare our goods and prices will save money.

T. F. Moloney

615 and 617 North Broadway.

4th & Locust Lowest Priced House in America for FINE SILVER-PLATED WARES.

Tea Sets, Casters, BUTTER DISHES, Ice Sets.

All our ware stamped Mermod, Jaccard & Co. Guaranteed quadruple-plate and warranted.
CUPS, Prices—$1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50 and $5.
SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, very low.

MERMOD & JACCARD

THE ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Is delivered by Carriers at 15 Cents a week in more than 400 Cities and Towns in the surrounding States.

BRANCH OFFICES IN THE CITY.

The following branch offices have been established where Want Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received and where the paper is kept for sale:

1500 CHOUTEAU AV.—H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist; Pure Drugs, Medicines, Cigars, etc.
1500 OLIVE ST.—Russell Riley, Druggist; Best of Drugs, Toilet Articles, Cigars, etc.
1501 BENTON ST.—Otto Sutter, Druggist; Prescriptions a specialty.
1800 FRANKLIN AV.—C. Klipstein, Drugs and Perfumeries.
1837 CASS AV.—C. W. Tomfohrde; Fine Drugs; Prescriptions a specialty.
1957 PARK AV.—G. H. J. Andreas, Prescription Druggist; Choice Perfumeries.
2001 N. BROADWAY.—Otto D'Amour, Druggist, and dealer in Paints and Oils.
2100 SIDNEY ST.—E. DuFour, Confectioner; Choice Cigars; Telephone 2056.
2248 DODIER ST.—G. H. Wagner, Prescription Pharmacist; Fine Chemicals, Perfumes etc.
2328 WASHINGTON AV.—Thos. G. Glenn, Druggist; best of Drugs.
2601 LAFAYETTE AV.—John J. Harris, Druggist; Toilet Articles, etc.
2631 GAMBLE ST. — Braun's Pharmacy; Choice Perfumeries and Fancy Articles.
2700 CHOUTEAU AV.—W. E. Krueger, Druggist; fine Cigars.
2870 SALINA ST., cor. Pestalozzi.—August P. Kaltwasser, Druggist.
2901 MARKET ST.—St. Louis Pharmacy Co.; Fine Perfumeries, Choice Cigars.
3000 OLIVE ST.—C. E. S. Macdonald, Prescription Pharmacist; Fine Chemicals, Perfumeries.
3128 EASTON AV., cor. Compton.—F. C. Pauley, Pharmacist; Prescriptions a specialty.
3500 OLIVE ST.—Kirkbride & Both, Drug Store; Dispensing Chemists.
3523 NORTH MARKET ST.—W. D. Temm, Druggist; Perfumes, Toilet Articles.
3841 FINNEY AV.—Paul E. Fiquet, Drug Store; Pharmacist and Chemist.
3907 S. BROADWAY.—Francis Hemm, Prescription Druggist.
4201 N. ELEVENTH ST., cor. Penrose—H. W. Barkhoefer, Druggist; Purest of Drugs.
7631 S. BROADWAY.—Waibel's Carondelet Drug Store.

EAST ST. LOUIS, op. Post Office.—Oscar F. Kresse, Books, Newspapers, Fancy Goods, etc.

BELLEVILLE, ILL.—(Chandler Building), Kaercher & Stolberg.

It is for sale on all trains and Steamboats leaving St. Louis, and at the following, among other, leading points:

Atlanta, Ga.—J. M. Miller, 31 Marietta st.
Burlington, Kan.—Victor King, Post Office.
Corinth, Miss.—O P. Wofford.
Cherryvale, Kan.—R. S. T. Asdel.
Chicago, Ill.—Palmer House, Sherman House, Leland House, Brentano & Bro., 101 State st.; Tremont House, Grand Pacific Hotel.
Columbus, Kan.—Brann Bros., C. A. Hunt, Post Office.
Columbus, Ky.—E. F. Drace.
Cincinnati, Ohio.—J. R. Hawley, 164 Vine st.
Canton, Miss.—J. G. Fellows.
Dallas, Texas.—J. Jackson.
Denver, Col.—S. B. Wright, 388 Larimer and 391 Sixteenth
Evansville, Ind.—G. C. Smith & Co., 129 Main st.
El Paso, Tex.—Grand Central Hotel.
Ft. Smith, Ark.—C. A. Tillis and T. Phillips & A. Son.
Ft. Worth, Tex.—D. E. Barton.
Girard, Kan.—Howard & McNaught.
Hastings, Neb.—Allen, Winch & Co., Post Office.
Hot Springs, Ark.—Hotels and News Stands.
Jackson, Miss.—Eyrich & Co.
Kansas City, Mo.—Union Depot News Stand; J. F Cleveland, 506 Cherry st.
Kenton, Tenn.—R. H. McNeely.
Keokuk, Io.—D. Lowry, 523 Main st.
Louisville, Ky.—C. T. Dearing, corner Third and Jefferson av.
Martin, Tenn.—G. H. Kennedy & Co.
Milan, Tenn.—W. W. Horner.
Memphis, Tenn.—R. M. Mansford, 298 Main st.
New York, N. Y.—Brentano & Bro., 5 Union Square, Metropolitan Hotel, Windsor Hotel.
New Orleans, La.—C. F. Wharton & Bro., 5 Carondelet st.; Geo. Ellis, opposite Post Office.
Omaha, Neb.—Barkalow & Bro., Union Depot.
Oswego, Kan.—B. F. Harrison and J. H. Boulter.
Pilot Point, Texas.—J. B. Pondrom.
Pass Christian, Miss.—W. E. Champlin.
Palestine, Texas.—Louis Durr.
Pittsburg, Kan.—A. E. Naw, third door north of Post Office.
Quincy, Ill.—T. G. Spindler, 19 N. Sixth st.
Rock Island, Ill.—J. M. Wilmer.
Tyler, Texas.—A. F. Hunt.
Union City, Tenn.—G. W. Griffin.
Van Buren, Ark.—L. W. Jacques.
Vincennes, Ind.—G. W. Dove.
Vicksburg, Miss.—A. G. Tillman, next door to Post Office, and Clarke & Co., 149 Washington st.
Washington, D. C.—Brentano Bros., 1015 Pennsylvania av.; Willard's Hotel.
ROCK SPRINGS.—(One block east of Cheltenham Station) Chas. Harris, P.-D. carrier and dealer in periodicals.

LODGE NOTICES.

STELLA COUNCIL, Legion of Honor, meets first and third Wednesdays at their hall, cor. Broadway and Benton. Visitors are fraternally invited. F. M. JENKS, Chancellor.
C. H. PELLET, Recorder.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

The Trades.

WANTED—We make the best $6 pantaloons in the city. 212 N. 4th st. 38

WANTED—Situation by licensed engineer; best of references; will do his own firing and repairing. Address Engineer. 209 N. 10th st. 38

Cooks.

WANTED—A situation by a 1st-class white cook. Address W 78, this office. 40

WANTED—Situations: Man and wife to cook; two daughters for dining-room and housework. Address P 79, this office. 40

Coachmen.

WANTED—A young man, 21, desires situation as private coachman; thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages and harness; will be generally useful round house; city reference if required. Address S 79, this office. 39

WANTED—Colored man wants situation for driving T. B., 3521 Bernard st. 39

Boys.

WANTED—A position as office boy by a boy 14 years old who lives with his parents. Address L 80, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Intelligent white man wants situation in private family or to fire boilers. Address O 79, this office. 43

WANTED—Bauer & Lewis have the largest and best stock of goods in the city. 212 N. 4th st. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Bauer & Lewis make the best-fitting suit in town for $25. 212 N. 4th st. 54

POSITIONS guaranteed to graduates of Martin's Short-Hand and Type-Writing Institute, 618 to 620 Olive. Estab. 1876. Trial instructions free 54

Bryant & Stratton's

BUSINESS, SHORT-HAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING-SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st. This institution offers the best facilities for giving instruction in the commercial and English branches, machine and pencil short-hand. We have the St. Louis agency for the short-hand machine, by the use of which students of any quality as short-hand writers in half the usual time. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Send for circular. 54

Laborers.

WANTED—100 laborers to work on St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado railroad. Apply to J. Dugan, 1206 N. Broadway, Keene & Bros. contractors. Ship this evening. 59

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Respectable young man to learn book-keeping for large commercial house; position as soon as competent. Room 11, 102 N. 3d st.; use elev.

The Trades.

THE regular meeting of the Tinners' and Cornice-Makers' Union will be held at Bolte's Hall, 1310 N. Broadway, Wednesday evening, March 28. All members are cordially invited to attend. 58

WANTED—Whiteners. Add. Thos. Groves, 806 S. Broadway. 58

WANTED—A good harness-maker, corner of King's Highway and Olive st. road. 58

WANTED—A first-class barber (colored); pack your tools and come at once; $6 a week and board. W. E. Steele, Montgomery City, Mo. 58

WANTED—All stone-cutters to keep away from St. Paul, as the men are on a strike. By order of Committee. 58

WANTED—Blacksmith, helper immediately. 1118 N. Broadway. 58

Boys.

WANTED—A strong colored boy to black shoes and clean up barber shop at 3328 Olive st. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—For April 1.—Three gentlemen to learn telegraphing on our lines and qualify for situations paying $70, $80, $90, $100, $120. Apply immediately, Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d. Take elev.

WANTED—Address of a competent Latin teacher. Address S 78, this office. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation by a lady stenographer and telegrapher; good ref.; would leave city. F. D., Crescent Wire-works. 45

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A middle-aged widow lady would like a first-class position as housekeeper for widower, or take charge of a house; best ref. W 79, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a respectable lady with experience as housekeeper or stewardess in hotel or restaurant; no objection to leaving city. 1409 Pine.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A reliable seamstress would like a place at once to do family sewing and assist with housework, good references, for Tuesday and Wednesday, at 1424 N. 11th st. 46

WANTED—Situation by a girl to sew and do light housework; can cut and fit. Add. K 79, this office. 46

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation in a private family by middle-aged woman for general housework; no objection to country. Address 931 N. 12th st. 48

WANTED—German girl wants situation for housework and nursing, has reference; send postal; 2029 Market st. 48

WANTED—Situation, to do general housework in a small family. Address 1213 N. 9th st. 46

WANTED—A good girl wants a situation to do general housework in a small family, where there is no other girl; ref. given. Add. G 80, this office. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Bramer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework or cooking. Please call or address 915 N. 22d st. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—A baby to wet nurse at home. Call or address 2036 O'Fallon st., up-stairs. 50

WANTED—Situation as nurse; good reference. Call Tuesday and Wednesday at 903 Chambers st. 50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing to take home by a first-class laundress. 1417 S. 13th st. 51

WANTED—By a German woman, washing out by the day or house cleaning. Call at 206 S. 16th.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—Lady stenographer. Address, stating ex., ref., salary expected, etc., N 79, this office.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Immediately young lady to learn book-keeping for large Commercial House; position as soon as competent. Room 11, 102 N. 3d; take elev.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—One first-class shirtmaker, 1 waistmaker; to the right parties $1 per day will be paid. Apply 1406 Franklin av. 59

General Housework.

WANTED—A strong, willing German girl, to do general housework, without cooking; call at once. 3720 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework and cooking for two in family; must come with reference. Address 2630 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—At 2009 Olive st., a good German girl for general housework, except washing and ironing.

WANTED—Good girl, German preferred, for general housework for very small family; reference required. Call at 1821 Kennett place, near Lafayette Park. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; 3939 Washington ave. 66

WANTED—A neat girl for general housework. Apply at 1811 O'Fallon st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 3124 N. 15th st. Mrs. Mary Bailey. 66

WANTED—Small girl to do light housework. Apply at 906 Franklin av., 2d floor. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; call at 315 N. 20th near Olive. 66

WANTED—A trusty young girl to help about the house; small wages; German or American. Call Wednesday 31st, 919 Franklin av., 3d floor. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in family of three adults. 1223 St. Ange ave. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in a small family; 1029 Autumn st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of four; German preferred. 1805 California av. 66

WANTED—Young girl for general housework; good wages. Apply immediately at 2814 Barnard st.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1104 Montgomery st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in family of 4. Apply at 1921 S. Compton av. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—A first-class laundress at Hotel Glenmore, 18th and Olive st. 67

WANTED—A No. 1 shirt ironer. Apply at 309 Morgan st. 67

WANTED—Good shirt polisher at once at Oriental Laundry, 3807 N. Broadway. 67

Nurses.

WANTED—A small girl to nurse child 3 years old. 1426 Lucas place. 70

WANTED—Nurse girl aged about 16 years, 3521 Chestnut st. 70

Cooks.

WANTED—A first-class cook; German preferred. Apply at 2838 Washington av. 16

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer; call to-morrow morning at 2218 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—Good helper in kitchen (female) at Hotel Glenmore, 18th and Olive sts. 68

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—At Lafayette Park Hotel, two chambermaids. 71

WANTED—10 good knitting girls at the Western Hosiery Mill, 716 Morgan st. 71

WANTED—Experienced shirt-finishers; none but experienced need apply. T. B. Boyd & Co., 309 N. 4th st. 71

WANTED—For April 1, three ladies to learn telegraphing on our lines, and qualify for situations paying $60, $70, $80, $90 to $100. Apply immediately, Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d st.; take elev.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their homes; $1 to $3 a day easily made; work sent by mail, no canvassing. We have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, Crown Manufacturing Company, 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, O. 71

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—Work by the day; can cut and fit; price 75c a day. 408 S. 7th st., up-stairs. 72

GIRLS should not miss the opportunity to join my third class in dressmaking now forming; prices very reasonable. Mrs. Mayfield, 1120 Chouteau av.

MISS LONG has just returned from New York, where she has been for the past month, studying styles and selecting goods from the latest importations, shown at all the private openings of the leading importers. She has brought with her a number of choice dress patterns, also a large line of samples from which a lady can select a complete wardrobe. Miss Long has perfected arrangements with direct importers to furnish her goods, trimmings, etc., to match, thus guaranteeing to her customers exclusiveness in style, goods, trimmings, etc. 2630 Lucas av.

WANTED—Work by the day; can cut and fit; price 75c a day. 408 S. 7th st., up-stairs. 71

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—A young gentleman of 25 would like a young lady correspondent, one that is intelligent and can write a good letter; brunette preferred; object, amusement and pastime. Address E. M. Combs, Bogard, Mo.

PERSONAL—Dan: I received book; wish to see you; if convenient please be at same place and time Thursday. 1

PERSONAL—Two young men of means wish to correspond with two highly educated and refined young ladies. Address Opulent or Orlando, box 102, Laddonia, Mo. 1

PERSONAL—A young gentleman of pleasant address and good position desires the acquaintance of an agreeable young lady; object, social amusement, perhaps matrimony. Add. M 79, this office. 1

PERSONAL—I am a lady by birth, education and position, who yearns for the love and sympathy of some gentleman of standing. If convenient, please send photograph; money no object. Address I 79, this office. 1

PERSONAL—S: Letter received; much pleased; where can I see you? Ad. F 79, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A. G.: You may call; the lady's name is "May." Norton.

PERSONAL—Will small blonde lady who sat in dress circle on right hand side, fifth row, and noticed gent in front, please appoint a place where interview can be had. Address H 80, this office. 1

PERSONAL—J. O. B.: Will hope to get letter; none to date; write and address F 80, this office. 1

PERSONAL—N. G. Black Eyes: Just returned; make an engagement for Thursday night. Address care of "G" (3) Ewing. 1

PERSONAL—If the lady in black suit at theater last last night is desirous of further acquaintance with gent she noticed in same row, address E 80, this office. 1

PERSONAL—S. S. High st.: Wednesday eve., same corner H. 80

PERSONAL—A young lady of refinement and a stranger in the city would like the acquaintance of a middle-aged gentleman or widower with means; no triflers need answer. Address K 80, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Mme. Moore sisters give new treatments; mag. massages; luxurious baths. 1218 Pine.

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electro-magnectic hand baths. See Personal Sundrs.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

MRS. C. WILCUS, the truest Fortune Teller, late of New Orleans, 1400 Olive street, can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers and friends brought together in nine days; tells the present sweetheart's name, name of future husband; recovers stolen property; ladies only; no sign out.

IF you feel pains in your back, or if you suffer from rheumatism and neuralgia, use J. D. Sellmeyer's St. Benedictus Liniment. For sale by all druggists.

GO AND SEE PROF. WARRING, MEDIUM AND REAL ASTROLOGER, at 2223 Olive street. Five thousand dollars to any one who can equal him in telling the past, present and future, causing speedy marriages, bringing separated together, and in business affairs, whose advice is invaluable. He tells consulter's name in full, and is the only person that can do so. Prof. Warring asks no questions and uses no cards of any description in his profession. Open Sundays. SATISFACTION GIVEN OR NO PAY. Fee—Ladies, $1; gents, $1. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. 74

OAKLEY'S

PERFUMES AND SOAPS.

We specially recommend the CAMELIA BOUQUET SOAP and EXTRACTS OF JACQUE ROSE and COBYLOPSIS. Ask your druggist for sample.

CAST OFF CLOTHING

Bought by M. Barnett, 302 Locust st.; send postal.

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Croie & Co., printers, 512 Olive. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, fortune-teller and astrologer, 813 N. 16th st., between Morgan and Franklin, is without an equal in her profession; she never fails in her advice as to all matters of business, love and matrimony; she discloses name and face of visitors; names present sweetheart and future mate; unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages; removes family trouble; recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. No pay till work completed. 74

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths, medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief factor in all of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. Patients do not only wish to be cured, but want to be treated as well and feel the unique influence of their physician. 74

PATENTS! REX & MOODY, 710 Olive st. 74 Patent and Trade-Mark Law.

FOR TRUNKS AND SATCHELS

Go to Kolb & Runder, 1130 Washington av. We are the only house that manufacture the hard wood panelled box trunks, guaranteed to be the lightest durable trunks in the market. Repairing a specialty.

SPRING PRINTING CO.

1110 and 2607 Olive Street. 74

FREE GRATIS!

A life-size portrait to any person making the greatest number of words out of the letters contained in "When Photo. Studio." Answers received until May 1, at When Gallery, 1631 Franklin av. 74

PERSONAL—We will give $1,000 reward for a cough or throat trouble (the last stages of the disease excepted) which can not be relieved by a proper use of Dr. X. Stone's Bronchial Wafers; sample free, Address Stone Medicine Co., Quincy, Ill. 74

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

BUY the Best Gasoline Stoves at 4-Shaw's, 1417 Franklin av. 5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

BUY the Best Gasoline Stove at 4-Shaw's, 1417 Franklin av. 5

LYDIK--718 OLIVE STREET.

Picture frames reduced from 20 to 50 cents on the dollar. Frames made to order at same rates. Steel engravings at reduced prices. 5

BUY the Best Gasoline Stove at 4-Shaw's, 1417 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—One six-foot dining-room extension table for $3; also chairs cheap. 2009 Oregon av. 5

WHOLESALE COAL MARKET.

Hall & Co., 2137 Morgan st., 10 bu for $1; over 20 bu, 5½ cents per bu; direct from cars; a regular weigher's ticket with every load. Send postal. 5

ON TIME PAYMENTS.

I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

FOR SALE—50-gallon oil tank and 12-foot counter. F 1713 Linn st. 5

FOR SALE—A new sewing machine, cheap; party leaving city, 1829 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—Two Winchester rifles. 2219 S. Ninth street. 5

ON TIME PAYMENTS,

At cash prices; no charge, no interest; everything to furnish a house. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive st. 5

STORAGE.

STORAGE—For furniture of all kinds; dry, clean and safe; lowest rates; packing and shipping by experienced hands. Address J. Shpaky, S. W. cor. 7th and Morgan sts. 81

STORAGE—Clean, cheap, dry, free from vermin and fire-proof; household goods packed and shipped; estimates given. Brandon & Co., 1516 Franklin av. 81

CENTRAL STORAGE HOUSE,

1120 and 1122 Olive St.

The best storage in the city for Furniture, Pianos, and General Household Goods. Trunks, etc., and lowest rates. Moving, packing and shipping by competent men. Estimates made when desired.
BOYLAN, CURRAN & CO.

BEST storage for furniture, pianos, dry and lowest rates. Hrolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 84

FAMILY STORAGE—1006 OLIVE ST.—For furniture, pianos, household goods, trunks, etc.; inspection invited; lowest rates; itemized receipts; money advanced when desired. Careful moving, packing, etc. Estimates given. R.U. LEONORI, JR. & CO.

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 6th st. 84

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Second-hand printing-press, chase 8x8, state price; address E 79, this office. 26

WANTED—Furnace, to heat lower part of 5-room house. Address with price H 79, this office. 26

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

103 S. 16TH ST.—Large, nicely furnished 2d-story front room; moderate terms. 13

121 N. 7TH (S. W. cor. Pine)—Nicely furnished rooms, with gas. 13

125 S. 14TH ST.—Nicely furnished front room; also other rooms for light housekeeping. 13

207 CENTER ST.—2 rooms, kitchen and cellar. Apply at 208, from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m. 13

303 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; rent reasonable. 13

305 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, front and back; rent reasonable. 13

504 MARKET ST.—Large furnished room; $10 a month. 13

710 PINE ST.—Central location; strangers visiting the city can find good rooms for any length of time desirable; terms reasonable. 13

806 OLIVE ST.—Op. Post-office, neatly furnished room; every convenience; front and rear; rent reasonable. 13

815 S. 8TH ST.—2 rooms, fur., on 2d floor, for housekeeping to parties without children. 13

1112 N. 19TH ST.—A nicely furnished front room for one or two gents; bath and gas; within a block of two street car lines; ref. exchanged. 13

1213 HICKORY ST.—2 connecting rooms completely furnished for light housekeeping. 13

1236 CLARK AV.—Furnished rooms or rooms for light housekeeping. 13

1319 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms for gent and wife or gents; respectable parties only. 13

1421 GLASGOW AV.—One fur. front room; upstairs, suitable for one or two gents. 13

1424 MORGAN ST.—Large three-story front; also large front parlor; furnished or unfurnished; handsome residence. 13

1505 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front room; southern exp.; also a front hall room; rent reasonable. 13

1505 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished room for rent. 13

1535 VAIL PLACE (One block east of Lafayette Park)—Two rooms and kitchen. 13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Desirable, nicely fur., 2d-story room for one or two gents. 13

1808 OLIVE ST.—Furnished second-story room; southern exposure. 13

2217 MARKET ST.—2 or 3 nice unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping for man and wife. 13

2331 OLIVE—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

2643 Olive st.—4 unfurnished rooms on 2d floor for housekeeping; hall and stairs carpeted; bath and gas; no children in house; rent $20; references given and required. 13

2631 OLIVE ST.—Nice furnished room; everything convenient; rent reasonable; also, a gentleman wishes a room-mate. 13

3005 EASTON AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms private family; terms reasonable. 13

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—4 pleasant rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; first-class neighborhood. 13

3125 CASS AV.—Three splendid rooms for light housekeeping to small family, water included; rent reasonable; first-class location for the summer. 13

11TH ST. FLATS—704 and 712 N. 11th st.—Flats of 2 and 3 rooms; wide porches; water and closet on porch; will rent to nice colored family. 13
KEELEY & CO., 709 Pine st.

FOR RENT—2 large delightful rooms, single or en suite; private family; ref. 2120 Olive st. 13

FURNISHED rooms at 1706 Olive st.; everything new; all modern improvements, with electric bells and speaking tubes from every room; prices reasonable. 13

LUCAS AV FLATS—Cor. 23d st., 4 rooms, private hall; all modern improvements; rent reduced. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2109½ UTAH ST.—4-room house; water in kitchen; $10 per month. L. B. Jones, 610 Chestnut st. 14

WANTED—To rent furnished house, 6 rooms, and sell furniture; nice locality; rent $20 per month; furniture, $126. Address B 80 this office. 14

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished house, on s. w. cor. Grand and Page avs., at a low rate to good tenant. Delos R. Haynes & Co., 211 N. 8th st.

BOARDING.

944 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegant rooms with board; also pleasant summer house; superior accommodations. 18

960 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; all conveniences. 18

1029 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms, with or without board; convenient to three lines of cars. 18

1310 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Near Lafayette Park—Two connecting rooms, single or en suite, with board; private family. 18

1315 LA SALLE ST.—A large nicely furnished front room, with or without board, in private family. 18

1326 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms, with board, on first and second floors; good location. 18

1332 CHOUTEAU AV.—An elegant large second story front room; pleasant and well furnished; suitable for several young gentlemen companions; terms moderate; family table board. 18

1406 LUCAS PLACE—Elegant room 2d floor, with board. 18

1413 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms with board. 18

1705 PARK AV.—First-class board and nicely furnished rooms; terms low. 18

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished room, with first-class board; prices to suit the times. 18

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly-furnished front room with first-class board; prices to suit the times. 18

1808 OLIVE ST.—Back parlor furnished, with board. 18

2011 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front and back rooms furnished and unfurnished; board if desired. 18

2113 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished rooms; first-class board. 18

2714 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished suit of rooms with or without board; also hall room. 18

2733 WASH ST.—Day boarders wanted; table board first-class. 18

2835 WASHINGTON AV.—One large 2d-story front room; southern ex.; with board. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; first-class board; large grounds. 18

WANTED—Two gents or gent and wife to take suit of rooms; parlor and bedroom with best attendance and first-class board, $60 per month. Address G 79, this office. 18

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—A respectable lady employed during the day wishes room and board in private family, within 10 minutes walk of 5th and Olive. Address for two days, J 78, this office. 20

WANTED—A gentleman desires room and board where he can have the comforts of a home; no boarding-house keeper need apply. Address D 80, this office. 20

WANTED—Board and neatly furnished room for three adults in the country, from May 1 to October 1, thirty minutes from Court-house. Address, stating price, T 69, this office. 4

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—To rent immediately, an 8-room house, situated between Jefferson and Grand avs., Franklin av. and Pine st.; rent not to exceed $50. C 79, this office. 21

WANTED—Four unfurnished rooms, west of Jefferson av., and not to exceed $15 per month. Address J 80, this office. 21

WANTED—By married couple without children, a neatly furnished room for light housekeeping; state terms. Address E 79, this office.

WANTED—Nicely furnished room in quiet location for transient use. Address E 78, this office. 21

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

724 N. MAIN ST.—Store for rent cheap. Inquire Watkins & Leiber, 726 N. Main. 17

1521 LUCAS AV.—Office, shop and large yard and sheds, suitable for coal dealer, carpenter, etc. 14
FARRAR & CO., 624 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT OR SALE—One large 3-story factory; brick building, with boiler, engine and main shafting; in good condition; on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. Krembs, 622 Park avenue. 17

FOR RENT—Elegantly fur. 7-room house; southern ex.; all modern conveniences; April to October; or would let four rooms. 2833 Franklin av. 14

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Cottage at Lebanon, Ill., eight rooms and stable, etc.; good water, well and cistern; will be vacant by April 15. Apply to G. W. Sale, 400 N. 2d st., St. Louis.

EDUCATIONAL.

BARNES & HAYWARD'S Business, Telegraph and Short-hand college, 210 and 212 N. 4th st.; open day and night. 29

POSITIONS guaranteed to graduates of Martin's Shorthand and Type-Writing Institute, 618 to 620 Olive. Estab. 1876. Trial instruction free. 29

BUSINESS writing taught—day or evening—at 2019 Carr st.; side entrance; terms very reasonable. 29

BOOKS.

HIGHEST price paid for all kinds of books; call or send address. Book Exchange, 319 N. 9th st.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS made on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities, on fair and reasonable terms; no commission charged. Any amount advanced and loans completed in a few hours. Room 2, 904 Olive street. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

$3,000 TO LOAN at 6 per cent; no com. on limited amount; 2 years; $4 per $100 per month; proved city prop. J. T. Garland, 513 Olive.

$25 To $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amt; lowest rates; bus. conf. 809 Morgan st. 831

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Hrolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rates of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

A PRIVATE party will make loans on furniture in residence; any amount; easy terms to good parties. Enquire at 404 Market st., room 402. 31

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—Party with $300 for 20 days can make 25 per cent. by addressing C 80, this office. 25

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2133 Gano av., (near water tower) 2-story brick house; 4 rooms; almost new. Inquire at D. Hannan's tailor shop, Emilie and Prairie av. 7

FOR SALE—Brick house, with 3 large rooms and stable, at 2240 Hebert st. 7

ALL SORTS.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St. Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. 32

John A. Sloan Produce Co.

Commission Merchants and dealers in apples, potatoes, onions, sauerkraut, cabbage, parsnips, beets, carrots, etc. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. 71½ 3d. Telephone 1,264. Also all kinds of seed, potatoes, both Irish and sweet, always on hand.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT

highest cash price paid at St. Louis Gold Refinery, 1308 Olive st., opposite Exposition building. 32

Chas. T. Fitzpatrick,

Commission Merchant and dealer in butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, game, etc. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. Depot 903 N. Fourth st., corner of Franklin av. Telephone No. 3,147. 32

CHEAP—Hickory wood sawed and split for heating and kitchen stoves; sawdust for smoking meat; send your teams. Chester & Keller Mfg. Co., Victor and Main sts. 32

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—A brunette young lady to learn on the trapeze. Address A 79, this office. 75

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

REPAINTING business wagons, carriages, etc., done more promptly, better and cheaper than anywhere in the city at 92 N. 23d. Fred Boetter's. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, harness and three-spring covered wagon; good as new, at C. F. Bergesch's livery stable, 1022 N. Sixth st. 12

FOR SALE—Open and top grocer's and milk wagon. McCabe & Young, 1128 N. Main st. 12

FOR SALE—A first-class second-hand buggy; terms reasonable. Apply to J. C. Nidelet, 618 Olive st. 12

FOR SALE—A gentle family horse; 7 years old, 16½ hands high; works single or double. Apply 2656 Lucas av. 12

FOR SALE—On account of leaving the city, a two seated top spring wagon; nealy new; cheap. 1443 Biddle st. 12

CARRIAGES AND CARTS.

I have a new stock of fine light carriages, which I can sell for less than they can be bought for elsewhere. Agent for the Frazier Road and Speeding Carts. Arthur L. Edson, 818 and 820 N. 8th st. 29

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A partner to join me in the carpenter business; one who can command some trade; will give party interest in a good paying invention. 1838 Park av. 23

Electric Belt Free

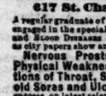
To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if we cannot manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 176, Brooklyn, N. Y.

48 AND 49 FOR MEN CHECKS in 6 hours, cures in 3 days. Drug Stores, 15 N. 11th, Philadelphia, Pa., and 6th and Washington av., St. Louis

DR. CLARKE

NO CURE! NO FEE!! ESTABLISHED 1854. St. LOUIS, MO. 3d Locust St.

Treats with the greatest SUCCESS



ALL PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES

A written guarantee of cure given in every case undertaken. All consultations FREE and SACRED. Dr. Clarke's Celebrated Book and Writings plain envelope two stamps. DR. CLARKE, M. D., 311 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of Cancer, Tumors, Sore and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Safely, Privately.

Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (32 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to

WANTED—AGENTS.

Ladies and gentleman to work for us at houses; no canvassing; $7 to $15 ment by mail any distance; we have or our work, and furnish steady em- dress at once Reliable Manufacturing 1630, Philadelphia, Pa.

Men—Any man or woman making less week should investigate our easy money s. We offer energetic persons the best h to make money; $4 samples free to business. An agent writes: "Your plan ey quickest of any I ever tried." Ad., papers, B. E. Merrill & Co., Chicago,

EAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Several very cheap pieces of property; on monthly payments. Add. Barnard, 8

L ESTATE WANTED.

I buy house and lot on monthly pay- 0 or so down? Address with location, N. 3d st. 22

PROFESSIONAL.

eases, male or female, cured for $5 refunded. Dr. E. Moneson, 1613 N.

T of speech cured by Michael Bosan, st., St. Louis. Send stamp for reply.

with drugs try Metapnysical or M. C. S. Newberry 2316 Pine st. Advice free.

TZPORTER—Office No. 327 S. 7th st. 14th. Female complaints a specialty.

OST AND FOUND.

turday evening, March 27, a narrow let on Locust st., between 5th and 12th please return same to H. C. Spackler, Hardware Co., or 1623 Texas av., and 30

yellow dog, two hind feet white, white Return to 1709 Pine st., liberal re-

silk umbrella with a frosted handle with tassel. Sunday evening; please return e Tuesday evening, for parties leaving 2 reward if returned, to F. Kirsh, 2801 ng store. 30

USINESS FOR SALE.

Good paying grocery; at a bargain if must leave city. J 79, this office. 4

Good saloon; will sell cheap if sold in 3 reasons for selling. 912 N. 6th st. 4

Meat and vegetable market; 2718 Clark business to attend to by the 1st. 4

An established and well-stocked drug g business; terms reasonable. Address

First-class candy store and ice cream Address L 78, this office. 4

MUSICAL.

ND SEE THE LARGE STOCK OF

S AND ORGANS

e Closed Out AT COST at

GEO. FOSTER & CO.'S,

Seventeenth and Olive streets.

SSONS FREE—All pupils at present ay class will receive free of charge ugh instruction in the art of playing the B. R. Nicholas, 2319 Olive st. 27

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Interest from the Burg Across the River—Notes.

Boyle, an employe of Whittaker's ing establishment at the stock with a horrible accident last even- was in the cellar moving some bar- fellow workman in another part r called to him to come quickly as ght his foot underneath a large tub was unable to extracate it. Boyle t he was doing and started to run istance of his companion. As it , he did not observe a ich was considerably larger than the supports, and struck his fore- st it. So great was the force with me in contact with it that his scalp taken off. Physicians were sent oyle's head was sewed up, but it is t he can recover.

lication for an injunction restraining overnment from employing men on ts or to build sidewalks, on the that the city was already in debt be- onstitutional limit, which was argued ge Watts yesterday; was withdrawn Judge could render a decision, as it conclusively by the Mayor and City there should be sufficient money in and alley fund to allow the work to

odger started to make night hideous ing residents of the Second Ward and was locked up by the police. lade, who lives about one mile from on, reported at the police station ing that his stables in Spokane Down- ght and a mouse-colored mule and rness stolen.

oon-keepers' Association held a Jackschath's Hall, last evening, and ion that a demand be made on the and distillers to reduce the price of liquor, as none of the saloon-keepers g any money, or else all the saloons closed down, was discussed but no tion arrived at.

Council met this morning and al- umber of claims and the salaries of s and laborers. The Drainage Com- submitted a new report, and Mr. mith was employed as an engineer, is prepared for the proposed system of The Council then adjourned until

UNDER THE WHEELS.

Critical Pot Boiling—Closed by the Sheriff—Illinois Items.

TON, March 30.—Albert Fields, a akeman on the C. & A., fell under the d had both arms cut off. He will die. Dr. Asa Woodman was arrested practicing without a license. The ans nominated Lewis B. Thomas yes- r Mayor and filled out a full ticket.

ORO, March 30.—The Democratic Convention yesterday instructed dele- rote for Judge Edward Lane for Con- d nominated Hon. Burrell Phillips entative in the Fortieth Senatorial County officers were also put up.

, March 30.—The hardware store of & Rowcliffe was closed yesterday on ion for $4,225.

, March 30.—The Macland Presbytery Cumberland Church adjourned last r selecting Zion, Clay County, for ing next year.

LLE, March 30.—The annual inspec- ompany K, Illinois National Guard, , resulted satisfactorily to the com-

FIELD, March 30.—The colored Repub- to hold a meeting to demand repre- in the Legislature.

GONNO, March 30.—James Rambo, died yesterday.

NSBORO, March 30.—W. J. Boyd's burglarized Sunday night.

A TERRIBLE CHARGE.

Girl's Awful Accusation Against Her Stepfather.

ant for attempted criminal assault d 10-day against Charles H. Coffer, a amster, 45 years of age, living at 3628 street. The prosecuting witness is onson, his little 12-year-old step- r. According to her story, on last night, after she had gone to sleep, awakened by somebody near her bed. d to her mother, and the latter discov- husband under the bed of her child, g crawled under when the child raised m. The little girl alleges that the fe- de previous attempts of this kind, but afraid to say anything about it, as he ed to kill her if she did.

Warrants To-Day.

nts were issued to-day against Louis and Joseph Thomas, charged with three bushels of coal from the Mis- ecific Railroad; Pat Boland, charged Shelly with assault and battery, and Sommers, charged with robbery in the ree. The last named is accused of ab- John Seisler on the night of Febru- d robbing him of $15 and his watch.

Lowenthal's Bad Luck.

ORLEANS, March 30.—The jury in the Abe Lowenthal, charged with willful rupt perjury in the Ford case, after be- several minutes returned with a ver- uilty. Thus far three of the witnesses ord case have been convicted of per- The crime is punishable by not less than ars' imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

WASHINGTON.

THE PRESIDENT ENDANGERING HIS HEALTH BY OVERWORK.

Secretary Manning's Condition—The St. Louis Bridge Bill—A Silly Story—The Woman Suffragists—Appointments—Congressional Proceedings.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The Republican Senators say that the story published in one or two papers that there was thought of asking the House to present articles of impeachment against Garland in connection with the Edmunds resolution, is utterly ridiculous. As one Republican Senator remarked last night. "Some member of the Senate may have been drinking, and said what he never would have said if sober." Any attempt of this kind would involve the House in a perfectly useless discussion, and nothing was ever further from Mr. Edmunds' mind than this idea attributed to him. It is not at all impossible that the House will be asked to present articles of impeachment against Garland in connection with his Pan Electric speculation, but the investigation into this matter has only just begun.

The President's Danger.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Speaking of Secretary Manning's illness, last evening, Dr. Z. T. Sowers of this city said: "I warned Mr. Manning's friends six months ago just what the result would be if he did not take proper exercise. I told them that he ought to get a pocket gymnasium that he could use in his room. They would not speak to him about it, however. Now the President is going just the same way. He is sitting up in the White House, working all day, taking no exercise, and his blood vessels are getting fat and soft. Some day some excitement will send a rush of blood to his head, one of these soft blood vessels will be ruptured, and he will have cerebral hemorrhage and apoplexy.

The St. Louis Bridge Bill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—S. W. Cobb and Maj. C. C. Rainwater registered at Willard's this morning. They are here in the interest of the bill to establish a court in the Indian Territory, and the Merchants' Exchange bridge bill. They expect to remain until the end of the week, and will try to arrange a hearing before a sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Commerce with a view to urge the bridge bill. They expect Col. Chris Ellerbe, the attorney of the Merchant's and Manufacturers' Association, to be on hand again by Saturday or Monday next.

Secretary Manning's Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—"There is nothing new to report in Secretary Manning's case," said Dr. Lincoln at 11 o'clock this morning. "He is about the same as yesterday. He has lost no ground and has gained none. His improvement is very slow and tedious, in all probability it will be some time before any marked improvement take place; we do not expect it at least." Neither of the physicians spoke as encouragingly as they did yesterday. The best that can be said, is, that he is no worse.

Miss Susan B. Anthony.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Miss Susan B. Anthony arrived in the city yesterday. Miss Anthony hopes to have the resolution for a sixteenth amendment to the Constitution, ordered by the Senate, within a few days. Her forthcoming history of the woman's suffrage cause she expects to have ready for sale by the 1st of June. She is now engaged in compiling an appendix to the volumes.

Steamboat Inspector Appointed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—The Acting Secretary of the Treasury to-day appointed George L. Dewolf to be Inspector of Hulls of Steam Vessels at Cleveland, O.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D C. March 30.—In the Senate to-day, after routine morning business, Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the Secretary of the Interior for correspondence between that department and the Sioux Indians, or agents representing them, touching the removal of the Indians from present location.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Mr. Guenther of Wisconsin rising to a question of privilege, sent to the clerk's desk and had read an article from the Oshkosh Northwestern, stating that it was said that Mr. Guenther's defense of the postmaster a few days ago was in fulfillment of a promise obtained from Mr. Guenther in return for his appointment on the Committee on Postfices and Post Roads.

WAR TO THE SPUDS.

The Poultry Men Split Into Two Determined Factions.

There are two factions of poultry men in the city who are at spurs' points and are looking for a fight to the death next Thursday, April 1. This strain in the relations of the factions is caused by the determination arrived at by the St. Louis Egg and Poultry Association to sell poultry only by weight on and after April 1. The determination was reached after considerable discussion a month or so ago. The association is composed of the poultry commission merchants who feel that they have not received their just dues in trades made by the old-fashioned method of selling by the dozen and guessing at the weight. The poultry hucksters on the other hand, who also have an active association like the old method because it gives scope for the exercise of shrewdness and for the utilization of experience in being able to know a good bargain in chickens, by a glance at the coop and by feeling two or three fowls. As soon as the determination of the commission merchants was known the hucksters met and resolved to a man not to buy a single

CHICKEN BY WEIGHT.

As it now stands no commission merchants will sell by the number and no huckster will buy in any other way, so that there is certain to be a dead-lock on Thursday and until one or the other side yields. The hucksters have laid in large supplies of poultry, sufficient to run them for a week or two, and propose not to buy until the commission merchants are compelled to sell in any way to save their consignments. The commission merchants on the other hand are advising shippers to hold back and not to stop for a week or two until the hucksters' supplies are out and they are compelled to buy according to the new rule in order to furnish their customers with poultry.

Some commission merchants, however, refuse to advise their shippers not to send poultry because they say they do not propose to injure their own trade. One of these is

MR. CHAS. TAYLOR,

of Taylor & Co. who, in speaking of the matter, said that he did not believe the receivers could stand the strain for a week. "Why," said he, "think of receiving thirty or forty coops of chickens a day, and keeping them for a week. It would take a force of men to clean out the dead poultry, and at the end of the week the chickens that were left would be thin enough to crawl through the cracks, and couldn't be sold. Why, I know of a huckster who has been in about 200 dozen fowls for the fight and all of them are preparing. More than that, there are ten or twelve receivers who are not in the association and it would be meat for them. They would telegraph to shippers that chickens are in great demand and to send on all they can get hold of. I do not believe the rule can be enforced, but it is a good rule."

Mr. W. R. Hall of the firm of Westcott & Hall is just as sanguine as Mr. Taylor is despondent. He says it all depends on the firmness of the receivers whether they will win or not. This is the only market where poultry is not sold by weight, and no other method is fair to all. Secretary Kiely of the association talks in the same way, and is urging the receivers to stand firm.

The hucksters on the other hand to the number of eighty or so, have pledged the dealers, butchers, hotel men and others not to purchase by weight and are preparing for a siege. They have combined with the receivers and are said to be sending out telegrams urging shippers to send in poultry, because they state the market is almost bare and the demand is strong. The probability is that the hucksters and receivers will begin to stick the gaffs into each other Thursday.

CRIPPLED FOR FUNDS.

An Obstacle to the Trial of the Brazilian Note Cases.

Judge Brewer in overruling the motions entered in behalf of Joseph and Lucius White, in the Brazilian note cases, ordered the cases remanded for trial at the May term of the United States District Court. A substantial difficulty, however, presented in docketing these cases for trial. There is no money for defraying the expenses of the trial, witness and jury fees, etc. The appropriation has long been exhausted and unless Congress passes the emergency bill there is no fund to draw upon. The next term of the United States District Court would not be reached until November. If the cases are not set down for the May term an effort will be made to release the Whites and the prosecution would be in no position to oppose such a motion.

Federal Court Notes.

In the bond suit of the Ninth National Bank vs. Ralls County judgment for plaintiff for about $14,000, including interest, was entered to-day in the United States Circuit Court.

In the damage suit of Benjamin F. Graham et al. vs. Hannibal & St. Joe R. R. Co., a verdict for plaintiffs for $3,500 was brought in by the Federal jury.

In the damages suit of John B. Anthony vs. Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., a verdict for the defendant was returned by the Federal jury.

In the case of the St. Louis, Hannibal & Keokuk Railroad Company, the final report of the Master on receiver's accounts was filed to-day in the United States Circuit Court.

Matters in Court.

The suit of E. C. Smith against J. L. D. Morrison, a proceeding to reform a deed to property is before Judge Lubke to-day.

In the suit of Alois Kleinhoffer vs. Wm. A. Barmann, Louis Jazenuse and Lafayette Mutual Building Association, judgment for $340 was entered to-day in the Circuit Court.

The April term of the Circuit Court will commence next Monday. This week the Judges are busily engaged clearing up the odds and ends of litigation and disposing of the default divorce docket.

FIRE BUGS ARRESTED.

A Fatal Game of Pool—Murderer Run Down—Texas Topics.

DENISON, March 30.—Phil Ledrick and Charles Burckel, a furniture firm, have been arrested on the charge of burning their goods Last December.

LAREDO, March 30.—In a row over a game of pool early yesterday morning, Alex Menly of Corpus Christi shot and killed Alderman B Douglass of this place.

SAN ANTONIO, March 30.—Rodriguez, alias Villegas, was arrested near Cotulla for the murder of K. W. Stein and his shepherd in December, 1884, near Uvalde.

WAXAHACHIE, March 30.—George Young, the wife murderer, was sentenced to be hanged May 8.

GALVESTON, March 30.—A cold norther, with snow and rain, swept over here yesterday and last night. It seems to prevail with most severity on the pan-handle.

THORP, March 30.—Stenson & Brother's steam gin and saw mill was burned yesterday. Net loss, $2,500.

EL PASO, March 30.—News has been received here that the Batopilas miners have struck ore rich at Jimulco, Mexico.

LIGGETT & MYERS.

First of the Large Local Establishments Closed for Want of Coal.

One of the first of the large factories in the city to be affected by the blockade on coal incident to the strike is that of Liggett & Meyers, Thirteenth and St. Charles streets, which had to close yesterday afternoon, not a pound of coal being left in their sheds. The factory is the largest in the manufacture of tobacco in the United States and employs 902 men, boys and girls. The scene in the factory when it was announced that work must stop was affecting. Many of the girls cried and all expressed their sorrow at the cessation of work. The pay-roll last week of the factory hands was $7,045.06. The shut-down will continue until the firm can purchase coal. The house is full of unfinished material, and the hands will report every day in order that they may be put to work at the earliest possible moment.

City Hall Notes.

The appointment of Andrew Magoogin as the Assistant Inspector of the Weights and Measures Department was approved to-day.

The Board of Public Improvements met to-day and besides routine business recommended an ordinance for the building of Bridge No. 5 in Forest Park.

The report of the Street Commissioner made to the Mayor to-day shows that for the month past the average candlepower of the gas lamps has been: Of the St. Louis Company, 19.86, and of the Laclede Company, 19.67.

A building permit was issued to-day to the St. Louis National Bank for the erection of a two-story building on the west side of Broadway, between Olive and Pine streets. The new building will be used as a bank, and is to cost $35,000.

A Co-Operative Scheme.

AUBURN, ME., March 30.—A. Cushman & Co., shoe manufacturers, employing 750 hands, have submitted a plan of co-operation to their employes. The services as managers to the members of the firm will be compensated by stated salaries. Interest on the plant and a reasonable amount for wear and tear will be allowed and the balance of the earnings will be distributed among the men in the proportion the labor of each contributes to the product. The employes have appointed a committee to help carry out the plan.

TRAIN-WRECKERS AT WORK.

A Passenger Train Ditched Near Parsons, Kan.—One Man Injured.

PARSONS, KAN., March 30.—Passenger train No. 154, north-bound, was ditched five miles south of here, and the engine, mail car and baggage car were thrown down the embankment, the mail car striking against a telegraph pole and breaking it. The only one seriously hurt was Mail Agent Moore, who hash been taken to his hom at Osage Mission. The track will be cleared to-day. The wreck was caused by the fish plate being removed and the rails spread, the fish plate was then spiked down so the rails could not possibly get to their places thereby making a wreck inevitable. Great indignation is manifested by our citizens at the perpetrators of the crime and it is likely the guilty ones will be arrested and punished, as detectives have obtained some clue as to whom the guilty parties are.

Rates Reduced.

Commencing to-day the Missouri Pacific lines make the following rates from Missouri River common points to San Francisco: First-class unlimited, $60; first-class limited, $50 with a rebate of $25; second class, or emigrant, $30, with a rebate of $15. Prepaid orders, good thirty days from date of issue, may be drawn on California points for return east-bound tickets to the Missouri River at the same gross rate as given above, indorsed for the same rebate, thus making a net round trip rate $10, Missouri River to California and return.

Real Estate Transfers.

W. J. Allen to J. Frederick, et al, lots 12 to 16 city block 2784, also 130 ft. on Mader st., city block 2784; warranty deed..... $3,300
R. L. Kayser to F. Hamm and wife, 25 ft. on Cherokee st., city block 1554; warranty deed..... 400
R. Kayser to W. Spoert and wife, 25 ft. on Illinois av., city block 1554, guardians deed... 250
A. Fischer to Jos. Wels, 25 ft. on Scott av., city block 2206; warranty deed..... 350
S. W. Castle to C. H. Wans, 21 ft. 8 in. on S. Wash st., city block 1946..... 5,000
J. Cwhott to M. Mahaney, 30 ft. on North Market st., city block 630; warranty deed... 5,000
St. L. Mg. B. & Co. to A. Fischer, 25 ft. on Gamble st, block 2, Market st., and Choutean av., sub-division; warranty deed..... 46
J. Tiernan and wife to C. L. Smith, 26 ft. on Westminster place, city block 3912; warranty deed..... 2,900

THE IRISH MEASURE.

GLADSTONE TO SPEAK ON HOME RULE APRIL 8.

Trevelyan's Alternative Irish Scheme—The Riot Compensation Bill—The Great Labor Demonstration in Belgium—War in Senegal—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, March 30.—No further Parliamentary developments are expected till Gladstone makes his speech on April 8. This will be on the home-rule part of the scheme. Then will follow Chamberlain's and Trevelyan's personal explanation on April 9. Then, on the 12th, Harcourt will introduce the budget. On April 15 Gladstone will introduce the land purchase part of the scheme, and the House will probably rise for the Easter vacation on April 20, so that a division on the Irish question will hardly be reached before Easter, but will come with the second reading of the home-rule bill in May.

England.

AN ALTERNATIVE IRISH SCHEME.

LONDON, March 30.—Mr. Trevelyan, replying yesterday to the address of a deputation of Ulster Liberals, said he had an alternative Irish scheme, which he would bring forward at the proper time.

The riot compensation bill was read a third time in the House of Commons last night.

The Daily News believes that Mr. Gladstone's scheme relative to Ireland does not place the police under the control of an Irish Parliament.

The Government intends to oppose Mr. Heston's motion urging negotiations with other countries for the purpose of establishing universal penny postage.

West Africa.

WAR IN SENEGAL.

PARIS, March 30.—Advices from St. Louis state that the natives of Senegal, in rebellion against French authority, have resorted to open warfare. In a recent attack the rebels killed nine French soldiers and wounded thirty-two. Reenforcements for the colony are being rapidly fitted out at Toulon.

Belgium.

THE LABOR TROUBLES.

BRUSSELS, March 30.—The situation created by the strikers remains threatening at Tournay; elsewhere throughout Belgium quiet prevails.

QUIET RESTORED.

Quiet has not only been restored at Charleroi, but the strikers are generally returning to work. The only locality where the disturbances have increased is the central coal-mining district. The principal quarry owner in the Tournay district has consented to increase the wages of the men, if the master miners, at their meeting to-night, shall acquiesce. A mob of strikers entered Tournay this morning, making noisy demonstrations, but they withdrew when they found the town thoroughly guarded by gended' armes. The latest news from Charleroi is to the effect that it is practically impossible for rioters to assemble at any place in the town. In the Liege district the strikers are less violent. At Verviers, fourteen miles south of Liege, police have seized the office and papers of the Secretary of the Workmen's Universal Union.

THE LATEST FROM LIEGE.

Advices from Liege say that quiet has been restored there. The troops which have been stationed at Chasterol and Liege are leaving both places for Tournay and Mons. The governor of Liege has promised the striking miners that he will intercede with their employers with the object of securing for the workmen an increase of wages.

ANARCHIST PAPER SEIZED.

PARIS, March 30.—The authorities have seized the edition of an Anarchist paper printed in Brussels and sent here to be circulated.

GONE TO CHARLEROI.

M. Rochefort and Laguerre, have left Paris for Charleroi, to look into the labor troubles there.

PIG IRON GOES UP.

GLASGOW, March 30.—The price of pig iron has risen owing to the strikes in Belgium.

Scotland.

A HEAVY FAILURE.

GLASGOW, March 30.—George Murray, engaged in the iron trade here, has failed. His liabilities are large, and he offers to settle with his creditors at 8 shillings on the pound. Another failure in the iron trade is also reported. Pig iron is quoted at 41 shillings.

France.

RELIEF FUND FOR THE POOR.

PARIS, March 30.—President Grevy has signed a decree raising the fund for the relief of the poor to $7,500,000, making it larger than ever before.

The Balkans.

WAR FUNDS.

ATHENS, March 30.—It is stated that the Government will submit to Parliament a measure providing for a compulsory loan and for the confiscation of monastery lands. A report is current that the Government intends to mobilize the National Guards.

A SERVANT ROBBED.

Bertha Heutcher Loses Her Money in a Queer Manner.

Bertha Heutcher, a domestic at Mrs. Nisbet's, No. 2929 Dayton street, was robbed yesterday morning of $108.75. The money was in her trunk at 8 o'clock in the morning when the girl went down into the basement to do some washing and all the doors were locked and windows secured. About 1 p. m. the girl missed the money. The trunk was locked and all the windows and doors secured, showing that the thief must have entered the house and trunk with keys and locked the trunk and door after him. Mrs. Nisbet, who was the only other person in the house besides the servant girl, was sitting upstairs and heard no noise.

During Sunday night thieves entered the boarding-house of Julius Bentrup, 3709 North Broadway, through an unsecured window and stole a pocket-book containing $14 and a Wabash railroad ticket from East St. Louis to Litchfield, Ill., a gold hunting-case watch and a gold chain belonging to Thomas M. Hughes and John Cartley, boarders in the house.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning there was stolen from the kitchen of G. W. Berkley, No. 3102 Morgan street, a pair of boots.

THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

To-Day's Proceedings—Interesting Reports Read and Adopted—The Adjournment.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WARRENSBURG, MO., March 30.—The last day's session of the conference met this morning. Divotional exercises were conducted by E. R. Pierce. The minutes of yesterday were read and approved. The report of the Board of Trustees of the conference on the permanent fund was made by Dr. Frey. The conferenced stewarts made their report and the fund was distributed to the proper persons. The Committee on Education made a report on the Garrett Biblical Institute, Lewis College, Marionville College and the Correllton Institute. The report was adopted. The committee's report on temperance was adopted. The conference will adjourn tonight. Several ministers have already left for their homes.

"Sheeny Mike's" Sentence.

TROY, N. Y., March 30.—Michal Kurtz, otherwise known as "Sheeny Mike," was this morning sentenced to eighteen and one-half years in the Penitentiary. His counsel will appeal.

Poor Pool-Sellers.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 30.—The Law and Order Club served notice on pool-rooms to-day to close up at once, or the proprietors would be prosecuted under the new law which makes gambling a felony. The proprietors say they will obey the law, but think the recent gambling act does not apply to pool-selling. It is thought that pool-selling at the race track will not be interfered with.

FIERCE FLAMES.

An Extensive Conflagration Raging at Key West, Fla.

KEY WEST, FLA., March 30, 5 a. m.—Fire started in the San Carlos theater at 1 o'clock this morning and is still burning and is beyond the control of the firemen. A fresh wind blowing from the South has caused the fire to spread and already five blocks in the center of the city have been destroyed. The fire will probably go to the harbor. The Episcopal and Baptist churches have been burned, together with thirty other buildings, stores and residences.

THE FIRE SPREADING.

Over fifty houses have been already burned, including the Masonic Hall, three or four cigar factories and the bonded warehouse containing nearly a quarter of a million dollars worth of tobacco. Officers from the United states steamers Brooklyn and Powhattan have been blowing up some of the houses with water. There is no water supply, the cisterns being mostly dry. It is now settled that the fire will not stop until it reaches the harbor. It is now entering the business part of the city, destroying buildings containing heavy stocks of goods, and the loss will be very great. It looks now as though the Hotel Russell would succumb shortly.

Disastrous Blaze.

DETROIT, MICH., March 30.—An Evening Journal special from Bronson, Mich., says: A fire visited Bronson this morning destroying the fine new brick block of stores which was built last summer. One of the terrible features of the fire is the death of Mrs. Timothy Hurley and her daughter May, aged 15 years, who were burned. Mr. Hurley and three children, a boy aged 16, another 10, and a baby about 2½ years old, are terribly burned. Charles Strachley, a baker employed by Mr. Hurley, is badly cut about the face and head. The fire company did effective work, saving the business portion of the village. Four stores were burned. Loss, $16,000. The bodies of Mrs. Hurley and the daughter have just been recovered, but are burned beyond recognition. Sheriff Whittaker had one of his legs cut very badly by the falling of a heavy plate glass. This is the fourth destructive fire that has ravaged Bronson within the last two and a half years, destroying about $100,000 worth of property.

THE OREGON DISASTER.

Efforts to Identify the Mysterious Schooner—The Hylton Castle.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Pilots and shipping men are strongly of the opinion that the schooner whose three masts have been seen sticking out of the water, southwest of Shinnecock Light, is the Charles S. Morse, and that this vessel is the one that came in collision with the Oregon. The wrecks of the steamship and schooner are sixteen and one-half miles apart, the schooner lying southwest of the steamship. Lieutenant Field of the Hylton Castle, now in port, has been taking bearings of the wrecked steamer and schooner and consulted every pilot whom he could find, to learn what chance there might be that the Oregon was not the Hylton Castle. These two wrecks are now miles apart and taking the extreme reports about the position of the Oregon before the collision and the Hylton Castle's position, he concludes that when they were closest, the distance between them was at least nine miles. If the projecting masts of the schooner belongs to the Morse, nine lives were lost when she went down, as follows: Captain Alonzo Wildes, of Bath, Me.; Captain Alfred Manson, Jr., who formerly commanded the Morse, but was a passenger on this trip; Mate P. Bisisdale of Pembroke, Me.; Edward McMahon of Georgetown, Me., a sailor; and five othes sailors, all foreigners.

WINSTON'S ROMANCE.

The Minister to Persia to be Married at Constantinople.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30.—Minister Winston, who now represents the United States at the court of Persia, is the hero of an interesting romance, the other principal being Miss Calhoun, a grand-daughter of the great South Carolinian, John C. Calhoun. They met on a Cunarder. Mr. Winston is old enough to be the young lady's father, but he loved her at first sight, and so he followed her to Paris where he proposed marriage. Miss Calhoun, after some hesitation, consented, provided Mr. Winston resign his mission. This he did. These terms were agreed to. Then the new Minister had an agreement drawn up for Miss Calhoun to sign in which she signified her intention of marrying her suitor, either at Tehran or aboard the United States steamer, Pensacola, at Constantinople. Admiral Franklin, then with the Pensacola at Naples, made no objection to this arrangement, and he agreed to meet the couple with his vessel at Constantinople. When the minister arrived at Constantinople, however, he found that no vessel the size of the Pensacola would be permitted to pass through the Dardanelles. According to the terms of the agreement, Miss Calhoun was to be married, if on the Pensacola at Constantinople, by the middle of may, or, if this failed, then at Tebran, the capital of Persia, by the 1st of June, 1886. An elaborate trousseau has been prepared. Accompanied by a few friends the bride-elect is now en route for Constantinople. It is probable that Constantinople will be the scene of the wedding, but Mr. Winston has been cheated out of his reception on shipboard.

GUNNING FOR EACH OTHER.

The Brother of a Suicide—Wife Quarrels with Her Husband.

The funeral of Mrs. Limbreck, the bride of ten days who committed suicide at 905 South Second street, last Saturday, has furnished the neighborhood with another sensation. The husband of the women wanted her buried by the city, but her brother would not consent to this and buried her at his own expense. He wanted the husband to pay half the funeral charges, but the latter refused to do so, and the woman's brother obtaining possession of the key to the husband's room, locked it and refused to allow Limbreck to enter until he had paid half the funeral expenses. Both men armed himselves, and were going around threatening to kill each other. The neighbors, who feared trouble, sent to the Four Courts for a police officer to-day, and Officer Rdan was dispatched down. He told the brother that he would have to collect his money in some other way and would have to return Limbreck's key to him.

Society Personals.

Mrs. J. W. Norton spent last week in Chicago with her husband.

Mr. Eugene Field and Mrs. Field are expected soon to visit Mrs. Comstock, the mother of Mrs. Field.

Mrs. Theodore Caskin gave a pretty little birthday party to her children on Monday at the Beaumont flats.

Mr. David Colville returned to the city last week to reside, which will be gratifying intelligence in musical circles.

Mr. Edgar Buck, who was at one time a well-known professor of music in the city, was singing last week in the "Beggar Student," his wife taking the part of the Countess.

Mrs. Thomas Yeatman with Miss Cynthia Yeatman have returned from California, where she has been traveling for the benefit of her health. Gen. Pope returned with her.

Miss Carrie Hart, instructor in the Normal department of the Kindergartens, left last night for Toronto, having been invited to Toronto by the Commissioner of Education. She was accompanied to the depot by Miss Susie Blow and a number of the Kindergarten directors.

Pittsburg Street Car Strike.

PITTSBURG, PA., March 30.—Negotiations are pending which may result in the settlement of the street car strike. The companies are now considering a modified proposition of the strikers, which provides for arbitration. Both sides show more disposition to compromise, and the prospect of an early adjustment of the difference is regarded as bright.

MEN'S SEAMLESS

BUTTON, BAL. AND CONGRESS

SHOES

For $2.00

AT TORLINA & WEBER'S!

GLOBE Shoe and Clothing Co.,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin Ave.

They carry the greatest odds the largest collection of WOMEN'S, MISSES', CHILDREN'S, INFANTS', MEN'S, BOYS' and YOUTHS' SHOES in their departments, all widths throughout, from the cheapest to the finest in the market, and at prices which other dealers cannot touch. Perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

A visit to the LARGEST and CHEAPEST SHOE and CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT will be found profitable.

Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays, 11 p. m.

SELECTIONS OF BOOKS.

ADDITIONAL LISTS FROM THE LATEST ENTRIES IN THE RACE.

Varying Taste and Judgment—"Many Men of Many Minds"—More Books Supposed to Be the Greatest Published During the Present Century—The "Home-Stretch" in the Contest.

Letters of inquiry have been received from persons who sent in lists but failed to find them among those published. In response to such inquiries it may be stated that many lists which were defective and void were not printed.

1,457. MISS H. V. F., St. Louis—HUGO, Les Miserables; WEBSTER, Dictionary; GOETHE, Faust; HAWTHORNE, Scarlet Letter; MACAULAY, History of England; DARWIN, Origin of Species; CARLYLE, French Revolution; EMERSON, Essays and Lectures; RUSKIN, Modern Painters; HUMBOLDT, Cosmos.

1,458. MRS L. H., St. Louis—DICKENS, David Copperfield; WEBSTER, Dictionary; SCHILLER, William Tell; DUMAS, Count of Monte Cristo; STOWE, Uncle Tom's Cabin; ELIOT, Daniel Deronda; MEREDITH, Lucille; TENNYSON, Holy Grail; HOLLAND, Mistress of the Manse; CARLETON, Farm Ballads.

1,459. F. A. N., St. Louis—MACAULAY, History of England; CARLYLE, French Revolution; HUMBOLDT, Cosmos; DARWIN, Origin of Species; BYRON, Childe Harold; GOETHE, Faust; THACKERAY, Vanity Fair; DICKENS, David Copperfield; HAWTHORNE, Scarlet Letter; HUGO, Les Miserables.

1,460. H. W. M., St. Louis—DARWIN, Origin of Species; BUCKLE, History of Civilization; STRAUSS, Life of Jesus; HUMBOLDT, Cosmos; GOETHE, Faust; MILL, Logic; HAHNEMANN, Organon of the Art of Healing; LAPLACE, Mecanique Celeste; CARLYLE, Sartor Resartus; COMTE, System of Philosophy.

1,462. C. D. C., St. Louis—DARWIN, Origin of Species; CARLYLE, History of the French Revolution; HUMBOLDT, Cosmos; MOTLEY, Dutch Republic; GOETHE, Faust; MACAULAY, History of England; MILL, Political Economy; BANCROFT, History of the United States; GUIZOT, History of Civilization; ROTTEG, History of the World; BULWER, Last Days of Pompeii; SCE, Wandering Jew; WEBSTER, Dictionary; DRAPER, Intellectual Development of Europe; DUMAS, Count of Monte Cristo.

1,463. C. F., St. Louis—ALCOTT, Little Women; WEBSTER, Dictionary; ANDERSEN, Ice King; GRIMM, Fairy Tales; DICKENS, David Copperfield; STOWE, Uncle Tom's Cabin; SCOTT, Ivanhoe; TENNYSON, Charge of the Light Brigade; ——, Swiss Family Robinson; TWAIN, Innocents Abroad.

1,464. MISS S. R. C., St. Louis—GOETHE, Faust; MACAULAY, History of England; BANCROFT, History of the United States; DARWIN, Origin of Species; DICKENS, David Copperfield; WEBSTER, Dictionary; CARLYLE, French Revolution; STOWE, Uncle Tom's Cabin; HUGO, Les Miserables; THACKERAY, Vanity Fair.

1,465. R. C. ELLIS, St. Louis—DARWIN, Origin of Species; WEBSTER, Dictionary; HUGO, Les Miserables; HUMBOLDT, Cosmos; BUCKLE, History of Civilization; MILL, Political Economy; LYELL, Principles of Geology; GRANT, Memoirs; SPENCER, First Principles; RUSKIN, Modern Painters.

1,466. MRS. R. G. P., St. Louis—SCOTT, Ivanhoe; BRONTE, Jane Eyre; THACKERAY, Vanity Fair; CRAIK, John Halifax; SUE, Wandering Jew; DICKENS, Nicholas Nickelby; ELIOT, Daniel Deronda; STOWE, Uncle Tom's Cabin; BULWER, Last Days of Pompeii; DUMAS, Count of Monte Cristo.

1,467. I. N. ASH, St. Louis—WALLACE, Ben Hur; HAWTHORNE, Scarlet Letter; THACKERAY, Vanity Fair; DICKENS, David Copperfield; HUGO, Les Miserables; SUE, Wandering Jew; SCOTT, Waverly; BUCKLE, Sociology; FOX, The Raven; DUMAS, Count of Monte Cristo.

1,468. R. T. S., St. Louis—COOPER, Last of the Mohicans; SCOTT, Guy Mannering; DICKENS, Oliver Twist; COLLINS, Woman in White; POE, The Black Cat; VERNE, 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea; BALZAC, Droll Stories; GABORIAU, File No. 113; KINGSTON, Mark Seaworth; DUMAS, Forty-five Guardsmen.

1,469. J. J. O'C., St. Louis—DARWIN, Origin of Species; HUXLEY, Protoplasm; SPENCER, Synthetic Philosophy; MILL, Political Economy; AGASSIZ, Geology; KENT, Commentaries; MACAULAY, History of England; EMERSON, Society and Solitude; OLIVER, Animal Kingdom; DICKENS, David Copperfield.

1,470. H. G. P., St. Louis—ANDERSON, Ugly Duck; GOETHE, Wilhelm Meister; FELICO, My Prisons; HUGO, Les Miserables; LONGFELLOW, Poetical Works; STOWE, Uncle Tom's Cabin; SCOTT, Waverly; DICKENS, David Copperfield; THACKERAY, The Newcomes; MACAULAY, History of England.

1,471. R. H. P., St. Louis—MACAULAY, History of England; BULWER, Last Days of Pompeii; STOWE, Uncle Tom's Cabin; HAWTHORNE, Scarlet Letter; DICKENS, David Copperfield; HUGO, Les Miserables; HUMBOLDT, Cosmos; SCOTT, Ivanhoe; DARW

F. W. QUERIN, PHOTOGRAPHER,
Twelfth and Washington Avenue.
Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1884; medal awarded at Paris Exposition, and gold medal awarded at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, La., 1885. Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

CITY NEWS.

GENTLEMEN should be advised to give the new tailoring department of D. Crawford & Co. a trial order for a new spring suit. This house shows the largest stock of imported and domestic woolens in the city to choose from, and guarantees its prices to be a complete revelation to those who have been heretofore having their clothes made at exclusive merchant tailoring stores. A perfect fit assured or no sale. Gentlemen in the country on application may have samples forwarded at once, with printed forms and directions for self-measurement.

BEAUTY, that transitory flower, can only be had by using Pozzoni's Powder. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Furniture.
Beautiful designs and workmanship unsurpassed. Buy from the makers,
GUERNSEY FURNITURE Co.,
304, 306, 308 Locust.

Dr. E. C. Chase.
923 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write.

MADE-TO-ORDER SUITS FOR BOYS.
Examine Them Before You Purchase.
This is a new thing in the history of the clothing trade of St. Louis, and, so far, has been a great success. We take pleasure in calling the attention of all parents and guardians to the garments we are making to order for boys' wear.
MILLS & AVERILL,
Southeast corner Broadway and Pine.

A DISASTER AT SEA.

Terrible Experience of a Shipwrecked Crew —Burned on the Deep.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The ship J. L. Smith, of Dorchester, N. B., arrived yesterday under the command of Capt. Finlay, forty-nine days from Antwerp, with a cargo of iron. On February 24 she experienced a heavy gale in which the ship's rudder head was carried away and the yards damaged. Seven days afterward, on March 3, she passed a British bark with all the yards gone except the two maintop sail yards. She asked for no assistance. On March 16 there was a strong gale blowing and a heavy sea running. The Smith was under short canvas when a dismasted vessel was sighted to leeward. The ship at once bore down to the dismasted vessel. She proved to be the Norwegian bark, Nordcap, bound from this city to Buenos Ayres. With difficulty the crew of eleven and Capt. Salveson were rescued and taken on board the Smith. Capt. Salveson is a short, thick-set man, with full whiskers of reddish hue. He said:

"We sailed on February 22, with a general cargo. On the 26th a hurricane of great force met in from the southeast, veering to the northwest, accompanied by a terrific sea. The vessel was pitching directly into the sea, which at times swept completely over her, rendering it almost impossible for the men to stand. Suddenly the bowsprit was carried away, and soon the foremast went over the side, leaving the vessel helpless. The mainmast, in consequence of pitching and rolling, followed the forward spars and added to the wreck already made. The strain on the upper works of the bark by the loss of her spars opened the deck planks and strained the hull. Men not engaged in clearing away the wreckage were sent to the pumps and kept them going. From the 26th of February, the time my spars went over the side, until March 16, when the Smith came along, the hull of my ship, was pitching and rolling helplessly in the sea. Fortunately, we had saved a water cask and had biscuits left. On March 13 a big English ship, named the S. P. Hersey, bound for Melbourne, hove to and answered my signals. It was blowing hard at the time, and my boats being disabled I could not launch them. The Hersey hailed me and said he could not send boats on board, as they were not fit to lower, but assured me that he would lay alongside until morning. When daylight broke there was no signs of the Hersey, and then the men commenced to abandon all hope. The bark was helplessly rolling in the trough of a tremendious sea and all efforts to rig a jury mast failed to keep her head to the wind had failed. I believe that the ship was saved by the use of oil on the water. I took canvas sacks, filled them with oakum which was saturated with oil and put four of them over to windward. The effect was to break the force of the seas and calm the waters sufficiently to prevent white caps forming. I was not a believer in oil upon water until I tried it."

The abandoned vessel was set on fire by the crew of the Smith before they left her.

Especially to Women.

"Sweet is revenge, especially to women," says the gifted, but naughty, Lord Byron. Surely he was in bad humor when he wrote such words. But there are complaints that only women suffer that are carrying numbers of them to early graves. There is hope for those who suffer, no matter how sorely or severely, in Dr. R. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." Safe in its action, it is a blessing, *especially to women*, and to men, too, for when women suffer the household is askew.

WICKED ISABELLE.

A New Orleans Pension Agent Convicted of Forgery—A Clever Swindle.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—In the United States District Court yesterday, Judge Billings presiding, the jury in the case of Robert H. Isabelle, charged with forgery, returned a verdict of guilty, but recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the Court. Additional interest attaches to this case from the fact that there are several similar cases in the hands of the United States District Attorney, awaiting the action of the Court. Isabelle was formerly a pension agent in this city. Kitty Burke, colored, a pensioner of the United States Government, died January 7, 1884; nevertheless, five vouchers were presented in her name for payment up to and including June, 1885. The checks for these were in every instance issued payable to the order of Kitty Burke. The charge against Isabelle was for forging the indorsement on the back of four of the checks referred to, he being cognizant of the fact that the pensioner for whose relief they were drawn, was dead. Isabelle will probably be sentenced to not less than five, nor more than ten years in the Penitentiary.

LIQUID Bread is an absolutely pure extract of malt, and is fast coming into general use. A pleasant beverage and healthful tonic. Beneficial in sickness or health. Grocers and druggists keep it.

RAILROAD INSURANCE.

An Interesting Suit Against the Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company.

ZANESVILLE, O., March 30.—A petition has been filed in the Common Pleas Court by James A. Williams against the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, praying for the recovery of $158 that was retained out of his wages as assessments for the insurance fund during his employment with the company. The petition sets up that the present system of compulsory insurance among the employes was first enforced by the company in April, 1880, and each month, thereafter, until December, 1885, at which time he left the service. He was compelled to relinquish $2.25 toward the insurance fund. The money thus retained the petitioner claims, was wrongfully withheld. The case is creating considerable interest in railroad circles, particularly among the Baltimore and Ohio employes, and it will test the validity of the compulsory insurance employes as inaugurated by this company some five years ago.

DOOMED.

A DOG POUND MASTER IN THE AGONIES OF HYDROPHOBIA.

George Neall of Newark, Bitten by a Dog—The Suffering Man's Terrible Discovery—Neall Violently Attacks His Family—Futile Efforts of Doctors to Save the Man.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Geo. Neall lay dying in the agonies of hydrophobia last night at his residence, Broad street, Newark, surrounded by his wife and two children and a number of doctors. When the Newark dog pound was opened Neall was appointed pound master under Alderman George S. Smith, who lost his life in the building. On January 19 Neall was bitten on the left wrist by a large white spitz dog. Neall thought nothing of the wound, as it rapidly healed and nothing but a slight red scar was left. He was bitten again on February and this wound also healed. Last Thursday Neall was taken ill and was unable to leave the house. He refused to send for a doctor, but he grew worse and called in Dr. Smith of Broad street. Neall said nothing of his having been bitten and the doctor was at a loss to diagnose the case. He saw that the man was rapidly growing worse. He had spasms which became more and more violent. He was puzzled and Neall could or would not throw any light upon his illness. On Sunday he called in Dr. D. L. Braden who at once became convinced that he was suffering from hydrophobia or something akin to it. He called Mrs. Neall to one side and questioned her closely. He learned for the first time of the dog bite. Neall himself would say nothing of the affair. In fact, he appeared to be suffering from a horrible fear of the disease attacking him. On Sunday morning Neall grew worse and violent convulsions began to set in. Dr. Braden administered sedatives which kept the unfortunate man quiet for a short time. Once the physician ordered a glass of water brought in, and as soon as Neall saw it he became insane. His eyes bulged out and his tongue lolled from his mouth. The doctor's worst fears were confirmed, but he kept his own counsel and did not tell Mrs. Neall what he feared. After giving Neall some quieting medicine he left him for the night. Between 10 and 11 o'clock yesterday morning

NEALL'S AGONIES BECAME FRANTIC.

His wife was frightened when she saw her husband frothing at the mouth and whining and barking like a dog. Suddenly the man, who was certainly mad, sprang out of bed and chased all the members of the family excepting his wife from the room. He was quieted by the woman, who courageously stood by him and finally induced him to return to bed. At noon he was trembling violently, and all symptoms of the disease became manifest. He sprang out of bed again, and the members of the family were forced to flee from the house. The brave wife, however, remained. Neall at last became so violent that a message was sent to the Second Precinct Police Station, and two stalwart policemen went to Neall's house in the ambulance. Neall suddenly seemed to realize his unfortunate position and refused to go the hospital. "I won't leave home," he cried. The ambulance was dismissed, but the police officers remained in the house, at the request of Mrs. Neall. A half hour later Neall again became so violent that the officers were compelled to handcuff him and strap him to the bed. There the unfortunate man lay growling and muttering. At intervals of five minutes during the afternoon his body was racked with spasms and convulsions, which came intermittingly. Toward evening, however, they became less violent and he sank into an uneasy doze, during which he growled and muttered. The attending physicians administered bromide of potash and hypodermic injections of chloral hydrate and morphia, which brought about this rest. Neall had eaten nothing from Friday night, except a little bread soaked in water. Water itself, when brought near him, sent him into convulsions. Even the sound of the physician's syringe, when he cleansed it in a tumbler of water, caused him to

ALMOST SPRING OUT OF BED.

To-day there will be a consultation held by Drs. A. Gorman Briggs of the Carnegie Institute and Herold. Dr. Briggs sent a telegram stating he would reach Newark to-day. Neall is a blacksmith, of medium height and powerful build, with black hair and mustache. He is one of three keepers appointed at the dog pound under Alderman George S. Smith. He is 42 years old, and besides his wife, his family consists of two boys, the oldest being 18 years of age and the other two years younger. When he first felt the pain coming on it ran from the sore on the back of his wrist up through his arm and then back to the base of the brain. He complained of pain to his wife and said it was excruciating. He could not account for it in any way to his wife, other than he thought it was rheumatism. But in view of recent events, it is believed that he feared that the terrible disease was about to take hold of him. When Dr. Briggs was summoned yesterday afternoon, he immediately decided that the man had gone. At that time his eyes were bulging from his head, his temperature was very high, his pulse beat at a rapid rate and he had that peculiar contraction of the muscles of the throat which always prevails at the last stages of the disease, and which, when the patient attempted to breathe or speak or groan, caused a sound like the barking of a dog. Neall rested much easier at a late hour last night, but the physicians think that he cannot survive to-day.

It is a singular coincidence that Alderman G. S. Smith also lost his life through the same agency and by a death that was equally horrible. He had handled some meat which was intended for the dogs and he rubbed his finger on a pimple on his face. A malignant carbuncle set in and he died in frightful agony after a few days' sickness.

At last night Neall was resting more quietly. The manacles had been removed and three policemen detailed from the Second Precinct were within call in case of an outbreak. It had been intended by Dr. Braden in the event of Neall becoming very violent, to put a straight jacket on him. Dr. Braden will consult with Dr. Briggs this morning at 9 o'clock as to the advisability of moving Neall to the City Hospital. Neall was averse to this at the City Hospital with Dr. Wallace in attendance. The doctors will consider the question of administering food by artificial means and propose to use every endeavor to save his life.

Mr. Lucius Pitkin, 25 years old, lectured last night at Columbia College before the New York Academy of Science and repudiated the idea of inoculation as formulated by Pasteur.

Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs and Colds: "I do not see how it is possible for a public man to be himself in winter without this admirable aid.—*Rev. R. M. Devens, Pocasset, Mass.*

HOTEL PERSONALS.

G. N. Boughton, Dexter, Mo.; J. L. Gray, Kansas City, Mo.; J. S. Reed, Laramie, Mo., and O. Kochtitzky, Jefferson City, are at Hurst's.

J. W. Stafford, Pilot Knob, Mo.; G. B. Cannon, New York; J. Spellbrink, San Francisco, and Wm. Parker, Los Angeles, Cal., are at the St. James.

John Harris, Paris, Ill., E. A. Harris, Newton, Ill.; F. S. Haven, Louisville, Ills., and J. C. Anderson, London, Canada, are at the Everett House.

L. Mitchel, Mexico, Mo.; C. H. Hodges, Carrolton, Ill.; Julius Kepler, Atchison, Kan., and J. G. Garrison, Tyler, Tex., are at the Hotel Barnum.

F. A. Ratcliff, Jersey City; C. L. Howe, Keokuk, Io.; J. E. O'Brien, New York; J. E. Jackson, Dallas, Tex.; J. M. Hay, Belleville, Ill., are at the Planters'.

J. B. Dresser, Chicago; H. C. Stuart, Des Moines, Io.; S. Danzig, New York; D. S. Benton, El Paso, Tex.; S. A. Miller, Louisville, Ky., are at the Southern.

R. R. Platt, Indianapolis; J. M. Hearne, Hannibal, Mo.; J. C. Hatch, Rich Hill, Mo.; J. H. Lyon, Kansas City, Mo.; P. C. James, Holden, Mo., are at the Laclede.

J. W. Moulton, New York; H. May, Philadelphia; B. Schuster, El Paso, Tex.; E. A. Morser, Boston; Gen. John Pope and party, San Francisco, are at the Lindell.

C. B. Trantham, Mammoth Springs, Ark.; John J. Parker, Edwardsville, Ill.; E. N. Plank, Jr., Wyandotte, Kan., and M. D. Hays, Elizabethtown, O.; J. Y. DeLile, New York; R. D. Yaille, Chicago, and J. E. Trongton, Carbondale, Ill., are at Hotel Hunt.

UNITED STATES SENATOR BLACKBURN of Kentucky, publicly indorses Red Star Cough Cure.

SEE BRANDT'S $2.00 and $2.50 LINES
OF
LADIES' PERFECT-FITTING BUTTON BOOTS

Ladies' Dress Kid Button Boot for $2.00, on the Opera, Spanish Arch or Common-Sense Last, in widths from A to EE.
Ladies' Curacoa Dress Kid Button Boot for $2.50, on the Opera, Spanish Arch or Common-Sense Last, in widths from AA to EE.
Ladies' Pebble Goat Button Boot for $2.00, on the Opera, Spanish Arch or Common-Sense Last, in widths from A to EE.
Ladies' Tampico Oil Goat Button Boot for $2.50, on the Opera, Spanish Arch or Common-Sense Last, in widths from AA to EE.

These goods are made to our special order, and we claim that they will give more service, fit more perfectly, and are better style, than any goods ever shown in this city for the prices.

J. G. BRANDT, CORNER BROADWAY AND LUCAS AVENUE.

LABOR AND LABORERS.

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO THE EMPLOYER AND THE EMPLOYE.

An Estimate of the Number of Men Now on a Strike in this Country—Rumored Doubt as to the Immediate Success of the Eight-Hour Movement—The Price of Living—Labor Notes and Personals.

A meeting of 200 butchers was held last week in Cleveland, at which it was agreed to close their shops every evening at 7 from April 1, excepting on Saturdays.

The Chamber of Commerce of Wheeling, W. Va., has passed a resolution appealing to all similar bodies in the country to unite in a systematic effort to stamp out boycotting.

Division No. 1 of the Brotherhood of Machinists and Metal Workers held their first regular meeting at 18 North Fourth street last night, elected officers and transacted other routine business. Division No. 1 is the English-speaking division of the Brotherhood.

Exceptionally large contracts for machinery, castings of various kinds and for large engines and boilers are being placed in Pennsylvania establishments. A great deal of money is being put in larger machinery, and in general there is an increase of capacity throughout the iron trade.

The value and desirability of labor organization has been clearly exemplified by the comparative exemption of strikes in those trades which are most compactly organized, such as the iron and steel workers, the locomotive engineers and firemen, the antracite miners, and others that might be mentioned.

The suggestion has been made that the police force throughout the country be organized into assemblies under the Knights of Labor, but it is an impracticable one. A great many employers who have refused to yield directly to their workmen, have done so through the help of outside parties representing labor organizations.

Edward Atkinson calculates the price of an adequate supply of food served in the ordinary way in boarding-houses or in workingmen's families at from 20 to 30 cents a day. In penal institutions the cost is from 13 to 15 cents per day. Factory operatives in Lowell, Mass., are furnished with twenty-one meals per week, at from $1.60 to $2.50.

Clothing manufacturers have experienced a check in demand for goods, but the prospects for an active summer demand, they say, was never better. The boot and shoe manufacturers report quite a short employment in general demand. The carpet manufacturers are running full time, and the hosiery manufacturers were never more busily employed than now, and are doing more work in the fashionable finishing so much in vogue.

There is more doubt of the success of the eight-hour movement now than there was a month ago. Able leaders are now quietly advising a compromise upon a nine-hour day. Three months ago it was thought that, with the assistance of the Knights of Labor and some of the other strong organizations, the movement would be almost universal. This is not expected now. The eight-hours leaders will be satisfied with whatever progress they can make, and they will make a great deal.

Some estimates report that there are 5,235 railroad employes on strike on the Gould system. The number striking in New York city is 10,604; Colorado, 4,000 miners; Pittsburg bituminous coal miners, 17,600 there are 3,000 nailers on strike in the West, and 7,750 workers on strike in New England, of whom 4,400 are in the boot and shoe industry, 1,200 in cotton-goods mills, 300 in the metal trades, 850 in the woolen goods mills and 725 in carriage shops, cutlery works and other industries; 1,000 on strike in Pittsburg, Wheeling, Chicago, and in three or four towns in Ohio. In all, the number on strike is estimated at 52,388.

These labor bills are before the Albany Legislature; one on arbitration, one on State printing and one on convict labor; a great deal of interest is felt in the latter, because there are 6,000 convicts in the State prison. The New York public are being educated very slowly up to the necessity of doing shopping within fixed hours. Mayor Grace and several dignitaries of the Catholic Church addressed a large meeting on Monday, in New York, in favor of the Saturday half-holiday. The New York bakers have resolved to work only ten hours after May 1. All the boot and shoe men of New York and Brooklyn have adopted the nine-hour day, except the cabinetmakers and cigarmakers, who will try the eight-hour day.

The silk industry will in all probability receive quite a stimulus, partly in consequence of the decree which has gone forth from the headquarters of fashion. The Paterson manufactory is extending its extending its capacity and only recently one of the finest mills ever erected, with the best and latest machinery, has been started. There is every indication of a prosperous career for all the silk-making interests. A Paterson silk firm proposes to locate an annex in Erie, Pa., and employ between 300 and 400 hands. Improvements and enlargements are the order of the day among the silk manufacturers. A new silk mill is to be erected as Newton, Sussex County, and another one at Sicatsburg. Five thousand Atwood spindles have just been started in a new mill in the latter city.

The workingmen of Great Britain are looking with astonishment upon the industrial uprising in the United States, and some of them are writing to know what it means. They cannot understand how it is that in a land of high wages and plenty of work there should be occasion for such general strikes and such opportunities for powerful trades combination. They are making no effort, except in an inquiring sort of way to adopt the American method of labor organization, and do not seem to feel the need of it. The various trades-unions of England are numerically strong, but are accomplishing very little either in advancing wages or preventing reductions. Most of their efforts resolve themseves into assistance to the sick and burial for the dead. At the same time these labor agitations throughout the United States will not be lost upon British workmen. They have surpassed American workmen in co-operation and in trades-unionism pure and simple, and in political action, but are far behind American workmen in the perfecting of machinery and in taking advantage of fluctuating labor values.

HENRY A. MOTT, Jr., Ph.D., F. C. S., Prof. Chemistry, New York Medical College, and late government chemist, says: "My investigation of Allcock's Porous Plaster shows it to contain valuable and essential ingredients not present in any other plaster. These ingredients are so perfectly proportioned that the Allcock's Porous Plaster will not cause blisters or excessive irritation, and I find it superior to and more efficient than any other plaster." Imitations and counterfeits of this valuable remedy are being offered for sale; so when purchasing Allcock's Porous Plasters do not fail to see that the registered trade-mark stamp is on each plaster, as none are genuine without it.

Webster Debating Society.

A meeting of the Webster Debating Society will be held at 2:30 p. m., Sunday, April 11, at the Temple Shaare Emeth. Declamations given by Messrs. Adolph Singer and Benj. W. Meidner, music by Herman Epstein and Sidney Schiele, and a debate in which Messrs. Stern, Isaacs, Loewen and Abeles will discuss the Chinese question, will constitute the leading features of the programme.

Cæsar Van Allen, a traveling salesman who resided with his wife and two children at 710 Park avenue, is mysteriously missing, and it is thought that he has committed suicide, as he frequently threatened of late to do so.

PRESERVE YOUR SIGHT!
BY HAVING YOUR EYES PROPERLY ATTENDED TO.

HERNSTEIN & PRINCE,
Practical Opticians, 317 N. Fourth, 2 Doors South of Locust.

The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods of Every Description,
BABY CARRIAGES, GASOLINE STOVES and ICE-BOXES,
Sold on Easy WEEKLY or MONTHLY Payments at Lowest Cash Prices.
SPECIAL RATES for parties going to housekeeping.
Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

Vane-Calvert Paint Company's
READY MIXED PAINTS.
Absolutely pure. Guaranteed to be the Best Paints in the United States. For Sample Card and Prices-List address VANE-CALVERT PAINT COMPANY, 617 North Main Street.

A Call of Time Finds Us Still in the Ring
We have Cut and Slashed all opposition, and once more APPLY THE KNIFE TO PRICES at the
C. Farner Stove, Furniture & Carpet Co.
The Grand Slaughter Sale begins now. Easy monthly terms. Sole Agent Celebrated Alligator Cook Stoves. Remember, FOURTEENTH and CLARK AV. Open till 9 p. m.

A DEVILISH SCHEME.

Frank H. Morse, a Manufacturer, on Trial for Burning His Property.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW HAVEN, March 30.—Yesterday half of Wallingford, the New Haven County village, which was cut in two by a tornado a few days ago, attended the trial of Frank H. Morse for arson before Justice Bartholomew. Morse is accused in two complaints of starting the fires that destroyed both the glass-blowing and glass-cutting shops, which he and Chief Engineer Gardiner of Bridgeport ran in Wallingford in 1883. Morse collected the insurance on the buildings, which amounted to about $18,000. Everybody in Wallingford has been talking and speculating about this case since Morse was arrested last week in Rochester, N. Y. Morse has been a prominent figure in Wallingford for some time. He has made his home there since the fire, although he has been on the road selling glassware for Walter Bros. of New York. He is a fashionably dressed man of 30. He looked pale and worried as he pleaded not guilty to the second complaint, which charged him with setting fire on December 26, 1883, to the glass-blowing building with intent to defraud the insurance companies. The first complaint was dropped temporarily. After some minor testimony had been put in, Chas. Manville of Roxbury, Conn., took the stand and told one of the most remarkable stories ever recited in a court of justice. If it cannot be disproved it will send Morse to State prison. He said, "Charles Hall (a brother of one of the lawyers for the defense) told me I could get $17 a week working for Morse. He told me to mention his name. Morse asked me if I was a glass-blower. I told him yes. I told him that Charley Hall sent me. Then he took me by the arm and led me behind the furnace. He said that he wanted me to stay around the place a few days and learn to fire, as quickly as possible, and that the regular fireman, Patrick Whalen would show me how. Then he sent me below into the cellar under the glass-blowing shop and said: 'I suppose you know about this matter?' I asked him about what. 'Why,' he said, 'about burning this thing up. I tried to burn it before but the night watchman got onto it and put me off. Now I want you to help me get onto the workings of the furnace as quick as I could. I told him I did'nt want to stay. He said we must not be seen talking together at any time. I had another conversation with him a week or so afterward. He wanted to know if I had learned to cut the clinkers out of the furnace. He afterward came down stairs and said that he wanted to have the thing done as quick as it could be. The glass-blowers were pounding him for money, he said, and were on a strike. Some of them were as much as two months behind in their pay. He said it was a good time to burn the place, as it would surely be

LAID TO THE MEN.

I told him I didn't want to stay. He said if I would stay he would give me $100 and I needn't have anything to do with it. The next conversation I had with him was down in the stove-room. He called me in there to help him fix up some bottles. He finally induced me to aid in burning the shop, saying he had hired Gus Brosman and Charley Hall to do the job for $100 apiece. All I had to do was to go down and light the fire and then come up and give the alarm. For this he promised to give me $100 extra. I didn't light the fire, however. The night of the fire Morse came in and gave me two half-pint bottles containing whisky. One bottle was drugged and the other was not. He told me that I could treat the other fellow with the one that was drugged and that he wouldn't wake up very quickly. This was early in the evening. I gave the other fellow two drinks and he sat down and went to sleep. I sat down near the furnace. About half-past 10 I noticed smoke pouring out of the door so thick that I could not see anything. I tried to wake the other watchman up, but I had to shake him a second time before I could rouse him. I then aroused the other fellow and gave the alarm. Brosman stood beside me watching the place burn, and said: 'She's got a pretty good start this time, hasn't she?' I didn't continue working for Morse after the fire."

The disclosures made by Manville caused great excitement. The conclusion that everybody draws is that while Manville kept his fellow watchman, who was in reality a fireman, drugged in the furnace-room, Brosman slipped out and set the shop afire.

"Brosman," said one of the officials who aided in arresting Morse, "will not open his head about the case. Morse didn't pay Manville up all that he owed him, and consequently he squealed."

THAT most distracting trouble, lumbago, is effectually removed by St. Jacobs Oil.

The Coal Monopolists.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The Presidents of the coal-carrying roads met here yesterday to consider the question of percentages to be allotted, but separated without reaching a conclusion. It is understood that the Pennsylvania Road asked for a larger percentage than the others were willing to grant. A committee to consider the matter was appointed.

SKIPPED WITH A PAINTER.

A Murderer Committed—Wrapped in Mystery—Fatally Stabbed—Missouri Matters.

HENRY, March 30.—Miss Lilian Child, daughter of the new Minister to Siam, was so pained over the idea of going to a foreign country and leaving her lover, Thomas K. Grow, that yesterday the young folks went up to Kansas City and were married, going to Olathe, Kan., for a short visit before seeking the parental blessing. The groom is a painter by trade and in good circumstances.

PIERCE CITY, March 30.—Thomas Kelton was examined and committed yesterday for the murder of Thomas Crockett in February.

SPRINGFIELD, March 30.—August Dieckmann, a young man of 30, Sunday night left his home for a walk toward the business part of town. He failed to show up until Monday morning, when in a half-conscious way he staggered into the house and said he had been shot. A bullet had struck him over the right eye, but had not penetrated the skull. The shooting is wrapped in mystery.

ST. JOSEPH, March 30.—At a dance in French Bottom, near here, Sunday night, Gilbert Dunn was fatally stabbed by Gilbert Kitt. Five more indictments will be returned by the Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by grocers, labelled thus: **James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.**

NERVOUS DEBILITATED MEN.
You are allowed a *free trial of thirty days* of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Suspensory Appliances, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of *Nervous Debility*, loss of *Vitality* and *Manhood*, and all kindred troubles. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to Health, Vigor, and Manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred. Illustrated pamphlet in *sealed envelope* mailed free, by addressing **VOLTAIC BELT CO.**, Marshall, Mich.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—A meeting of the stockholders of the West St. Louis Building, Loan and Savings Association is called to meet at Ellerdsville Hall, Easton av., Monday, April 5, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of adopting by-laws for the government of said association, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it. L. E. THEO. FISCHER, President.
CHAS. C. SWAFFORD, Secretary.
Wednesday, March 24, 1886.

ST. LOUIS, March 23, 1886.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the St. Louis Shovel Company will be held at the office of the company on Tuesday, March 30, at 4 o'clock p. m.
J. C. BIRGE, Secretary.

OFFICE Mound City Mutual F. and M. Insurance Company, St. Louis, Mo., March 24, 1886. The Board of Directors have ordered an assessment on all premium notes given for policies numbered from 9,635 to 11,146 both inclusive, and payable on or before May 6, 1886, at the office of the company, 600 Olive street. CHAS. H. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Camp Spring Mill Company, for the purpose of electing seven directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of this company, corner Twentieth and Wash streets, on Thursday, April 1, 1886, from 10 o'clock a. m., to 12 o'clock m.
J. B. WOESTMAN, President.
H. H. COMPES, Secretary.
St. Louis, March 23, 1886.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Thomas D. Day and Fannie E. his wife, by trust deed, dated June 24, 1876, recorded on page 134, book 553, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned all that certain parcel of real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, Mo., and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of block No. 37, Cote Brilliante, containing one and one-half (1½) arpents, bounded west by King's Highway, north by Virginia avenue, east by east half of said block No. 37, and south by block No. 36, of Cote Brilliante, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-House in the said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on
THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1886,
for the purposes of said trust.
JAMES M. CARPENTER, Trustee.
St. Louis, March 11, 1886.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the note secured by deed of trust of Margaret Currie and Daniel Currie, her husband, dated the 11th day of December, 1874, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the then County, now City, of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 503, page 151, in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will on
SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF APRIL, 1886,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis (formerly City and County of St. Louis), State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number twelve in block number two of E. Hase's subdivision of the southern half of block number sixty-nine in survey number three of the former city of Carondelet, now in city block No. 3207, of said City of St. Louis, said lot No. 12 containing a front of twenty-eight feet and nine inches on the east side of Third street, now Minnesota avenue, and running eastwardly of equal width along Hurk street 137 feet and 6 inches to a 20-foot alley; bounded north by Hurk street, east by said alley, south by lot No. 13 of the same block, and west by Third street, now Minnesota avenue, subject to a prior deed of trust and interest thereon.
FRANK J. KARLSKIND, Trustee.

Crab Orchard WATER.
4 THE LIVER. THE KIDNEYS. THE STOMACH. THE BOWELS. 4
A POSITIVE CURE FOR
3 DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE 3
DOSE:—One to two teaspoonfuls.
Genuine CRAB ORCHARD SALTS in sealed packages at 10 and 25cts., and in glass bottles at 50cts. and $1.00. Genuine Salts sold in bulk.
Crab Orchard Water Co., Propts.
S. N. JONES, Manager, Louisville, Ky.
The Great Renovator
Used, recommended and endorsed by physicians all over the world. It acts on all parts of the human system.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by grocers, labelled thus:
James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist,
Broadway (5th) & Olive, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and men from all parts of the country.

RUPTURE
Relieved and cured by Dr. J. A. Sherman's method without operation, restriction from labor, or the torment and injury trusses inflict. Consultation for a limited period. 404 Market street. Description book 10 cents.

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Liquor Habit, Positively
Cured by Administering Dr.
Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.
FOR SALE BY
M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist,
Broadway (5th) & Olive, ST. LOUIS, MO.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Fine Clothing, Hats and Furnishings,
Cor. Broadway and Pine.

TROUSERS.
Our Trousers stock is this season unusually attractive. Great care was taken by us in selecting the patterns and materials of which they are made. We can fit and please the most particular men and boys. Our stock is so large, our assortment so great that it is only necessary for a man or boy to state what he wants and the same will be placed before him. Our prices are way below merchant tailors' prices. Gentlemen in the habit of having their Trousers made to order should drop in and see how much money can be saved by buying Trousers of us.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
Cleaning. Dyeing.
Coat.....$1 00 | Coat.....$2 00
Pants.....50 | Pants.....1 00
W. SURBLED,
N. Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut sts.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.